Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Fundamentals of Mass Communication** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module I: Introduction and Overview 1. Meaning and importance of Mass Communication. 2. Forms of COmmunication: Intra Personal Communication, Interpersonal Communication, Group Communication, Mass Communication: Electronic, Satellite, Interactive, Digital Communication etc. 3. Models of COmmunication: Gerber's Model, Sociological Model, Gatekeeping Model, Defleur's Model of the Taste- differentiated Audience Model, Hub Model, Sadharanikaran.	To understand the need of Mass communication     Learning of various mass communication models.     Understanding their functions and barriers of mass communication.	CO1- To introduce students to the history, evolution and the development of mass communication in the world with reference to India. CO2- To study the evolution of mass media as an important social institution. CO3- To understand the development of the mass communication models. CO4- To develop a critical understanding of Mass Media. CO5- To understand the concept of New Media and Media convergence and its implications.
Module II: History of Mass Communication: 1. From Oral to Communication (Kirtan, Davandi, Powada, Nagara) 2. From Electric to Electronic communication, From Electric to Digital Communication, Contemporary Scene in Indian Communication Landscape.	Understanding the difference between mass communication and mass media.     To learn various tools of mass communication.     Understanding the importance and nature of Audiences.	
Module III: Major Forms of Mass Media 1. Traditional and Folk Media 2. Print: Books, Newspapers, Magazines 3. Broadcast: Television, Radio 4. Films 5. Internet	1.To understand the historical, ethical and current legal framework in which mass communication has evolved in a global society.  2. Helping students to understand more clearly with the help of case studies.  3. Showing the contribution of various religion reformers in saving their valuable literature.	
Module IV: Impact of Mass Media on Society:  1.a. Social Impact (with social reformers who have successfully used mass communication)  b. Political impact (with political leaders who have successfully used mass communication)  c. Economic Impact (With how economic changes were brought about by mass communication)	Understanding media and its convergence; how new mass media is a back bone to society.     To understand how the new mass media allows a huge increase in the volume of communication.     In- depth understanding of social media on mass communication.	

d. Development Impact (With how the government has successfully used in mass communication)  2. Impact of mass media on:  a. Education, b. Children c. Women d. Culture e. Youth f. Development.		
Module V: The New Media and Media Convergence:  1. Elements and features of new media, Technologies used in new media,  2. Major Challenges to new media Acquisition- personal, social and national,  3. Future prospects.	Creating awareness in the masses due to the emergence of technology.     Technology leads to cultural diffusion, helping students to observe and discuss in the classroom.     Understanding how mass media is used for various purposes, how it leads to change in lifestyle, and adopting developments through technologies.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Jyothika Naidu

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

Course: Current Affairs
FYBAMMC SEM-I

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module I: Current National stories: 1. Three political stories of national importance. 2. Political Leaders: newsmakers of the season (Brief profile of any three) 3. One dominating economic / business news 4. One dominating environment news stories 5. One story of current importance from any other genre.	To learn about political stories of national importance.     To also know in detail the contributions of political leaders and their history.     To know the environment more nearly covering genres of news.	CO1- To provide learners with an overview on current developments in various fields. CO2- To generate interest among the learners about burning issues covered in the media. CO3-To equip them with a basic understanding of politics, economics, environment and technology so that students can grasp the relevance of related news. CO4- Twenty minutes of newspaper reading and discussion is mandatory in every lecture.

Module II: Polity and Governance: 1. Ministries of Government of India: Autonomous Government bodies 2. Ministry of Home Affairs: Enforcement Organisations, Internal Security, Police 3. Communal tensions: Review of latest episodes of communal tensions. 4. Tensions in J&K: Background, Political players, Update on the current situation 5. Review of any three Central Government projects and Policies.	1. To introduce and understand the government of India. 2. In-depth information about Home Ministry and its Ministerial Team. 3. Covering all the aspects of communalism and communal violence/ tensions. 4. To know more about Jammu and Kashmir and its issues. 5. Understanding in-depth about Governmental schemes, projects and policies.	
Module III: International Affairs:  1. Security Council: Structure and role 2. Issues that currently engage the SC 3. Role of United Nations General Assembly, Other main organs of the UNO. 4. Issues that currently engage the UNO 5. Four conflicts/ issues of international importance.	<ol> <li>To learn about United Nations Systems.</li> <li>To highlight the key functions and roles of United Nations General Assembly.</li> <li>To discuss and understand international issues and conflicts.</li> </ol>	
Module IV: Maharashtra Issues: 1. Political parties reach and challenge political leaders. 2. An update on the current political dynamics of Maharashtra 3. News relating to the marginalized and displaced tribes. 4. The latest news on floods and drought, unemployment, health issues, etc 5. Update two ongoing state projects	To learn in detail about the history of polity in Maharashtra.     To also understand past and current situations of politics and their political leaders.     Introducting students to the marginalized and displaced Tribes.     Talking about developmental projects of the state.	
Module V: Technology  1. Mobile Application for Journalists: Mobile apps help in content creation, Examples of Mobile apps used by journalists worldwide  2. Artificial Intelligence and Content Automation Tools: Introduction to AI and data science, Introduction to Content Automation tools, Examples of content automation tools in content creation.  3. Augmented Reality and Virtual Reality in Media: Introduction to Augmented Reality, Introduction to Virtual Reality, Examples of Augmented Reality games and apps, Examples of Virtual Reality news websites worldwide.  4. Digital Gaming Industry:	1. To highlight the use of mobile applications and strategies to capture the attention of readers. 2. To understand the cusp of rapid transformation with digital media. 3. To learn some of the content automation tools and its handlings. 4. Introducing students to Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality. 5. To learn and discuss digital gaming and how it leads to market growth.	

Introduction to Digital Gaming Industry 5. Digital Gaming in India: Overview of Indian digital gaming	
Overview of indian digital gaining	

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course : Effective Communication-I** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module I: Introduction to Communication 1. The concept of communication: Communication, its concepts, process Importance of Communication in Media; Differences between Technical and General Communication; Barriers to Communication; Measures to Overcome the Barriers to Communication.  2. Types of Communication: Types of Communication; Verbal Communication- Importance of verbal communication Advantages of verbal communication Significance of Non-verbal Communication. 3. Oral Communication and Media: Anchoring, voice, modulation, interview, public speaking, skits/ plays, panel discussions, voice over, elocution, debates and group discussion.  4. Listening Skills: Listening Process, Classification of listening; Purpose of Listening; Common Barriers to the Listening Process; Measures to Improving Listening; Listening as an important Skill in WorkPlace.	To understand and introduce communication     To understand the process and types of communication     To enhance the listening skills required to communicate effectively.	1. To make students aware of the functional and operational use of language in media.  understand each type in detail.  2. To equip or enhance students with structural and analytical reading, writing and thinking skills.  3. To introduce key concepts of communications.
Module II: Reading- English, Hindi or Marathi  1. Types of Reading: Types of reading -skimming and scanning Reading- examples newspaper/ Magazine article, TV, feature and documentary, radio bulletins, advertising copy,press release in English, Hindi or Marathi. Recognizing aspects of language particularly in media. Importance of spelling.  2. Various aspects of language: Recognizing various aspects of language particularly	Understanding reading and its types.     Understanding languages and their aspects when communicating through various platforms.     To get deeper and broader knowledge about grammar aspects.	

related to media, Vocabulary 100 media words. 3. Grammar and Usage: Grammatical structure- spelling, structure of sentences, Active/ Passive voice, tenses, Idioms, Phrases, proper usage of homophones, homonyms etc.		
Module III: Thinking and Presentation 1. Thinking: Types of thinking (rational, logical, critical, lateral, etc.) Errors in thinking, Partialism, Time scale, Egocentricity, Prejudices, adversary Thinking. 2. Presentation: Presentation, its importance, steps in making a presentation; delivering a Presentation.	To make students understand the importance of thinking and its role in communication.     Understanding types and errors of thinking.     To understand presentations and the tips on how to deliver and communicate effectively.	
Module IV: Translation  1. Introduction to Translation: Concept, importance, need for translation, challenges in translation, problems and importance of Information and Technology in translation.  2. Interpretation: Meaning, Difference between interpretation and translation.  3. Role of a translator: Translator and its Role in Media, Qualities, Importance of Translator, Challenges faced by translator.	Understanding the concept, needs, and technologies of translation.     Understanding the difference between interpretation and translation.     To understand the translator's perspective for effectively communicating in the media.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Ajay Chauhan

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Foundation Course-I** 

**FYBAMMC** 

SEM-I

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Overview of India Society: Understand the Multi-cultural diversity of Indian Society through its demographic composition. Population distribution according to religion, caste, and gender Appreciate the concept of Linguistic diversity in relation to the Indian situation	To understand the cultural and religion wise composition.     To learn the classification of Indian Languages.     To understand the regional variations in India.	CO- 1 To introduce students to the overview of the Indian Society. CO-2 To help them understand the constitution of India. CO-3 To acquaint them with the socio-political problems of India. CO-4 The student will apprehend regional variations according to rural, urban and tribal characteristics.

Understand regional variations according to rural, urban and tribal characteristics Understanding the concept of diversity as difference.		CO-5 Students will become more aware of the political frameworks. CO-6 Learners will comprehend the multi-cultural diversity of Indian society through its demographic composition. Appreciate the concept of linguistic diversity in relation to the Indian situation
Unit-II. Concept of Disparity-I Understand the concept of disparity as arising out of stratification and inequality. Explore the disparities arising out of gender with special reference to violence against women, female foeticide (declining sex ratio), and portrayal of women in Media, Appreciate the inequalities faced by people with disabilities and understand the issues of people with physical and mental disabilities.	To learn the meaning of Social Inequality.     To learn about social stratification, its characteristics and its types.     To understand the class system.     To understand the declining sex ratio in India.     To learn about the status and portrayal of women in each era.	
Unit-III. Concept Disparity-II Examine inequalities manifested due to the caste system and inter-group conflicts arising thereof, Understand inter-group conflicts arising out of communalism Examine the causes and effects of conflicts arising out of regionalism and linguistic differences.	To understand the inequalities of the caste system.     To learn about the causes of Communalism in India.     To learn about the remedial actions to overcome communalism, linguism, regionalism.	
Unit-IV. The Indian Constitution; The Structure of the Constitution- the Preamble, Main Body and Schedules Fundamental Duties of the Indian Citizen Tolerance, Peace and Communal harmony as crucial values in strengthening the social fabric of Indian society Basic features of the Constitution	To understand the meaning of Preamble and its Characteristics.     To learn the structure of the Indian Constitution.     To learn about the significance of the Fundamental Duties, its advantages and disadvantages.	
Unit-V. Significant Aspects of Political Processes: The party system in Indian Politics Local self-government in Urban and Rural areas The 73rd & 74th Amendments and their implications for inclusive politics Role and significance of women in politics.	To learn about the multi-party system of Indian politics and its evolution.     To understand the working of the local self-government.     To learn the important features of the Amendments.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Jyothika Naidu

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: History of Media** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I Introduction: Evolution of Press in India- 1. Newspaper- The Rise of the Voice of India during British Rule. 2. India's Freedom Struggle and role of Media. 3. Independence and Rise of Newspapers, Newspapers- A Social Aspect for Freedom Struggle, Press Acts of India. 4. Press during the Emergency Period.	1. To learn about the pointers in History of Newspapers in India. 2. To understand about the factors that added to the boom of newspapers in India. 3. To learn the role of the press in India's struggle for freedom. 4. To deeply understand the different Press acts of India.	CO1- Learner will be able to understand Media History through key events in the cultural history. CO2- TO enable the learner to understand the major developments in Media History. CO3- To understand the history and role of professionals in shaping communications. CO4- To understand the values thats shaped and continues to influence Indian Mass Media. CO5- Learner will develop the ability to think and analyze about Media. CO6. To sharpen the reading, writing, speaking and listening skills that will help the students to understand the development of Media.
Module-II Language Press: History of Indian Language Press in India- 1. Rise of Hindi Language Newspapers (detailed report on Vernacular Press in India referring to Newspapers). 2. Regional press and its popularity of Indian Regional Languages in various regions. 3. Vernacular Press Act,1876.	To learn about the diversity and growth of Indian Language     Newspapers.     To understand the effect of the vernacular press act on Indian     Publishers.     To learn the difference between English newspapers and Language     Newspapers.	
Module-III Documentaries and Films: History of DOcumentaries and Films- 1. Genesis of Documentaries and Short Films (Screening of a few documentaries is essential- like Hindustan Hamara, Zalala, The Vanishing Tribe). 2. Role of Documentarians- P.V.Pathy, D.G. Tendulkar, K.S. Hirlekar, Paul Zils and Fali Billimoria, Anand Patwardhan. 3. Evolution of Film Making in India- Brief History, Photography to Moving Films. 4. Origin of Hindi Cinema. 5. Origin of Short films to what it is today, Role of YouTube and WhatsApp.	1. To learn about different types of Documentaries. 2. To learn how to make documentaries. 3. To understand about Indian Documentary and the struggle for Indian Independence. 4. To learn about the New Media and their roles in Movie making.	

6. Great Masters of World Cinema.		
Module-IV Broadcasting: History of Radio and Television in India: 1. Radio and Television as Mass Media. 2. Radio and Television Broadcasting- a. The beginning of Radio and Television Shows. b. A New Era in Broadcasting in India. c. Satellite Television and Privatization in Broadcasting. d. Advertising in India. 3. Internet Protocol Television.	To study the history of Prasar Bharti Act.     To study the functions and objectives of Radio.     To study the Business model of cable TV industry.     To understand the key recommendations of TRAI.	
Module- V Media Icons: Role of Media Icons in the History of Indian Media- 1. Raja Rammohan Roy 2. Bal Gangadhar Tilak 3. M.K.Gandhi 4. B.R.Ambedkar 5. K.P.Kesava Menon 6. K.C.Mammen Mapillai 7. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.	To study about the various movements of the history.     To learn about out Media icons who played important role in marking the change.	

Faculty Name - Mrs. Akansha Joshi

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Visual Communication** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module I: Development to Visual Communication Introduction to Visual Communication: 1. History and Development of Visuals 2. Need and Importance of Visual Communication 3. Visual Communication as a process and as an Expression, Language and Visual Communication 4. Visible Concepts:  a. Plans and Organizational Charts b. Maps c. Chronologies 5. Invisible Concept: a. Generalization Theories b. Feelings or attitudes	To understand communication and the aspects.     To introduce students to VISUAL AIDS and the history of visuals.     Understanding visual communication in detail with various connections.     To learn about visible and invisible concepts.	CO1- To provide students with tools that would help them visualize and communicate. CO2- Understanding Visual Communication as part of Mass Communication. CO3- To acquire basic knowledge to be able to carry out a project in the field of visual communication. CO4- To acquire basic knowledge in theories and languages of Visual Communication. CO5- The ability to understand and analyze visual communication from a critical perspective.

Module II: Theories of Visual Communication 1. Sensual Theories a. Gestalt b. Construction c. Ecological 2. Perceptual Theories a. Semitics b. Cognitive	To extend the knowledge of the students by discussing theories and case studies.     To make them understand how visual cortex work to create unified perception.     Knowing about complexity and multifaceted cognitive processes.	
Module III: Impact of Colors Colors and Design in Visual Communication a. Color Theory b. Psychological Implications of color c. Colors and Visual Pleasure d. Elements of Design	<ol> <li>To understand theories related to color for visuals.</li> <li>Understanding the psychological influence of color on perception.</li> <li>Understanding in detail visual plans and designs.</li> </ol>	
Module IV: Channels of Visual Communication Tools/ Mediums of Visual communication:  a. Painting and Photography b. Film and Television, Documentaries, Script Writing an Visualization c. Film and Television, Documentaries, Script Writing an Visualization d. Comics and cartoons, Digital Images, Animation and VFX e. News Papers, Advertisements, Photojournalism f. Folk and Performing Arts, Theatre	Understanding of various tools of visual communication.     Understanding various styles and types of visual communications.     To strategize visuals for mass appeals.     To understand the perception and structure of each platform.	
Module V: Language and Culture in the age of Social Media Visual Communication in the Age of Social Media:  a. Ethics b. Impact of Language and Culture, Images and Messages, Signs and Symbols (GIF, etc.) c. Audience Behavior d. Citizen Journalism, Going Viral e. Visual Stereotyping in Social Media	To adapt to new changes with the advent of technologies.     Understanding the ethics and audience behavior.     Understanding the role of stereotyping in social media.	

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

Course: Introduction to Advertising

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I Introduction to Advertising:  1. Introduction to Advertising- Evolution, Importance, Features, Benefits, Limitation, Effects and 5 M's of Advertising.  2. Types Of Advertising- Consumer, Industrial, Retail, Classified, Corporate, Public Service, Generic, National, Global, International, Social (CSR) and Advocacy.  3. Ethics and Laws in Advertising- Puffery, Subliminal, Weasel claim, Surrogate, Shocking ads, Controversial, Comparative, Advertising code of ethics, Regulatory bodies, Laws and regulations.  4. Social, Cultural and Economic impact of Advertising- Women and advertising, Children and advertising, Senior citizen and advertising, Pop culture and advertising.  5. Theories- Stimulus theory, AIDA, Hierarchy, Means-Ends Theory.	<ol> <li>To understand the evolution of advertising</li> <li>To relate with the advantages &amp; disadvantages to consumers, traders manufactures and society as a whole.</li> <li>To understand advertising laws and ethics</li> <li>To understand various types of advertising</li> </ol>	CO1- To provide the students with basic understanding of advertising, growth, importance and types. CO2- To understand effective advertising  campaigns, tools, models etc. CO3- To comprehend the role of advertising, various departments, careers and creativity. CO4- To provide students with various advertising trends, and future.
Module-II Integrated Marketing Communication and Tools: 1. IMC- Emergence, Role, Tools, Communication process, The IMC Planning Process. 2. Print Media and OOH Media- Basic concepts, Types of Newspapers advertising, Advantages and Disadvantages of Newspaper advertising, MAgazines, Factors to consider for Magazine advertising, OOH Advertising, On-premise advertising, Transit advertising, POsters, Directory advertising. 3. Broadcast Media: Radio advertising Advantages and Disadvantages of Radio advertising, Television advertising and its Advantages and disadvantages, Film advertising and product placement- advantages and disadvantages. 4. Public Relation- Meaning of Public Relations, Types of PR, Difference between PR and Advertising, Difference between Publicity and Advertising, advantages and disadvantages of Public Relations, Advantages and Disadvantages of Publicity.	<ol> <li>To comprehend the concept of IMC</li> <li>To understand the role and various tools of IMC</li> <li>To be able to understand the difference between print media &amp; Outdoor media</li> <li>To get basic knowledge about Radio &amp; Television as a means of mass communication and advertising</li> </ol>	

5. Sales Promotion and Direct Marketing- Growth and Types of Sales Promotion, Advantages and Disadvantages, Growth of Direct marketing and its tools.		
Module-III  1. Introduction to Creativity- Importance of Creative process, Creative strategy development determining message theme, Big idea, Positioning strategies, Types of Appeals.  2. Role of different elements in ads- Logo, Jingle, Company signature, Slogan Tagline, Illustration, Creating Radio commercial- words, sounds, clarity, coherenced, etc.  3. Elements of copy- Headline, Sub headline, Layout, Body copy, Types of copy and slogan, creating storyboard.	<ol> <li>To make students         understand the creative         process in advertising         industry</li> <li>To make students         comprehend the different         elements in an         advertisement</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	
Module-IV Types of Advertising Agency, Department, Careers and Latest Trends in Advertising.  1. Types of Advertising Agency- Full service, Creative Boutique, Media buying agency, In-house agency, Specialized agencies and others.  2. Various departments in an agency- Account handling, Production, Art, Copy, Media, Public relation, Human resources, Finance and others.  3. Latest Trends- Rural advertising, Ambush advertising, Internet advertising, Email advertising, Advertainment, Advertorial, Mobile Advertising.	<ol> <li>To help students understand the different types of ad agencies and their basic difference</li> <li>To be able to know the various departments in an ad agency</li> <li>To understand the latest trends in career in advertising industry</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Namrata Singh

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

Course: Content Writing
FYBAMMC SEM-II

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I Foundation:	1. To learn and revise English	CO1- To provide students with

1. Grammar Refresher- With special emphasis on use of punctuation, preposition, capital letters and lower case.  2. Vocabulary building- Meaning, usage of words, acronyms.  3. Common errors- Homophones and common errors in English usage.  4. Essentials of Good writing- With emphasis on writing with clarity, logic and structure.  5. Phrases and Idioms- Creative usage of phrases and idioms.	grammar.  2. To practice vocabulary building in order to understand its aspects and significance.  3. Learning about common errors while communicating in the English language and also understanding the requirements for good writing.  4. In-depth knowledge of creativity exposure in creating phrases and idioms.	tools that would help them communicate effectively. CO2- Understanding crisp writing as part of Mass communication. CO3- The ability to draw the essence of situations and develop clarity of thought.
Module-II Editing Skills  1. Redundant words- Identifying redundant words and phrases and eliminating these.  2. Editing sentences- Editing redundant words/phrases and replacing wrong words/punctuation/grammatical errors.  3. Editing captions- Editing redundant words/phrases and replacing wrong words/punctuation/grammatical errors.  4. Editing Headlines- Editing redundant words/phrases and replacing wrong words/punctuation/grammatical errors.  5. Editing copy- Structuring a story, Creating a flow, editing redundant words/ phrases and replacing wrong words/punctuation/grammatical errors.	1. To understand some editing tips for better writing and encouraging readers to read which helps in publishing well.  2. To boost students to write and edit captions that are catchy and attractive.  3. To learn to edit headlines with proper words, and grammar, also replacing words that are simple and clear in meaning.  4. To learn how to structure a story and editing tips for creating a flow and tightening the copy or the story.	
Module-III Writing Tips and Techniques 1. Writing tickers/scrolls- For Television news. 2. Writing Social Media media post- Twitter and for other social networks. 3. Writing briefs/snippets- News briefs, Lifestyle and Entertainment snippets. 4. Caption writing- Picture stories, etc. 5. Writing Headlines- News headlines and features headlines	To understand how to write tickers for the television medium.     Understanding writing techniques like captions, hashtags and content for social media posts and other networks.     Understanding in detail writing methods for writing headlines and content briefs along with its softwares and tools.	
Module-IV Presentation Tools and Techniques 1. Powerpoint Presentation: Uses of Powerpoint Tools Powerpoint to Pdf Powerpoint to self animated presentation Auto-timing of powerpoint presentation 2. Infographic: Colour selection	Understanding PowerPoint presentations, their related terms and tools.     Understanding in detail infographics and their impact while making presentations.     Tips on how to make a presentation convincing to listeners and viewers.     To learn terms and concepts	

Use of Clip art Use of Powerpoint smart Tools Minimalist animation for maximum impact 3. Three minute presentation: Content for single slide Uses of phrases Effective word selection Effective presentation 4. Google Advanced search: How to select relevant information Locating authentic information How to gather information for domestic and international websites. 5. Plagiarism: How to do a plagiarism check Paraphrasing Citation and referencing style	related to Google Advanced Search and Plagiarism in detail.	
Module-V Writing for the Web 1. Content is King- Importance of content 2. Less is more- Writing for Print media/social media like Twitter, etc. 3. Copywriting- Ad campaigns (Creative, witty and attractive) 4. Real Time content- Difference in writing for print vs digital 5. Keywords- Designing keywords for Search Engine Optimization.	Understanding content and its essentials.     To differentiate between print and digital platforms and their content creation.     To understand the importance of keywords in Digital media.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Namrata Singh

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Effective Communication-II** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I Writing 1. Report Writing: Report Writing (English, Hindi or Marathi) General report and News report writing- Basics and Format (Headlines, Sub-headline, Various type of Report) 2. Organizational Writing: (English, Hindi or Marathi) Internal communication, E-mail- E-mail Etiquette, Overcoming Problems in E-mail Communication, Stakeholder communication,	1. To learn about report writing and its various elements. 2. Understanding in-depth headlines and their features. 3. To make students understand the need to communicate with internal and external publics of the organization company through types of organizational writing. 4. Understanding publicity in detail.	Co1- To make the students aware of the use of language in media and organization. CO2- To equip or enhance students with structural and analytical reading, writing and thinking skills. CO3- To introduce key concepts of communication.

Circulars-Guidelines for writing a circular- language and writing style of a circular- format of a circular; Notices-Purpose- Format- Important points to remember while writing a notice, Letters of complaint, claim and adjustment, Consumer grievance letters, Letters under the Right to Information Act, Press Release, Letter to the Editor.  3. Writing for Publicity Materials: (English, Hindi or Marathi) Headline, Sub-headline, Body copy, Slogan, Jingle, Radio spot.		
Module-II Editing Editing: (English, Hindi and Marathi) Principles of Editing, Punctuation, Substitution of words, Restructuring of sentences, Re-organizing sentence sequence in a paragraph, Use of link words  (Principles of Coherence and Cohesion) Writing Synopsis, Abstracts, Precis writing, Newspaper Editing and Magazine editing.	To learn the ability to spot mistakes via editing.     To understand how editing is different from medium to medium.     To elaborate on grammar aspects for communicating effectively.	
Module-III Paraphrasing and Summarizing 1. Paraphrasing- Meaning, How to use paraphrase in communication, Paraphrase in plagiarism, Translation 2. Summarization- Summarizing content, the points and sub-points and the logical connection between the points.	To understand paraphrase in writing communication.     The role of plagiarism while paraphrasing and translations.     Understanding summarisation.	
Module-IV Interpretation of Technical Data Interpret Technical Data- Read graphs, Maps, Charts, Write content based on the data provided.	To learn to interpret data resulting from pies, graphs, maps, and charts.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Ajay Chauhan

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Foundation Course-II** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
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Unit-I  1. Globalisation and Indian Society: Understanding the concepts of Liberalization, privatization & globalization; Growth of Information technology and communication and its impact manifested in everyday life; Impact of globalization on industry- changes in employment and increasing migration; Changes in agrarian sector due to globalization; Rise in Corporate farming and increase in farmer's suicides.	To study the elements of liberalisation, its advantages and disadvantages.     To study the impact of Globalization on Indian Inductries.     To study the role of IT and Communication.	CO-1: To introduce students to the overview of the Indian Society. CO-2: To help them understand the constitution of India. CO-3: To acquaint them with the socio-political problems of India. CO-4: To understand stress and conflicts. CO-5: To manage stress and conflicts in contemporary society. CO-6: To learn about Contemporary Societal Challenges
Unit-II 2. Human Rights: Concept of Human Rights- Origin and Evolution of the concept; The Universal Declaration of Human Rights; Human Rights constituents with special reference to Fundamental Rights stated in the Constitution	To study the basic characteristics of Human Rights.     To understand the evolution of Human rights.     To study the classification of the provisions of UDHR.	
Unit-III 3. Ecology: Importance of Environment studies in the current developmental context; Understanding concepts of Environment, Ecology and their interconnectedness; Environment as natural capital and connection to quality of human life; Environmental Degradation- causes and impact on human life; Sustainable development- concept and components; poverty and environment.	To study the concept and disciplines of Ecology.     To study the structure of Ecosystem and causes for the environmental degradedation.     To learns about Sustainable development and the global need for the Sustainable development.r	
Unit-IV  4. Understanding Stress and Conflict: Causes of stress and conflict in individuals and society; Agents of socialization and the role played by them in developing the individual; Significance of values, ethics and prejudices in developing the individual.	To learn about the levels of Stress.     To study about the types of Organizational conflict.     To understand the measures for resolving aggression and violence in socirty.	
Unit-V 5. Managing Stress and Conflict in Contemporary Society:	To learn the assumptions & limitations in Hierarchy of Needs Theory.     To study the need for peace and harmony in India.	

Types of conflicts and use of coping mechanisms for managing individual stress; Maslow's theory of self-actualisation; Different methods of responding to conflicts in society; Conflict-resolution	
and efforts towards building peace and	
harmony in society.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Jyothika Naidu

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

**Course: Introduction to Journalism** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I History of Journalism in India: Changing face of Journalism from Guttenberg to New Media. Journalism in India- Earliest Publications, The rise of Nationalist Press, Post 1947 The Emergency 1975, Post Emergency Post Liberalization of the Economy boom in Magazines, Niche Journalism How Technology Advancement has helped Media New Media with special reference to Rise the citizen Journalism.	<ol> <li>To learn the history and eras of journalism along with challenges.</li> <li>To understand the new media and technology advances.</li> <li>To briefly understand the news transmission and gathering process.</li> <li>To discuss and learn about how the internet led to the rise of citizen journalism along with its pros, risks and nature.</li> </ol>	CO1- To help media students to acquaint themselves with an influential medium of journalism that holds the key to opinion formation and to create awareness.
Module-II News and its Process: Definitions of News, The News Process from the Event to the Reader What makes a good story? Anatomy of a news story Types of Beats: Crime, Environmental, Entertainment, Educational, Agricultural, Sports, etc.	<ol> <li>To get knowledge about news and the process of gathering news.</li> <li>Elements required for a good news story.</li> <li>Understanding the beats and parts of a news story in detail.</li> </ol>	
Module-III Principles and Format: What makes a Great Journalist- Objectivity, Accuracy, Without fear or favour, Balance Proximity Difference between a PR and a Journalist Criteria for Newsworthiness	Understanding the avenues to explore in journalism.     To learn about journalists/reporters and their practices on various platforms.     Understanding the types of news.     To make students understand the difference between PR and	

Hard News/Soft News and blend of the two News Reports, Features Editorials	journalism.	
Module-IV Career in Journalism- Reporter, Feature Writer, Mojo, Data Journalist, Real Time Journalist, Investigate Journalist, Rural Journalist, In-depth Journalist, Lifestyle Journalist.	To learn and understand career prospects in journalism.     To encourage students to participate in grabbing opportunities related to the field.	
Module-V Covering an Event (Flip Class) Background Research Finding a News Angle Capturing the Right Pictures for a Photo Feature Writing Headline, Captions and Lead.	To make students understand the importance of a piece of information to convert it into the news.     The unbiasedness and impartiality objectives must be cleared among the students.     To make understanding students to cover news from all angles and also the format in writing news.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Jyothika Naidu

Program: Bachelor's of Arts in Multimedia & Mass Communication

Course: Media, Gender & Culture

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Module-I I. Introduction to Cultural Studies: 1. Introduction to subject, Evolution of culture, Need of cultural studies, Features and Significance of cultural studies. 2. Concepts related to culture-Acculturation, enculturation, Discussion on ethnocentrism, cultural relativism, cultural shock, 3. Theories: Stuart Hall: encoding and decoding, Techno culture and risk – Ulrich Beck,, Media- commodification, John Fiske- Culture & Industry. Feminism & Post Feminism.	To understand the evolution of culture and significance of Cultural studies and media.     Brief learning on the concepts related to culture.     To learn and understand the various ideologies and theories reflecting the culture, gender and media.	CO1- To discuss the significance of culture and the media industry. CO2- To understand the association between the media, gender and culture in the society. CO3- To stress on the changing perspectives of media, gender and culture in the globalized era.
Module-II II. Culture & Media: 1.Discussion of Meme, Representation, articulation, popular culture, Power,	To understand and discuss social constructionism and its terms.     To understand culture from various aspects such as politics, religion- technology and media.	

cyber culture, Media and its impact on the culture.  2. Debate on Impact of media on culture.  3. Culture industry and communication - with reference, to film, TV, social media, Discussion on social media, advertisements etc.,  4. Recent trends in Culture consumption: Changing values, Ideologies and its relevance in the Contemporary Society.  5. Construction of culture- social, economic, political, Construction of	3. Understanding how power is an integral element of culture and features.  4. To learn recent trends in culture consumption.	
Module-III III. Gender & Media Culture: 1. The influence of the media on views of gender (theme, under representation, Stereotypes, Women & Men, Stereotypes Images, Roles, etc) 2. Role of social construction of gender, Changing Attitudes and Behavior for empowerment of Women: Movements of Change 3. Gender equality and media, Hegemonic masculinity in media. 4. Hegemonic Masculinity in Media. 5. Gender issues in news media (TV, radio, newspapers & online news).	<ol> <li>To have a deeper understanding about influences of media on gender and views.</li> <li>To discuss and have better understanding on gender equality with reference to the media.</li> <li>To relate the gender challenges on various platforms.</li> </ol>	
Module-IV IV. Globalization & Media Culture: 1. Activity, Digital Media culture, Recent Trends. 2. Media and Globalization, Global economic flows, global cultural flows, homogenization & fragmentation, Glocalization, creolization, globalization & power., Case study, Presentation. 3. Media Imperialism. 4. Consumer Culture & Media in the Era of Globalization. 5. Globalisation and Local culture- Issues and Perspectives, Impact of global culture and its relevance in media and gender.	To know about current trends of globalization.     To discuss case studies and concepts relation to global culture.     Understanding about consumer culture and its evolution.     Elaborating the aspects related to issues and impact of cultures along importance in media and gender.	

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Introduction to Public Relations** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I a. Definition of Public Relations (PR) i. Nature ii. Scope iii. Stakeholders b. Evolution of PR. With a special focus on India	To study briefly about Public relations.     To study the scope and benefits of Public relations.     To study how PR helps to build Corporate reputation.	CO-1 To prepare students for effective & ethical public communication on behalf of organisations. CO2- To help students acquire basic skills in the practical aspectsof Media Relations & Crisis Management. CO3- To equip students with basic skills to write & develop Press Release& other PR communication. CO4- To design a PR campaign.
Unit-II PR, Propaganda, Public Opinion, and Publicity	To study Public relations and propaganda.     To study the publicity measurement.	
Unit-III PR and Marketing PR and Advertising, PR and Branding	<ol> <li>To study PR marketing, advertising.</li> <li>To study branding through various examples.</li> </ol>	
Unit-IV Objectives, Functions of PR, Skills needed to be a PR Professional.	<ol> <li>To study about crisis communication.</li> <li>To study the objectives of Public relations.</li> <li>To study the functions of Public relations.</li> <li>To study the qualities of a good PR person.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V a. In-house PR and PR consultancy: Advantages and Disadvantages b. Internal and External PR: With a focus on Corporate Communications	<ol> <li>To study the agency business and pitch.</li> <li>To study the cost of PR activities and hiring a PR agency.</li> <li>To study the external relationship of a PR.</li> </ol>	

Unit-VI Corporate Image Management	To study about corporate identity.     To study about the types of Corporate identity.     To study the reasons for Image Management.	
Unit-VII PR Tools: I. Media Tools: a. Press Release b. Press conference c. Others II. Non Media: a. Seminars b. Exhibitions/ trade fairs c. Sponsorships d. Others III. Content Development in PR: a. Development of profile: Company/ Individual b. Drafting a Pitch note/ Proposal c. Writing for Social Media	<ol> <li>To study the formats of Press Releases.</li> <li>To study content writing in PR.</li> <li>To learn about Media briefing.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VIII New age PR: Digital PR (To be Taught with contemporary cases)	To study the factors about new media.     To study about digital tools.     To study the use of new media through case studies.	
Unit-IX PR process with emphasis on developing a PR campaign	<ol> <li>To study PR Campaign planning.</li> <li>To study the effectiveness of the PR campaign.</li> <li>To study the aim and objectives of the campaign.</li> </ol>	
Unit-X Crisis communication (With Case Studies) a. Preparing a crisis plan b. Handling Crisis	To study briefly about the crisis in any company.     To understand the crisis communication team.     To study about the Collateral materials.	
Unit-XI Social Responsibility and PR (With Case Studies)	<ol> <li>To study briefly about the CSR activities.</li> <li>To study the barriers to the CSR.</li> <li>To study the relation between CSR and Public relations.</li> </ol>	
Unit-XII Ethics in PR: Code of conduct (With Case Studies)	<ol> <li>To study the code of ethics.</li> <li>To study the public relations society of America.</li> <li>To study the code of professional standards for the practice of PR.</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Meenakshi Nadar

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Introduction to Creative Writing** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Section- I Unit-I A brief Introduction to Creative Writing Aspects of Creativity in Literature, Media, Public Speeches, Presentations, Interviews 1. Formal structure of the short story: a. Theme b. Plot c. Character d. Point of view e. Setting Analyse some short stories preferably contemporary on the basics of each of these formal aspects.	Brief introduction to creative writing in literature.     Understanding various aspects of writing a story.     Analyzing plot of stories through various examples.	CO1- To design a PR campaign. CO2- To develop further and build upon the writing and analytical skills acquired in Semesters I & II CO3- To acquaint students with basic concepts in literary writing. CO4- To prepare students to write for the media.
Unit-II Formal aspects of Poetry: a. Theme b. Diction c. Tone d. Imagery e. Symbolism f. Figures of Speech: Metaphor, simile, personification, alliteration, onomatopoeia, analyse some poems, on the basis of each of these formal aspects.	Learning to write on various themes of poems.     Briefly understanding the figures of speech to give literary effects to poems.	
Unit-III Formal aspects of Drama a. Theme b. Plot c. Character d. Dialogue Analyse on play preferably contemporary on the basis of each of these formal aspects.	In this unit, students gain in-depth knowledge on theatrical plays and dramas.     Different play/drama writings were analyzed for brief understanding.	
Unit-IV Publication Aspects: a. Understanding the intended readership b. Revising, editing and proofreading c. Exploring the market for a suitable publisher	<ol> <li>To understand the working of a publication.</li> <li>Focusing on making a proper manuscript.</li> <li>Learning literary rights as per law.</li> </ol>	

d. Preparing the manuscript as hard and soft copy e. Intellectual property rights f. The financial aspects of publication		
Unit-V Scripting, Screenplay and dialogue writing focusing on: a. radio b. television c. short film/ documentary/ and film These are to be discussed with special reference to a. the storyboard b. the two-column scripts c. interactive scripts d. narration scripts in the screenplay format	To understand writing for the entertainment and advertising industry.     Discussion on writings for various scripts.	
Unit-VI Writing for the Internet, with special reference to: a. alerts b. blogs c. news on the net	To learn and understand content writing for the Internet.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Kenali Jajal

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Introduction to Cultural Studies** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction to Cultural Studies: a. Evolution, Need and Significance of Cultural Studies: Key concepts in Cultural Studies- Representation, Materialism, Non- Reductionism, Articulation, Power, Popular Culture, Texts and Readers, Subjectivity and identity b. Theories and its relevance in Media: Diffusionism- Kroeber Cultural Materialism- Raymond Williams Functionalism- Malinowski, and R. Brown	To introduce to the students to various cultures, concepts and its need in the society.  2. Understanding cultural theories and elements on human behaviour of Culture (values, customs, beliefs and attitude)  3. To learn Indian as well as Global cultures.	CO-1 To create awareness on cultural theories and its relevance in media CO2- To discuss the importance of cultural studies and its role in mass media. CO3- To understand the cultural concepts and its impact on the media

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Social interaction- G. H Mead and Cooley Popular and Mass Culture, Circuit of Culture, Encoding and Decoding- Stuart Hall Culture and Industry- John Fiske Unit-II	To understand how to construct	
a. Construction of Culture Social Economic Political Religion Technology  b. Re-presentation and media culture: Language Gender Race Class Ethnicity Kinship and terminology	aspects of the culture and its impact on society.  2. To get in-depth knowledge about socialization and exchange of cultures at various places in the community.  3. To create awareness among students how media representations create a real mirror that reflects society and culture.	
Unit-III Globalisation and Cultural Studies: a. Popular Culture- Trends, Transformation and its Impact of Society b. Commodification of Culture and its Impact on Lifestyle c. Changing Values, Ideologies and its Relevance in Contemporary Society d. Global Economic Flow, Global Cultural Flows, Homogenization and Fragmentation, Glocalization, Creolization, Globalization and Power e. Digital Media Culture	To explore the globalization, media and learning of cultures.     To understand the changes in culture; results changes in lifestyle of the masses.     To introduce Digital Media culture and media multitasking.	
Unit-IV Cultural Expressions and Media: a. Oral Traditions- Folklore b. Fashions and Fad c. Cuisine d. Festivals e. Sports f. Art and Architecture	To understand how mass media is powerful for directing people's values and rules.     To discuss in-depth the changes in the Contemporary Era.     To broaden the knowledge about changes throughout being the constant factor.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Hitesh Gadhia

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Understanding Cinema** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Module 1: Introduction to Cinema as a Medium, Language of Cinema, Cinema Narratives, Evolution of Cinema covering Hollywood as well as Indian Cinema from the early beginnings to its status today	To understand cinema and its transformation.     Broadening knowledge to know various historical, technical and cultural language in films.     In-depth knowledge on Hollywood and Indian Cinema.	CO1- This paper aims to sensitize the students towards Cinema as a medium of Mass Communication and help them to become critical viewers of movies today. CO2- The students should get to study the similarities and differences between various movie cultures. CO3- The students should get to study Indian cinema through its similarities and differences with both Indian & Western traditions of art and culture.
Unit-II Module 2: Introduction to Genres, Understanding Diverse Film Genres, with a special mention to Italian Neorealism, French New Wave and Indian Parallel Cinema	To learn various classifications, techniques or conventions required in producing a movie     To study and understand the important movements across globe     To critically analyze and appreciate cinema as an art.	
Unit-III Module 3: In the Indian Context: Contribution and Impact of Regional Cinema	1. To trace the history and development in regional cinema. 2. "Entertainment" an important contribution by regional cinema 3. To cut geographical, social and cross- cultural barriers of Cinema of India.	
Unit-IV Module 4: In the Indian Context: Contribution and Impact of Regional Cinema	<ol> <li>To highlight the various cultures and deal with local issues.</li> <li>To grasp how much the film industry in India has influenced each other behaviors and thoughts</li> <li>To connect the Indian Diaspora</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Module 5: Basic Introduction to the TECHNOLOGY used in Cinema Introduction to few important TECHNIQUES employed by different filmmakers. Introduction to the BUSINESS with prevailing practices in the production and marketing of films. NOTE: A special mention to be made to the contribution and role of Digital technologies in the Modern Film making Process.	The flexibility and immediacy in film making techniques.     An in-depth insight about Digital Movies, technologies used in virtual reality     Marketing budgeting and Film promotion important aspects in film making.	

Module 6: Introduction and basic discussion to cover a broad range of films: Documentaries, Commercials ads, Corporate Films, Short Films.  of films documentaries and documentaries.  Introduction and basic discussion to documentaries.  The commercial and documentaries are supported by the commercial and the commerci	tanding the various types a detail (Short films, aries, etc) a the production stages in ages students with some atts in real career ties.
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Faculty Name - Mr. Amir Ahmed

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Introduction to Media Studies

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I a. Relevance of Media Studies in Contemporary Times b. Historical perspectives to Media Studies	Learning media and its forms of communication and the representation of knowledge through various channels.     To learn and understand the moral compass the mass media holds on society.     An overview of mass media studies and its perceptions hold by the society.	CO1- To make students understand the dynamic role of the media in society CO2- To introduce students to the study of contemporary forms of mediated communication CO3- To introduces students to a variety of analytical perspectives and theories related to media CO4 - To understand the impact of media on individual attitude, values, behavior and geopolitics CO5- To study the impact of new media technologies and pop culture in the field of advertising CO6- To understand the impact of globalization on media
Unit-II The Mid- 20th Century Media Evolution Theory: a. Agency Setting b. Uses and Gratification c. Two-Step How d. McLuhan- Medium is the message e. Foucault- Power & Authority f. Propaganda Model	<ol> <li>To study the democratic society as an instrument for public opinions.</li> <li>Understanding various theories by theorists for the welfare of mass media and society.</li> <li>To get in-depth knowledge about professionalism in the field of news and news</li> </ol>	
Unit-III Media and Globalisation: a. Division and contradiction in the Global Information infrastructure b. Racist Ideologies and the Media (Stuart Hall) c. Media and Diaspora	Understanding the new technologies transforming the world of media.     To study the technological era- a boon to society across the globe.     To learn various theories in relation to the media and its future.	

d. New Media Theory e. Cognitive Theory		
Unit-IV Media and its Commercial Impact: a. Advertising Magazine Culture and the new man b. Trends in Media c. Feminist Strategies of Detection d. Media Power and Political Culture	<ol> <li>To learn that media and corporate are closely related.</li> <li>To explore the currents in the media.</li> <li>To understand and discuss a comparative study on media and political culture and impact on audiences.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Constituents of Media: a. Language b. Religion c. Discourse d.Technology	Students get in-depth knowledge about social changes and its impact on change in language.     To learn about mythologies and how transmitted through various forms of media     To understand how media are the extensions of human perceptions.	
Unit-VI Challenges to Contemporary Media: a. Media and Consumerism b. Intellectual Property and New Media c. Young People as consumers of Advertising Art	To understand and get an overview of challenges faced by the media industry.     Students get knowledge about media and consumerism and impact on masses.     To foster an environment in creativity and innovation.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Sohrabh Vakharia

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Advanced Computers** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Basics of Online Marketing Building an online marketing foundation Planning and Building the Website Content Marketing Blogging Social Media Marketing Web Analytics Search Engine Optimization/ How Google Works Online Advertising/ Search Engine Marketing. (Google Adwords) Email Marketing/ Webinar Online Public Relation	1. Learning eMarketing and its importance. 2. To understand how Google Search Engine Works and its types. 3. Learn ORM, SEO, Affiliate Marketing, and Content Marketing. 4. Learning Blogging, Blog SEO, Podcast, and Vodcast. 5. Introduction to PPC, PPC Strategy.	Co1- To equip the students with a understanding of industry knowledge required to make a career in the field of print and Advertising, Digital Marketing, Television media, Film etc. CO2- To train them with the software knowledge required in the above-mentioned Industries.

Managing Multitasking Web Marketing		
Unit-II Basics of Animation Understanding Animation (Adobe Flash may be used) Working with FIlls and Outline, Layers and Pen tool Understanding Layers and Symbols Working with Text and Mask Layers Creating Frame by Frame Animation Motion Tweening and Motion Editor Classic tweening and Shape Tweening Working with Sound and Video and Publishing a Movie	Understand Adobe WorkSpace.     Create an Animation using     Adobe Flash.     Explore all Flash Tools.     Making Butterfly Animation.     To understand Motions Graphics,     Sound, and Video.	
Unit-III HTML 5 with CSS Introduction to the Web Introduction to HTML5 Formatting Text Using Tags Creating Hyperlinks and Anchors Introduction to CSS3 Formatting Using Style Sheets Displaying Graphics and CSS3 Animation resting Navigation Aids and Division BasedLayout Creating Tables HTML forms HTML Audio and Video	1. To understand WWW (World Wide Web), Domain, and How to register a Domain name? 2. Learn HTML Structure, HTML List, Anchor Tag, and Table Tag. 3. Student will learn Align page, Cell Spacing, Width of Table, and Adding Images. 4. Learning to ad video and Audio to the website. 5. Understanding JavaScript, Syntax and JavaScripts function.	
Unit-IV Web Designing Getting Started with Web Designing (Dreamweaver CS 6 may be used) Working with Lists, Tables, Links and Frames Forms, CSS, Behaviors and Snippets Working with Multimedia Objects Testing a Website Working with Dynamic Websites	To understanding Dreamweaver Welcome Screen and Workspace.     Learning PHP, Cold Fusion,     Active Server Page, Java EE, and ASP.NET.     Creating HTML Page.	
Unit-V Introduction to Adobe Audition Working with Audio Editing Working with Multi- track Editor and Recording Audio Working with Audio Effect Introduction to Digital Video Editing Starting with Adobe Premiere Pro CS6 Capturing Clips and USing Tools Video Editing Animating, Effects, Transitions and Exporting Video	1. To learning Recording Audio, Editing the Audio and Audio Mixing with the help of Audion. 2. To understanding Adobe Premier Pro. 3. Learning capturing footage, Capturing DV or HDV Video. 4. Editing video and audio and effects plug-ins.	

Working with Audio Creating Titles and Superimposing Previewing and Rendering Output		
Unit-VI Basics of 3D Animations Overview Working with Objects Transforming and Grouping Shapes and Modifiers Compound Objects Low Poly Modelling Creating Models with Nurbs Patch Modelling and Surface Tool  Modifying Objects Integration of Various Modelling Techniques Creation of Morph Targets.	Understanding Animation     Production.     Understanding 3D Max, Maya,     NewTek LightWave 3D, Cinema     4D, and SideFX Houdini 3D     Animation Software.     Understanding the Vision of     Digital India initiative.	

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Organizational Behavior

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Nature of Organisational Behaviour: Definition of Organisation and Types Concept of OB and its scope Models of Organisational Behaviour	<ol> <li>To study about organization, its meaning and types.</li> <li>To study the fundamental concepts of Organizational behavior.</li> <li>To study the goals of Organizational behavior.</li> </ol>	CO1- To impart knowledge of the basic concepts and facets of organisational behaviour. CO2- To highlight the role of psychological factors & process at work. CO3- To foster management skills among students.
Unit-II Organizational Structure and its Environment: Organisation and its environment Formal Organisation: Design and Structure Divisions of work and task interdependence	To study the elements of Organizational structure.     To study the factors influencing Organizational structure.     To study the employee behviour with respect to Organizational structure.	
Unit-III Organization Culture: Sources of Organisational Culture Types of Organisational Culture Manifestation and Managing Organisational Culture	To study the characteristics of Organizational culture.     To study the functions of Organizational culture.     To study the effects and changing of Organizational culture.	

Workforce diversity- Gender, Ethnic and Community issues and personality factors		
Unit-IV Motivation: Theories of Motivation- Need and Process Theory Application of Motivation Theories	To study the application of the motivation theories.     To study the relationship between different theories of motivation and global implications.	
Unit-V Group Dynamics in Organisation: Concepts of group and types if group Group norms and Group cohesion Concept of teamwork	<ol> <li>To study the stages of Group development.</li> <li>To study about the properties of the group.</li> <li>To study about the types of team and the creative effective teams.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VI Decision making: Decision making- definition and process Group Think, risky shift and Polarisation Techniques for improving decision making- MIS (Management Information System)	To study the varieties of Organizational decisions.     To study group decision making, its advantages and disadvantages.     To study different techniques of group decision making.	
Unit-VII Leadership: Importance and Characteristics of control Qualities of an Effective Leader Leadership Style and effective Communication	<ol> <li>To study the various theories of leadership.</li> <li>To study about charismatic and transformational leadership.</li> <li>To study women and leadership.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VIII Dynamics of Stress: Concept Causes and Effect Coping Strategies	<ol> <li>To study the nature of Stress.</li> <li>To study the organizational inside and outside stressors.</li> <li>To study stress in dual-career families.</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Kenali Jajal

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Introduction to Advertising** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I A brief history of Advertising and the Current Status of Advertising The Basic Characteristics of Advertising The Limitations of Advertising Effects of Advertising on the Economy, on Society The Ethical Issues in Advertising The Criticism of Advertising	To understand advertising and current trends.     To study the impact of advertising on economy, society and masses.     To introduce students to learn and understand Ethical issues and Criticism of Advertising.	CO-1 To introduce Students to the basic steps in advertising CO2- To help students understand the creations of an ad campaign CO3- To understand the structure of an Ad Agency
Unit-II The Advertising Agency Structure of an Ad Agency The Role of an Ad Agency The various Departments of an Ad Agency, Account Planning, Research, Art Dept. (Elements of Copywriting and Visualisation- Layout) Media Dept. and Production Dept. The Functions of each Department (in brief)	To introduce students in the real world of Advertising Agencies     To understand the structure of an Advertising Agency     To learn the functioning of each departments of an Advertising Agency in brevity	
Unit-III The Role of Advertising in the Marketing Mix The Communication Process The Steps Involved in Creating an Advertising Strategy (The Marketing Brief, Pre-Campaign Research, Copy Brief and Media Brief) Post-Campaign Research	To learn and understand the role of advertising in Marketing Mix.     To study steps involved in creating an Advertising Strategy.     To study and gain knowledge on Campaign Research (Pre, During campaign and Post)	
Unit-IV Concepts: IMC- Dagmar- USP- AIDA	To study about IMC and concepts overview     To study IMC and its importance in mass media     To study various models, theories related to marketing and consumer decision- making process.	
Unit-V The need for Research Copy Research, Pre Testing, Post Testing, Concept Testing, Product Research, Media Research	To learn about research and its need.     To understand various techniques used in Copy Research     To understand media and its platforms for effective advertising through Media Research	
Unit-VI	1. To study Advertising budget and	

The Advertising Budget How the Agency earns its income The Relationship between the	its related concepts. 2. To understand revenue generation techniques of an	
Client- Agency- Media- Consumers.	Agency. 3. To understand internal and external stakeholders relationships	

Faculty Name - Ms. Shilpi Dey

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Introduction to Journalism** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Changing the face of Journalism from Guttenberg to New Media	To learn the history of journalism     To study various aspects in journalism     To understand journalism and its changing trends from old to current	CO1- To help media students to acquaint themselves with an influential medium of journalism which holds the key to opinion formation & create awareness.
Unit-II Journalism in India: Earliest Publications The Rise of Nationalist Press Post-1947 The Emergency 1975 Post Emergency Post Liberalization of the Economy Boom in Magazines Niche Journalism How Technology Advancement has helped Media?	To understand practise of journalism in India     To understand in depth the hurdles faced by journalist during Indira Gandhi governance     To learn the advancement in technology and its impact on media	
Unit-III New Media with special reference to rising the Citizen Journalism	To understand Citizen journalism and its key concepts     Discussing how citizen journalism has changed journalism     Factors rising citizen journalism	
Unit-IV Definition of News; Hard News/ Soft News and Blend of the two	To understand news and its importance in society     To learn various types of news     To also learn and discuss the on-going scenario as case studies and examples	
Unit-V The news process from the event to the reader	Understanding news and its definitions     To understand its importance in masses and its sustainability     Understanding its process from	

	event to how it reaches the reader	
Unit-VI Criteria for newsworthiness	To understand news value     To study how source credibility also matters     To study in depth newsworthiness and its related concepts	
Unit-VII News Reports; Features; Editorials	To learn news reports     To learn its features     To study about editorials and its role	
Unit-VIII Components of a News Story Finding a New Angle Writing a Lead Types of Lead Inverted Pyramid Format	To study what is a news story     To learn how to investigate and new angles to the story     To learn leads in news story and its types	
Unit-IX Role of Journalism with special emphasis on its Role to Educate: Interpretation Transmission of Values Development Entertainment	To learn and introduce in the world of journalism     To learn its responsibilities towards educating and other aspects to the society     To understand its impact on society	
Unit-X Principles of Journalism Objectivity Accuracy Without fear or favor Balance	To study journalism and its core values     To learn principles in journalism to be followed strictly     learning about regulatory videos in Press	
Unit-XI The basic difference in Writing for Print, Television, and Online Journalism	To learn in detail online journalism     To learn how journalism can be carried on various platforms     To learn and understand difference in writing for different media platform	
Unit-XII Jobs in Journalism	To understand and Media industry     To study the scope and areas of work in print media, broadcast, Corporate Communication (PR and NGOs)     To excel skills as a journalist	
Unit-XIII		

Latest trends and issues in journalism	To understand the practise of journalism and its difference in older days     The issues faced by the journalist in practicing journalism     To understand how to follow trends and its changes and impact on society	
Unit-XIV Short notes on Press Council of Media Students Audit Bureau of Circulation	To study the regulatory bodies of Press in journalism     To learn PCI and its regulations for Press, news agencies and journalists     To learn ABC (Audit Bureau of Circulations) and its functions.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Amir Ahmed

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Mass Media Research** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Relevance, Scope of Mass Media Research, and Role of Research in the Media	To study what is research and its concepts     To study the scope and relevance of mass media     To understand the role of research in the media	CO1- To introduce students to debates in Research approaches and equip them with tools to carry on research CO2- To understand the scope and techniques of media research, their utility and limitations
Unit-II Steps involved in the Research Process	<ol> <li>To revise an initial research plan.</li> <li>To study the steps/ procedure in a systematic research</li> <li>To produce high quality written work for a competitive market.</li> </ol>	
Unit-III Qualitative and Quantitative Research	<ol> <li>To learn the techniques used in data gathering in research.</li> <li>To explore facts, ideas, etc in research by using Qualitative research</li> <li>To quantify the problem by gathering numericals i.e.</li> <li>Quantitative research and its levels.</li> </ol>	
Unit-IV	Discovering Research problem     To learn errors in Research	

Discovery of Research Problem; Identifying Dependent and Independent Variables, Developing Hypothesis	process 3. Deeper understanding and importance of hypothesis in research	
Unit-V Concept, Types, and Uses of Research Designs: Exploratory Descriptive Casual	<ol> <li>To understand research design and its key concepts.</li> <li>To study the types of research design.</li> <li>To evaluate the uses of research design in a research.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VI Data- Collection Methodology: a. Primary Data- Collection Methods: i. Depth Interviews ii. Focus Group iii. Surveys iv. Observations v. Experimentations b. Secondary Data Collection Methods c. Literature Review	To understand in-depth the data collection methods (primary & secondary methods)     To learn its implication while practicing research.     To understand and learn extensive literature surveys.	
Unit-VII Designing Questionnaire and Measurement Techniques: a. Types and Basics of Questionnaire b. Projective Techniques c. Attitude Measurement Scales	To study the criteria for designing a questionnaire.     To study the process of designing questionnaire     To study the measurement techniques	
Unit-VIII Sampling Process	To understand sample, sample size and concepts.     To learn the purpose of sampling 3. To get knowledge about the sampling methods (probability and non-probability)	
Unit-IX Data Tabulation and Research Report Format	To study the essential parts of a table     To learn about proper format of presentation and analysis     To understand the research report format	
Unit-X Application of Research in Mass Media	To understand the research phases in media     To learn the research procedures     Understanding the topic relevance and validity in research methods.	

Unit-XI Introduction to Semiology: a. The Semiotic Approach to the Construction of Meaning b. Barthes Primary Level and Secondary Level Signification c. Semiotic Analysis	<ol> <li>To understand semiology and its related concepts.</li> <li>The semiotic approaches</li> <li>To understand Barthes level of signification</li> <li>To learn about semiotic analysis</li> </ol>	
Unit-XII Content Analysis: a. Definition and Uses b. Quantitative and Qualitative Approach c. Steps in Content Analysis d. Devising Means of a Qualification System e. Limitations of Content Analysis	<ol> <li>To understand content analysis and its uses along with limitations</li> <li>To study its types of approaches</li> <li>To learn the steps involved in content analysis.</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Sheetal Gogri

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Print, Production, and Photography

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Photography Basic Photography: 1. History of Photography 2. Loading the film and shooting 3. Operation of a film and shooting 4. Care and maintenance of camera equipment	To learn photography and its history     To understand in detail films, shooting and their mechanisms     To learn the camera and its equipment.	CO1- To help students understand the principles and practice of photography. CO2- To enable students to enjoy photography as an art.
Unit-II Basic Principles: 1. Properties of light, reflection, transmission, refraction, different types of light sources and their sources and properties, controlling light, types of light, forms of light.  2. Types of Cameras, virtual image formation, Lens (various types of lenses) - Wide Angle, Tele, Normal, Zoom)	To study all about lights and its concepts     To learn various sources of lights     To learn various types of camera and lenses	
Unit-III	To learn about photosensitive materials	

1 Photosensitive material, Celluloid, Film & ISO, Types of Film, Colour film - C41 process.  Exposure: 1. Mechanism of aperture, shutter and ISO 2. Correct exposure Concepts of composition Digital Capture Various types of Digital Capture and Image Total Sessions: 35 of 50 minutes each	To study various types of films and its process     To learn exposure and its importance in handling camera	
Unit-IV Print Production Major landmarks in history and development of 'print technology' Basic print: processes, contact, projection, composition, inprinter, special effect printer, Print machines, and image carriers + Letterpress, offset, silkscreen, digital print DTP Future trends in print technology Awareness of Photo-editing Softwares (Possibilities and Limitations)	To learn about print technology and its basics     To learn machinery used in prints and its types     To understand the future trends in print technology	
Unit-V Softwares: Adobe Photoshop, Adobe Lightroom, Colour Correction, Processing, High Dynamic Range, Illustrator.  Total sessions: 13 of 50 minutes each	To introducing students in the world of softwares     Understanding each practically     Making students job and industry ready with practical knowledge of software.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Hitesh Gadhia

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Radio and Television** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction	Learning about the history of Radio and Television.	CO1- To acquaint students with the working of two powerful media i.e.

A Short History of Radio and Television in India All India Radio Doordarshan Prasar Bharti main points Convergence trends	<ul><li>2. Understanding the working of the stations.</li><li>3. Key actions of Prasar Bharati that marked a change in Broadcasting.</li></ul>	radio and television. The content is useful for both advertising and journalism students in order to further their careers in their respective fields.
Unit-II Introduction to Sound for both TV and Radio Types of Sound: Natural, Ambient, Recorded The Studio Setup The Sound Equipment: Mixer, Control Panel Tape Recording Digital Recording Outdoor Recording Types of Microphones The Editing Suite	Learning the use and importance of foley sounds in the creating audio and video creative.     To understand the requirements of important elements for setting up a Studio.	
Unit-III Introduction to Visuals The Power and Influence of Visuals The Video- camera: types of shots, camera positions, shot sequences, shot length	Learning various camera angles and shots, for narration of a story.     Importance of lighting for creating visualization.	
Lighting: The importance of lighting Television setup: The TV studio, the difference between Studio and on-location shoots		
Unit-IV Introduction to Radio Formats: broad guidelines- classifications	Learning various radio show formats by listening to radio programmes.	
News Documentary Feature Talk Show Music shows Radio Drama Sports broadcasting		
Unit-V Introduction to Television Programming: broad guidelines- classifications	To understand different television programmes.     Understanding the categories and formats of the programming.	
News Documentary Feature		

Talk Shows TV serials and soaps Sports Reality Animation		
Unit-VI Different Roles Community Radio- role and Importance Contribution of All India Radio The Satellite and Direct to Home Challenge	Learning about community radio in detail and its importance in shaping society.     To understand satellite transmission of the channels on television.	
Unit-VII Other Requirements Storyboard Online editing Educational TV with reference to Jamia- milia, etc. virtual classrooms	Learning about online platforms with respect to education.     Understanding various educational television channels of the central university.	
Unit-VIII Broadcast Production Pre- Production Production Post- Production	Learning various stages of production of any programme.	

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Brand Building** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Brand: Definition, Importance of branding, Difference between brand & product, Process of Branding.	<ol> <li>To learn and understand brand and its related concepts</li> <li>To study importance of branding and its process</li> <li>To distinguish between a brand and a product.</li> </ol>	CO1- To study the concept of Brands CO2- To study the process of building brands CO3- To study its importance to the consumer and advertisers
Unit-II Brand Identity: Core Identity, Extended Identity, Brand Identity Traps.	To understand the concept of brand identity.     to be aware of the various mistakes a brand makes due to which a brand can be trapped in its own identity.	
Unit-III Brand Positioning:	1. To understand the concept of positioning and its various types	

Definition, Importance of Brand Positioning, Perceptual Mapping.		
Unit-IV Brand Personality: Importance of creating Brand Personality, Attributes that affect Brand Personality, Factors that affect Brand Personality. Brand Personality Models- Relationship Model, Self-expressive Model, Functional Benefit Model The Big Five, User Imagery	1. To understand the role of building brand personality and its impact on consumer behavior 2.to understand the visual imagery and the difference brand personality can create between brands that sell similar products.	
Unit-V Brand Leverage: User Extension, Brand Extension, Moving Brand up/down, Co-branding.	1.To understand the extension & expansion strategies a brand undertakes.	
Unit-VI Brand Strategies: The Three perspectives of Brand Strategic customer analysis, Completion self-analysis, Multi-Product Branding, Multi Branding, Mix Branding, Brand Licensing, Brand Product Matrix, Brand Hierarchy, Brand Building Blocks	1.To understand the extension & expansion strategies (horizontally & vertically ) a brand undertakes. 2.various types of branding strategies with examples.	
Unit-VII Brand Repositioning: Meaning, Occasion of use, Falling sales, Making the brand contemporary, New customers, Changed Marketing conditioning, Differentiating brands from competitors (Case study such as Vicks Vapour, Milkmaid, etc)	<ul><li>1.To understand why brands reposition.</li><li>2. Case studies gives insights on the reasons for the change and process</li></ul>	
Unit-VIII Brand Equity: Definition, Steps in creating Brand Equity, Awareness, Perceived Quality, Brand Association, Brand Loyalty, Other Brand Assets.	1.To understand how good will a brand is generated and maintained.     2. Equity evaluating models	
Unit-IX Brand Equity Management Models: Brand Equity Ten, Y&R (BAV), Equi Trend, Interbrand.	1.To understand how good will a brand is generated and maintained. 2. Equity evaluating mode	
Unit-X	1. To understand how corporate	

Brand Building Imperative: Coordination across the organization, coordination across media, coordination strategy & tactics across markets.	brand share business.\ 2. To coordinate brand building activities across diverse media options like events, sponsorship, PR and promotions.	
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**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Consumer Behavior** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction to Consumer Behavior: Concepts, Need to Study Consumer Behavior, Factors Influencing Consumer Behavior, Changing Trends in Consumer Behavior. Consumer Behavior & Marketing: Marketing Segmentation-VALS, Components, Process of Marketing Communication, Message, Persuasion-Need & Importance (ELM, Appeal.)	To study the components of the consumer behavior.     To study the external and internal variables influencing consumer behavior.     To study the components of communication.     To study the theories of persuasion.	CO1- To understand role of marketing in influencing consumer behaviour. CO2- To analyze the role of marketer& the consumer in advertising. CO3- To sensitize the students to the changing trends in consumer behaviour.
Unit-II Relevance of Perception & Learning in Consumer Behavior: Concepts, Elements in Perception, Subliminal Perception. Elements of Consumer Learning, Cognitive Theory- Social Learning, Behavioral Learning- Classical, Instrumental Theory.	<ol> <li>To study the three aspects of persuasion,</li> <li>To study the different types of sub-cultures.</li> <li>To study the factors influencing non-verbal communication.</li> <li>To study the theories of learning.</li> </ol>	
Unit-III Psychological Determinants & Consumer Behavior: Motivation- Needs, Types, Theories- Role of Motivation in Consumer Behavior. Personality & Attitude- Theories of Personalities & its Application. Freudian, Trait, Jungian, Self-Concept. Formation of Attitude- Theories and its relevance in Consumer Behavior. Cognitive Dissonance,	To study the important characteristics of attitude.     To study the models of attitude.     To study the types of motives.     To study the nature and characteristics of personality.	

Tricomponent, Changing attitude in Consumer Behavior.		
Unit-IV Social & Cultural Aspects of Marketing & its impact on Consumer Behavior. Social Stratification- class, age, gender, family Group- Reference group Culture- Subculture Changing Indian Core Values.	<ol> <li>To study the value and lifestyle segmentation.</li> <li>The basic characteristics of socail class.</li> <li>To study the classification of groups.</li> <li>To study the reasons for the popularity of reference groups.</li> <li>To study the family life cycle, &amp; family purchase decision.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Consumer Decision Making Process & Opinion Leadership Diffusion & Adoption	<ol> <li>To study the characteristics of opinion leaders.</li> <li>To study the types of consumer decisions.</li> <li>To study the category of innovation.</li> <li>To study the adoption process.</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Meenakshi Nadar

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Advertising in Contemporary Society** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Change in the Environment: Policy Post-Independence, Policy 1990 Onwards.	<ol> <li>To study about surrogate advertising.</li> <li>To study the objectives and missions of the regulatory bodies.</li> <li>To study the rules and restrictions implemented on the advertisements.</li> </ol>	CO1- To understand the environment in Contemporary Society CO2- To understand Liberalisation and its impact on the economy CO3- To study contemporary advertising and society
Unit-II Study of Environment Post-independence and Post 1991 Liberation Policy: Effects of Liberation on- Economy, Business, Employment, Advertising, Lifestyle.	To study the measures initiated as a part of the liberalization and globalization.     To study about globalization on Indian economy.     To study the objectives of Privatization.	
Unit-III	1. To study the growth of Global	

International & Global Advertising & Marketing: The Environmental Analysis of all Foreign Countries, The use of this Analysis in Marketing & Advertising.	commerce. 2. To study the challenges of Global advertising. 3. To study the impact of culture on Globalization. 4. To study the elements of culture. 5. To study the promotions for International markets.	
Unit-IV Social Marketing: Definition Need for social Marketing, The difficulties of Social Marketing, The various subjects for Social Marketing, Effects of Social Marketing	<ol> <li>To study the planning process for social marketing.</li> <li>To study the additional marketing P's.</li> <li>To study the effects of social marketing.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Advertising: Advertising & Children, Advertising and Old People, Controversial Advertising, Gender Bias, Advertising and Popular Culture, Social Implication of Advertising, The role of Advertising on the Economy.	<ol> <li>To study the effect of Advertising on society.</li> <li>To study the negative impacts of Advertising.</li> <li>To study the positive and negative impact of advertising on the economy.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VI Types of Advertising: Political Advertising, B to B Advertising, Consumer Advertising, Retail Advertising, Industrial Advertising, and Financial Advertising.	To study the positive and negative impact of political advertising.     To study the different categories of financial advertising.     To study the categories of consumer advertising.	
Unit-VII Internet: Digital Marketing	To study the tools of digital marketing.     To study the advantages & disadnavtages of Internet marketing.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Avina Taneja

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

Course: CopyWriting

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction to Copywriting:	<ol> <li>To understand the role and importance of copywriting.</li> <li>Various responsibility of a</li> </ol>	CO1- To familiarize the students with the concept of copywriting as selling through

Basics of Copywriting, Responsibility of Copywriter.	copywriter	writing CO2- To learn the process of creating original, strategic, compelling copy for various media CO3- To train students to generate, develop and express ideas effectively CO4- To learn the rudimentary techniques of advertising - headline and body copywriting.
Unit-II Creative Thinking: How to inculcate a 'creative thinking attitude', Left brain thinking; Right brain thinking, Conscious mind; unconscious mind, Role of Heuristics and assumptions in creative thinking, Five steps of the creative process.	Developing critical thinking for learning creative writing.     Understanding the psychology of the brain and its role in developing the skills for writing.	
Unit-III Idea Generation Techniques: Theories of Ideation, Idea generation techniques (Brainstorming, Triggered brain walking, Questioning assumptions, Picture prompts, scamper, Observation, Referencing, Interaction, Imagination, Dreams & Creative Aerobics.)	Learning idea generation techniques through various prompts which helps in structuring the content.	
Unit-IV Transcreativity: Introduction, Purpose	1. To understand in successfully adding the same emotions and contextual relevance in the new language as the original source.	
Unit-V Briefs: Marketing Brief, Creative Brief.	Learning about the structure and formats of the briefs.     Understanding the client brief for proper execution of the content.	
Unit-VI Writing persuasive copy: The CAN Elements (connectedness, appropriates & novelty), Getting Messages to 'Stick' simplicity, Unexpectedness, Concreteness, Credibility, Emotionality, and Storytelling.	1. How to write appealing content by considering various elements and through the art of storytelling.	
Unit-VII Writing copy for various Media:	Learning to write copy for various advertising and marketing	

Print: Headlines, sub-headlines, captions, body copy, and slogans. Television: Storyboard, Storyboarding techniques, Balance between words and visuals, Power of silence, formats of TV's Outdoor posters Radio Digital: email, web pages.	media. 2. To add various elements to balance a copy and convey the marketing message.	
Unit-VIII Writing copy for various audiences: Children, Youth, Women, Senior Citizens & Executives.	Understanding the thought process of different categories of audiences.     Learning to persuade the audience through the copy.	
Unit-IX How to write copy for: Direct mailers, Classified, Press releases, B2B, Advertorial, and Infomercial.	To learn writing the copy for personal medium and mass medium.	
Unit-X Various types of Advertising appeals and execution styles: Rational appeals, Emotional appeal Humor, Fear, Sex appeal, and Various advertising execution techniques.	1. Understanding various writing appeals to connect a chord with the specific audience through storytelling.	
Unit-XI The techniques Evaluation of an Ad Campaign: Evaluate the ad in terms of its efficacy, i.e. to what extent the campaign has achieved its set objectives, Learn to appreciate the aesthetic aspects of the ad, how the ad looks, its layout, color scheme, typography, balance, etc.	Evaluating the writings by understanding the reach of the advertising message.     Learning about campaign objectives.     Learning the final output of an advertising copy.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Avina Taneja

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Media Planning & Buying

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I	Learning the concepts of Media planning.	CO1- To develop knowledge of various characteristics of media.

Introduction to Media Planning & Selection: An overview of Media Planning, Basic terms & concepts, Function of Media Planning, Role of Media Planner, Media Brief, Media Audit, NCCS Grid.	2. Key role of a Media planner.	CO2- To understand procedures, requirements, and techniques of media planning and buying. CO3- To learn the various media mix and its implementation CO4- To understand budget allocation for a Media plan
Unit-II Sources of Media Research: Nielsen Clear Decision, Broadcast Audience Research Council, Audit Bureau of Circulation, RAM, Comscore- Digital	Understanding the individual reach of media through various measurement bodies.	
Unit-III Media Planning Process: Situation analysis & Marketing Strategy plan, Setting Media Objectives, Determining Media Strategy, Selecting Broad Media Classes, Selecting media within classes, Budget & Media Buying, and Evaluation.	To learn the step by step process for selection of media.     Understanding different strategies taken for an effective selection of media.	
Unit-IV Criteria for selecting Media Vehicles: Reach, Frequency, GRPS/GVT Ratings, TVT Ratings, Cost efficiency, CPT, CPR, Waste Circulation, Pass-along Circulation.	1. Calculating the revenue expenditure spent on each media cycle and execution of the budget on the right media.	
Unit-V Selecting suitable Media options & Media Buying Newspapers, magazines, Television, Radio, Outdoor and OOH, Cinema Advertising, and Digital Advertising.	<ol> <li>Learning about various media and different mediums for advertising.</li> <li>Understanding the pros and cons of each medium.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VI Communication MIx: Events, Sponsorship, Merchandising, Point of Purchase, In film advertising, Mobile advertising, Word of Mouth, Ambient advertising.	Learning about the IMC and its tools.     To study innovative ways for advertising and marketing of the product.	
Unit-VII Negotiation Skills in Media Buying: Negotiation Strategies, Laws of Persuasion.	To study the negotiation skills for proper buying of media.     To study the various laws for learning consumers perspective in	

	making a purchase.	
Unit-VIII Digital Media Planning: SEO, SEM, Email Marketing, Targeting/Remarketing, Mobile Advertising, Display Advertising ads and its formats, Video advertising & its formats, Social Media types.	<ol> <li>To study about online platforms and available spaces used for advertising.</li> <li>Understanding various advertising formats with respect to social media and video advertising.</li> </ol>	
Unit-IX Digital Media Buying: An Overview on Paid, Owned & Earned Media, Direct Buys for Websites, Programmatic Buying (DSP & RTB) Cost per Conversion, Advertising via Premium Publishers, Advertising via Networks & Exchanges, Affiliate Network, The Local Publishing Market.	<ol> <li>To study the difference between the owned, paid and earned media.</li> <li>Understand in detail about Affiliate marketing.</li> <li>To Learn the buying process for Online platforms.</li> </ol>	

Faculty Name - Ms. Sheetal Gogri

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Advertising Design** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Basic depts.: i. Account Dept: Client handling/ Servicing/ Strategy planning/ Creative brief. ii. Media Dept: Media research/ Media planning/ Media booking, buying. Creative Dept: Idea generation/ Brainstorming/ Mind-mapping/ Ad-CW duo/ Illustrator/ Graphic designer/ Storyboarding/ Web tree iv. Production Dept: In house or outsource. Production Print: Hoardings/ Brochures/ Packaging etc Video: Storyboard/ Casting/ Location/ Costume/ Editing/ Dubbing	To study about the agency and its departments who handles an advertising campaign of a brand.     To study about the production stage of the campaign.     To study the idea generation process for any creative.	CO1- To make students understand the process of planning & production of advertisement CO2- To highlight the importance of visual communication CO3- To provide practical training in the field of advertising

Photography: In-house or location/ Model/ Costume/ Shoot/ Editing		
Unit-II Understanding Design: Design as a language of emotions/ Communication.	To learn about the elements of designing.     To study the Gestalt principle which helps to create perspective through designs.	
a. Introducing students to: Elements of design (as vocabulary). i. Point/ Line/ Shape/ Tone/ Colour/ Texture b. Introducing to students to: Principles of Design: (grammar of design Language) i. Proportion/ Contrast/ Harmony/ Balance/ Rhythm/ Unity c. Introducing students to the Rules: Gestalt principles i. Proximity/ Closure/ Similarity/ Continuation/ Figure & ground		
Unit-III  Introduction to Negative space & its use: Creative use/ Finding shape within/ Adding a meaning.	1. To learn how negative space in a figure-ground creative and give new shapes and vision and adding meaning to the brand.	
Unit-IV Introduction to Optical illusions:  a. Influence of surrounding shapes on shape & size  b. Influence of surrounding colour/tone on object colour & tone  c. Appearance of space & depth/ form	To learn the shapes and symbol from our surroundings.     To study the effects and beauty of colurs from the nature and using it in the creative.	
Unit-V Introduction to Word expression: (Expressive words)  a. How word meaning is expressed through the appearance of word/visual impact.	Understanding different fonts and typaces of an ad-copy.     Learning meaning and tone form the typography.	

b. Calligraphy & graceful typography.		
Unit-VI  Logo unit: Understanding Logo as a company face/ Brand identity/ Character/ Class  a. Elements of Logo: Shape/ Typeface/ Treatment/ Colours/ Symbol or symbolism used to fulfill the impression.  b. Tagline: typeface/ alignment/ placement etc.	To study different types of logos and its meaning.     To learn the alignment of the elements of an ad-copy to make it persuasive for the target audience.	
Unit-VII  Introduction to Layout: Choosing right format/ right canvas/ Optical center/ Equilibrium  a. Types of Layout: All text/ Text dominant/ Picture dominant/ Picture window  b. Stages of Layout: Thumbnail sketches/ Rough layout/ Finished rough/ Comprehensive	To study the focal point of an advertising and using this idea in making the creatives.     Learning about the types of layout used in creating copies.     Understanding the process of creating layouts.	
Unit-VIII Use of picture (visual) as means to select Target audience  a. Choosing a picture  i. Expression of Problem (Hair-fall, toothache etc)  ii. Expression of benefit (Glowing face, fitness etc)  iii. Irresistible presentation of product (Watch/Car etc) class	To understand the right use of visuals for justifying the copy message.     To learn the presentation of the products to persuade the audience with the visuals.     Understanding the writing tone as per target audience.	

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iv. Dramatization (Cold drinks/ Mentos etc)		
v. Association of ideas		
b. Headline size/ break/ highlight/ two tone head		
c. Subhead size/ style		
d. Body copy type: Descriptive/ pointer/ bulleted		
v. Association of ideas		
b. Headline size/ break/ highlight/ two tone head		
c. Subhead size/ style		
d. Body copy type: Descriptive/ pointer/ bulleted		
Unit-IX Introduction to Typography & Text treatment: a. Classification of typefaces & combinations.	To study about the typeface and various fonts used in a copy.	
b. Size/Weight/posture etc.		
Unit-X  Layout: Putting all together: What goes together must be placed together. Grouping the relevant elements to have 2 to 3 groups for easier to-understand	Learning the principle of grouping and creating a thought process through the copy for Visuals and words.	
Unit-XI  Introduction to Art direction for diff media: Role of an Art Director  a. Diff in design for Magazine Ad & N Paper Ad (Considering Factors: paper Q/ Printing Q/ Life/ reading habits etc	Understanding the use of minimum and maximum words to write the advertising message.     To learn and understand in writing persuasive copy based on different media and different platforms.     Learning the pros and cons of various medium.	

b. Outdoor & indoor ad: Time available for reading/ spotting frequency etc		
c. Transit ad: Psychology & mindset of the TA/ State of mind at the spot etc		
d. TVC/ Radio: Advantage of Music/ Voice modulation etc, Demonstration on TV		
e. Web ad: Advantage of pop up/ Keyword SEO etc		
f. Direct mailers: Advantage of prior knowledge/ prior relation etc		
Unit-XII	1. To study the execution of an	
Campaign planning: Rest of the lectures in guiding the students through developing the campaign	advertising campaigns through various existing ad-campaign examples.  2. Learning various important stages in advertising campaigns.	
Introduction to the process of Idea generation (Brainstorming/ Mind-mapping)		
a. Understanding Brand (Brand building)		
b. Understanding TA's favorite place, shows, reading (Media research/ planning)		
c. Understanding buying motives/ habits/ influences (Consumer behaviour)		
d. Understanding product/ Market (demo-psycho)/ Client/ deriving message/ Creative brief e. Arriving at a <b>Big idea</b> /Copy platform (Copywriting) considering all the factors above.		
f. Layout stages & final design		
Unit-XIII		

Corporate stationery & Brand manual (Logo design philosophy	
Unit-XIV Ad Campaign (system work)	

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

**Course: Agency Management** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Advertising Agencies: Their Role, Functions, Organization and Importance.	To study the evolution of Advertising Agency.     To study the role & Functions and services offered by the Agency.     To study the types of advertising agencies.	CO1- To acquaint the students with concepts, techniques for developing an effective advertising campaign. CO2- To familiarize students with the different aspects of running an ad agency CO3- To inculcate competencies to undertake professional work in the field of advertising.
Unit-II Client Servicing: The Client- Agency Relationship, 3 P's of service, The Gaps Model of service quality, Stages in the client-agency relationship, How Agencies Get Clients, Why Agencies Lose Clients, Evaluation criteria in choosing Ad Agency, The roles of advertising Account executives.	<ol> <li>To study the characteristics of services.</li> <li>To study the stages &amp; principles in client-agency relationship.</li> <li>To study the factors influence the success or failure of an advertising agency.</li> </ol>	
Unit-III Account Planning: Role of account planning in advertising, Role of Account Planner, Account Planning Process.	<ol> <li>To study about the account planning process.</li> <li>To study the attributes of an account planner.</li> <li>To study the 5M of advertising programme.</li> </ol>	
Unit-IV Advertising campaign management: Means-End chaining and the	To study the campaign development process.     To study the digital advertising	

method of Laddering as Guides to creative advertising formulation, Digital Advertising Strategy/ Campaigns	strategies and campaigns. 3. Briefly learning through the specimens of Digital Advertising Campaigns.	
Unit-V Ad Film making: Converting StoryBoard to TVC, Editing and Post Production.	To study the process of converting storyboard into TVC.     To study the complete process of Ad-film making.	
Unit-VI Marketing Plan of the Client: The Marketing Brief, Marketing Audit, Marketing objectives, Marketing problems and Opportunities Review, STP, Executing the Plan, Evaluating the Plan.	<ol> <li>To study about marketing strategy.</li> <li>To study the process of developing marketing plan.</li> <li>To study the constraints in strategy implementation.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VII The Response Process: Traditional Response Hierarchy Models: AIDA, Sales-Oriented Objectives, Communications Objectives, DAGMAR- An Approach to Setting Objectives.	<ol> <li>To study the objectives of communication and advertising.</li> <li>To study the stages of buying behavior.</li> <li>To study about IMC and its tools.</li> </ol>	
Unit-VIII Setting up an Agency: Business Plan Introduction, Various Stages in Setting up a New Agency	<ol> <li>To study the nature of agency business.</li> <li>To study the component of business environment.</li> <li>To study a business plan for advertising agency.</li> </ol>	
Unit-IX Agency Compensation: Various Methods of Agency Remunerations.	<ol> <li>To study about the expenditure heads of agency.</li> <li>To study the financial planning of leading ad agencies.</li> <li>To study the AAAA regulation</li> </ol>	
Unit-X Growing the Agency: The Pitch-Request for Proposal, Speculative Pitches, Pitch Process, References, Image & Reputation, PR.	<ol> <li>To study the agency business management and development.</li> <li>To study the customer relationship management.</li> <li>To understand the prospecting for new businesses.</li> </ol>	
Unit-XI Sales Promotion Management: The Scope & Role of Sales Promotion, Reasons for the Increase in Sales Promotion, The Psychological Theories behind Sales Promotion, Consumer Franchise-Building vs Non Franchise-Building Promotions, Designing Loyalty,	To study the advantages and limitations of sales promotion.     To study pull and push strategy.     To study about CFB promotion and Non-CFB promotion.	

Continuous & Frequency Programs, Objectives of Trade-Oriented Sales Promotion, Techniques of Trade-Oriented Sales Promotion, Objectives of Consumer-Oriented Sales Promotion, Techniques of Consumer-Oriented Sales	
Consumer-Oriented Sales Promotion.	

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: The Principles and Practices of Direct Marketing** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction to Direct Marketing: Meaning & Introduction to Marketing, Traditional versus Direct Marketing Techniques.	To understand Direct marketing in depth.     To understand Traditional techniques     Analyzing real- world strategies for marketing.	CO1- To understand the concept and importance of Direct Marketing CO2- To understand the various techniques of direct marketing and its advantages
Unit-II Basics of Direct & Interactive Marketing: Meaning, Definitions, Importance of Direct Marketing, Advantages & Disadvantages of Direct Marketing, Approaches of Direct Marketing, Reasons for the Growth of Direct Marketing, 3 Tasks of Direct & Interactive Marketing, customer acquisition, development & retention.	To introduce the basic and key concepts used in Direct Marketing     To understand and identify the tasks relevant in Direct Marketing.     To create potential consumers for the brand.	
Unit-III Customer Relationship Management: What is Customer Relationship Management, Importance of CRM, Planning & Developing CRM, Customizing Products to different needs, Studying the customers mix & Managing the key customers, Relationship Marketing- Customer Loyalty	To understand CRM how it is useful in decision making of a customer.     To give students an insight about features and functionality of CRM.     To study how to manifest and engage customers loyalty towards product and brand.	
Unit-IV Database Management: Meaning, Importance, Functions of Database sources & uses of E-databases,	Introducing and evaluating new concepts used in Database Management.     To understand the process of	

Techniques of Managing Database- Internal/External, Steps in developing a database, Advantages & Disadvantages of Database Management.	Data management 3. To get insight on advantages and disadvantages of Database management.	
Unit-V Direct Marketing Strategies: Meaning of Marketing Strategies-Why it is needed, Internal & External Analysis, Objectives of Strategies, Creating a Direct Marketing Budget. Direct Marketing Research & Testing: What is customer Lifetime value (LTV), Factors affecting lifetime value, How we use LTV, LTV- sums (3 methods- Present/Historical & Discounted), Using LTV analysis to compare the effectiveness of various marketing strategies.Direct Marketing Analysis: List Selection, Prospecting, Market Segmentation, Product Customization, Response Modeling & Experimentation, Mail order, Lead generation, Circulation, Relationship/Loyalty programs, Store traffic/Site traffic generation, Fund raising, Pre-selling, selling (Cross selling, Up selling), & Post-selling.	1. To understand the importance of strategies in using DIrect marketing as a tool for communication and marketing.  2. How to analysis the results, feedback, and so on, creating and maintaining loyalty through loyalty programs.  3. Students will understand Customer life cycle and how it helps in research and its calculations.	
Unit-VI Direct Marketing as an Integral Part of Integrated Marketing Communication: Meaning, Introduction of IMC, Role of IMC in Marketing Process, Relationship of IMC with Direct MArketing, Importance of IMC, Tools of IMC-Advantages, Sales, Promotion, Publicity, Personal Selling, etc, Person to person, Group Selling, Direct Mail, Direct response Television (DR-TV), Direct Response Print Advertising, Catalogues, Inserts, Videos, E-mail, Trade shows.	1. To introduce IMC and its concepts. 2. It helps in expanding the knowledge for advertising industry along with various campaigns of brand 3. It also helps to understand and compare direct marketing being an Integral part of IMC.	
Unit-VII Future of Direct Marketing Scenario: Growth of Direct Marketing in Future, Indian &	To make students ready for future scope of Direct marketing with practical reality     Understanding not only Indian	

Global Perspective in Direct Marketing	markets but Global	
Unit-VIII Direct Marketing Case Study: Product offering, re-generation, database management & methodology. (Shampoo, Gym, Pre - School.)	1. To discuss few case studies according to the topics covered 2. To study the methods involved in creating and maintaining the database and how to manage it along with re-generation.	

Faculty Name - Ms. Shilpi Dey

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Advertising & Marketing Research** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Fundamentals of research:  a. Research (definitions), importance and objectives of research.  b. Terms and concepts in research such as variables, qualitative and quantitative c. Literature Review and its role in research  d. Stages in Research process	<ol> <li>To study the basic concepts of research.</li> <li>To learn the process of research.</li> <li>To study the importance and objectives of a research in detail.</li> </ol>	CO1- To inculcate the analytical abilities and research skills among the students. CO2- To understand research methodologies – Qualitative vs Quantitative CO3- To discuss the foundations of Research and audience analysis that is imperative to successful advertising. CO4- To understand the scope and techniques of Advertising and Marketing research, and their utility.
Unit-II Hypothesis:  a. Hypothesis b. Hypothesis: Why is it important in research? the types of hypothesis	<ol> <li>To learn the importance of hypothesis.</li> <li>To learn the formation of the hypothesis through research questions.</li> <li>To study various other types of hypothesis and its uses in the research.</li> </ol>	
Unit-III  Research Design:  a. Meaning, definitions, objectives, importance, purpose/scope of research design.  b. Types of research design: Descriptive, Exploratory and Causal.	To learn how research design works as blueprint for a research.     Learning types of research design.	

Unit-IV Sampling:  a. Introduction of sampling, meanings and definitions.  b. Sampling process c. Methods of sampling:  Non- Probability Sampling (Convenient, Judgment, Quota, Snow ball) Probability Sampling (Simple, Random, Systematic, Stratified, Cluster and Multi Stage)	T study different ways through which research samples are collected.     To luren methods of sampling.	
Unit-V Data Collection:  a. Data Collection meaning, why is it important in research?  b. Types of Data and Sources: Primary and Secondary Data Sources.  c. Methods of Collection of Primary Data: Observation, Experimental, Interview method (Personal Interview, Focused Group and In-depth Interviews), Survey, Survey Instrument- Questionnaire Designing, Scaling Techniques (Likert scale, Semantic Differential Scale, Staple Scale and Constant Sum Scale)  d. Projective Techniques-Association, Completion, Construction and Expressive	To understand the basic idea on data collection.     Understanding the types of date collection.	
Unit-VI Report Writing:  a. Essential of a good report b. Content of report c. Steps in writing a report d. Footnotes and bibliography	Larning Basic format of research report writing.	
Unit-VII Advertising Research: a. Introduction to Advertising Research	Learning about advertising research in details.     To study different other types of copy testing.     Learning various other steps in	

b. Copy Research-Concept, Name and Slogan testing C. Copy Testing Measures and Methods: Free Association, Direct Questioning, Direct Mail Tests, Statement Comparison tests. Qualitative Interviews and Focus Groups. d. Pretesting: Meaning and definitions, Importance Types of Pretesting: i. Print Pretesting: consumer Jury test, Portfolio test, Paired Comparison test, Order- off- Merit Lest, Mock Magazine test and Direct Mail test iii. Broad Casting Pretesting-Trailer tests, Theatre tests, Live Telecast tests and Clutter tests. iii. Challenges to Pre-testing: Meaning iv. Post testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-2 testing-3 testing				
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c. Galvanometer d. Voice Pitch analysis e. Brain Pattern Analysis  Unit-VIII  Marketing Research: a. Advertising Research introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research e. Packaging Research	1			
d. Voice Pitch analysis e. Brain Pattern Analysis  Unit-VIII  Marketing Research: a. Advertising Research introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research e. Packaging Research				
e. Brain Pattern Analysis  Unit-VIII  Marketing Research: a. Advertising Research introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research e. Packaging Research	l .			
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Marketing Research: a. Advertising Research introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research	TT ** ***	····	1.1	
a. Advertising Research introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research				
introduction b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research			process in details.	
b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research	a.			
b. New product Research c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research		introduction		
c. Branding Research d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research	b.			
d. Pricing Research e. Packaging Research				
e. Packaging Research				
I. Product lesting				
· '	l t.	Product Testing		
	-			

Faculty Name - Ms. Meenakshi Nadar

**Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:** 

**Course: Contemporary Issues** 

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Ecology and its related concerns: Climate Change & Global warming-causes, consequences & remedial measures. Deforestation- causes, consequences & remedial measures; Coastal Regulatory Zone- need & importance, CRZ Act. Sustainable Development- concept, need & significance. Movements related to Environmental Protection.	To study about the Ecological system.     To study the Hippo effect.     To study renewable and non-renewable resources and its types.	CO1- To understand and analyse some of the present day environmental, political, economic and social concerns and issues. CO2- To highlight the importance of human rights and its implementation in India. CO3- To understand the present day problems and challenges and its implications on development.
Unit-II  (a) Human Rights: UDHAR & its significance, CRC & CEDAW, DRD  (b) Legislative Measures with reference to India: Women: Constitutional Rights & legal Safeguards, Domestic & Family Violence Act 2012, Sexual Harassment Act at the workplace 2013 The Criminal Law Act of 2013 Child: Protection of children from Sexual Offence Act-2012 (POSCO). Child Labor Act with new amendments, Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children Act) 2000. Education: Right to Education act, 2009. Health: National Health policy of 2015, Transplatation of Human Organs act of 2011, Prenatal Diagnostic technique regulation and prevention of misuse amendemnet rules of 2003, prohibition of sale of cigarettes and other tobacco products around educational institution 2004.	1. To study human rights. 2. To study the principle of Substantive equality. 3. To study the POSCO act. 4. To study the objectives of health policy.	

Unit-III Political Concerns & Challenges: Crime & Politics, Corruption- Causes & remedial measures, RTI Act, LokPal Bill, WhistleBlowers Protection Act, 2011 Anti-State Violence- Naxalism & its impact; Insurgery with reference to North East- Issues involved, ULFA, Nagas, Manipur issue, AFSPA & its impact. Terrorism- causes, consequences & remedial measures.	1. To study the analysis of Lok sabha election. 2. To study the top corruption scams in India. 3. To study the salient features of Jan Lokpal Bill. 4. To study the role of NNc, NFA and NFG.	
Unit-IV Economic Development & Challenges: The Role of MIDC in the Economic Development of Maharashtra, Special Economic Zone- Its Role & Significance in Maharashtra. Food Security Act, 2013; Agrarian Issues: Rural Indebtedness, Farmers Suicides and its Implications.	<ol> <li>To study the contribution of MIDC in economic sectores.</li> <li>To study about the Mid day meal rule, 2015</li> <li>To study the benefits of the farmers.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Social Development & Challenges: Tribal Issues: Marginalisation of the Tribals, Forest Rights Act, Land Acquisition Act; Police Reforms- Problems faced by Police and the Need for Reforms; Illegal Immigration from Bangladesh- Challenges & Impact; Developmental Issues- Displacement & Rehabilitation.	1/ to study the causes of the trial movement and its tpe. 2. To study the categorization of the tribal movements. 3. To study the controversy over Land Acquisition Bill.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Sohrab Vakharia

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Digital Media
TYBMM SEM-VI

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction to Digital Media: Understanding Digital media, Principles, Keys Concepts, Evolution of the Internet, Traditional v Digital.	<ol> <li>Introduction to Digital media and its key concepts</li> <li>To learn about its evolution and principles.</li> <li>To differ traditional media and digital media.</li> </ol>	CO1- Understand digital marketing platform CO2- Understand the key goals and stages of digital campaigns CO3- Understand the of use key digital marketing tools CO4- Learn to develop digital

		marketing plans
Unit-II Search Engine Optimization (SEO):  1. What are Search Engines: Types of Search Engines, How Search Engines work and how they rank websites based upon a search term?  2. Introduction To SEO and what is involves:  3. What is the importance of searching for websites? What are the areas of operation for Search Engine Optimization Professionals? How do you search for the right keywords that will bring in the most traffic?  4. What is On- Page Optimization?: 5. Keyword Research with Google Keyword Planner, Page Naming (URL Structuring) and Folder Naming, What are Meta Tags, Redirection Tags. 6. What is Off- Page Optimization?: 7. What are Backlinks?, How to Get Backlinks? What is Google Pagerank? How to Increase the Page Rank?  8. Search Engine's Algorithms: What are Search Engines Algorithms? How Algorithms Work? Page Rank Technology, Why a Search penalizes a website, Google Panda Update.	1. To understand SEO (On-page and Off- page) in detail 2. Importance of websites and keywords 3. To study the algorithms and its mechanisms.	
Unit-III Social Media: 1.Introduction: Definition of Social Media, Types of Social Media, How Social Media is affecting Google Search, Integrating social media into websites and blogs. 2. Using Facebook: What can You do with Facebook, Facebook Features, Facebook Fan Pages, Facebook Pages. How to	To introduce students to the social world and medium of communication.     Learning various platforms of social media and its tools used in evaluating campaigns analysis.     To understand blogging and create blogs, as a tool for communication to the online audiences.	

promote your Facebook page, Creating Facebook Application / Widget, Linking with Youtube, Creating Events, Building content Calendar. 3. Using Twitter: Following And Listening, Tools for managing your Tweets, Finding People and Companies on Twitter, Twitter Tools, Reputation Management, Keyword Research, Hashtags and Trends Tools Influence on Twitter: TweetDeck, Klout, PeerIndex. 4. Using LinkedIn: Lead Generation through Individual Profiles, Lead Generation as Enterprise: Company Page Ads, Developer API, Groups. 5. Using Blogs: How Blogging can be used as a		
tool.		
Unit-IV Tools and Trends: 1. Key terms and concepts 2. Web analytics 3. Tracking Tools to enhance lead nurturing Tracking and Collecting Data: Log file analysis, Page tagging.	<ol> <li>To introduce students to online marketing channels.</li> <li>To understand Google Adwords and PPC (Pay per Click)</li> <li>Understanding web analytics and its tools.</li> </ol>	
Unit-V Features of a Website: 1. Homepage 2. Links 3. Navigation 4. Multimedia	1. To introduce students to websites along with its concepts and how it helps businesses to get business. 2. To explain in detail the features of a website. 3. HTML & HTTP	
Unit-VI Content Writing: 1. Blog 2. Twitter 3. Mobile	To create an appropriate content for utilization on the internet.     Learning skills and qualities required for content writing on various online sites, applications and websites.	
Unit-VII New Challengers:	To understand cyber crimes and its types.     Challenges of new media / Digital media	

1. Cyber Crime and Challenges of the new media	3. To create an awareness in students related to pros and cons of new media.	
Unit-VIII Cyber Laws: 1. Information Technology Act 2. Copyrights and its importance 3. Ethics 4. Digital Security	<ol> <li>To learn about cyber laws</li> <li>Case studies related to each law so as to better understand the real world.</li> <li>Ethics in Digital Media.</li> </ol>	

# Faculty Name - Mr. Nilesh Rughani

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Financial Management for Marketing & Advertising

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I Introduction of Financial Management: Meaning of Financial Management, Definition, Goals, Functions, Role of Finance in Marketing and Advertising. Types of Finance, Owned and Borrowed, Long term and Short Term Finance, Sources of Long Term and Short Term Finance.	<ol> <li>To study the features of Corporate Finance.</li> <li>To study the objective of financial management.</li> <li>To study the relationship between finance function and production function.</li> <li>To study the emerging role of Finance Manager in India.</li> </ol>	CO1- To provide a brief over view of the basic concepts, goals functions and types of finance available for new and existing business and marketing units. CO2- To enable the understanding of the need for financial planning through Budgets and their benefits. CO3- To enable students to evaluate the financial implications of marketing decisions through simple analytical tools.
Unit-II Financial Planning and Budgets: 1. Financial Planning for a Marketing Unit through budgets, Pro Forma Financial Statements and Spreadsheets. 2. Budgeting, Types of Budgeting, Functional Budgets, Master budget, Zero based budget, Sales Budget, Cash Budget (Application from Sales Budget and Cash Budget only) 3. Elements of Marketing Budgets, Advertising Agency Budget, Budgeting for Films, Broadcast Print and Electronic Media.	1. To learn in detail business plan and financial plan along with its techniques. 2. To learn Budegtary Control and its steps 3. To study various budgeting types (Sales & Cash) and elements involved in marketing budgets 4. To slove problems/ sums in class to get the origanisational finance more clear.	

Unit-III Working Capital Estimation: Working Capital- Concept of Operating Cycle, Types of Working Capital, Factors influencing Working Capital, Methods of Calculating Working Capital (Theory and Basic Application)	To study working capital and concepts of Operating cycles     Capital Financing approaches and factors influencing Working Capital     To study and practise during lectures various methods of calculating Working Capital	
Unit-IV Financial Statements and Ratio Analysis: 1. Vertical Financial Statements, Financial Decision making using Financial Statement Analysis. 2. Ratio Analysis- Debt Equity Ratio, Current Ratio, Proprietary Ratio, Stock To Working Capital Ratio, Gross Profit Ratio, Net profit ratio, Operating Ratio, Debtors Turnover Ratio, Creditors turnover Ratio, Selling Expenditure Ratio.	1. To understand Financial Statements, Balance- sheet and parties interested in Financial statements 2. To study Ratio analysis of the operations of an enterprise. 3. To solve Illustrations in class during for better understanding (Theory and Applications)	
Unit-V Introduction of Costing 1. Costing- Types of Cost- their Relevance in Marketing Decision making. 2. Classification of costs- Traceability, Functionality and Level of Activity. 3. Estimation of Profit/ Loss using Cost Volume Profit Analysis- Break Even Analysis, Calculation of Profit Volume Ratio, Break- even Point, Margin of Safety, Sales required in Units and Rupees (Theory and Application)	1. To understand and learn Cost, importance of costing in marketing decisions and Cost Accounting.  2. To classify cost into three (3) different parameters.  3. Estimating Profit/ Loss on the basis on analysis of cost volume  4. Solving sums boosts students calculations techniques and better, understanding of topics and subject.	

Faculty Name - Mr. Sham Mane

Program: Bachelor's in Mass Media:

Course: Advertising Ethics and Legal Environment

Unit No. & Name	Unit Outcomes	Course Outcomes
Unit-I	1. To understand the legal	CO1- To acquaint students to the

Legal Environment: Importance & relationship between Self-Regulation, Ethics & the law; Constitutional Laws- Fundamental Rights;  Personal Laws- Criminal & Civil Laws; Corporate Laws; Consumer Laws; Laws pertaining to Media;  Laws of Defamation & Contempt of court with respect to cases specific to media.	environment and its regulation.  2. To learn about the basic fundamental human rights.  3. To study about various laws in detail, learning with examples.	Legal Environment in contemporary India highlighting the relevance of the same with reference to Advertising media. CO2- To emphasise & reiterate the need to have ethical practices in the field of advertising media both in India & internationally. CO3- To appreciate the role of advertising in contemporary consumerism, the need for consumer awareness & consumer protection. CO4- Advertising as a profession today & how to protect it the future of advertising a. The socio – economic criticisms b. Why Advertising needs to be socially responsible? c. The need for Critiques in Advertising CO5- The syllabus has been redesigned to include advertising in both traditional & New Media.
Unit-II Government Policies & Cyber Laws: Government Policies governing advertisements; The role of Prasar Bharati for advertisements in Public Broadcast Services; Cyber laws including Section 66	Learning about cyber law and cyber securities.     To study about broadcasting body in detail and its role in smooth running of broadcasting.     Understanding the Internet cyberspace and RTI act.	
Laws pertaining to advertising in cyberspace; Net Neutrality & its relevance in Media ,Right to Information Act.		
Unit-III Laws pertaining to Media: Contract between Advertiser & Agency; Drugs & Cosmetic Act; Drugs & Magical Remedies; Drugs Price Control Act; Emblems & Names Act Intellectual Property Rights-Copyright Act, Trade Mark Act, Patents Act	To study media laws and the format of media agency contract.     Understanding government laws for drugs and magical remedies.     Brief study about the citizenship, title and emblem.	
Unit-IV Ethics in Advertising: Ethics & Philosophy of Ethics;	<ol> <li>To study about ethics to be followed in advertising.</li> <li>Learning about the perspective</li> </ol>	

Ethics in Advertising & Stereotyping: Religious, Racial, Ethnic, Cultural Minorities, Senior Citizens, Children, Women, LGBT. Advertising of Controversial products, Surrogate & Subliminal Advertising, Political Advertising, Manipulation of Advertising Research.  Bodies maintaining Code of Ethics- ASCI, AAAI, BCCC, IBF, Censor board for Films, Press Council	related to certain category of advertising.  3. Understanding about certain government and non-government bodies maintaining codes of ethics.	
Unit-V Unfair Trade Practices & the Competition Act 2002: Unfair Trade Practices & Restrictive Trade Practices to Consumers; Unfair Trade Practices & Restrictive to other organizations in the industry; The role of the Commission of the Competition Act 2002 in resolving cases of Unfair & Restrictive Trade Practices.	1. To study about the unfair selling of products to the customers and the action can be taken on the manufacturer.	
Unit-VI Consumer Protection: Government initiatives including Standardization, Consumer Law & Non-Government Initiatives: Consumerism; Standardization Bodies- AGMARK, BIS, FSSAI, FPO, ISO, FDA, CMMI, Six Sigma & CE.  Standardization marks- ISI, AGMARK, BIS- Hallmark,	1. To study about consumer protection on buying an appropriate product with various signs and symbols as an indication for making a purchase.  2. Government initiatives to support the citizens with respect to foodgrains.  3. To learn about customers care centres.	
Silkmark, Woolmark, Cotton, Forever mark;  Laws- Essential Commodities Act 1955, Consumer Protection Act 1986, Standards of Weights & Measures Act, Prevention of Food Adulteration Act 14.  Other Initiatives: Public Distribution System, CGSI, CFPB, CERC, Grahak Panchayat, Customer Care Centres.		

Unit-VII Advertising & Society: Creating Artificial Needs, Idealizing the 'Good Life', Encouraging instant gratification & a throwaway society, Creating unrealistic Ideal Characteristics, Manipulation by Advertising.	To study on how advertising influence customers thought process.	
Advertising & Social Responsibility: A study of Vance Packard-The Hidden Persuaders (1957), A study of Jean Kilbourne- Can't buy My Love, A study of Naomi Klein- No Logo, A study of Naomi Wolf- The Beauty Myth, A study of Noam Chomsky- Understanding Power.		

# Program: Bachelors of Science in (Information Technology)

# **Program Outcomes:**

Students of all undergraduate general degree Programs in Science at the time of graduation will be able to:

**PO1:** Critical Thinking: Take informed actions after identifying the assumptions that frame our thinking

and actions, checking out the degree to which these assumptions are accurate and valid, and looking at

our ideas and decisions (intellectual, organizational, and personal) from different perspectives.

**PO2:** Effective Communication: Speak, read, write and listen clearly in person and through electronic

media in English and in one Indian language, and make meaning of the world by connecting people,

ideas, books, media, and technology.

**PO3:** Social Interaction: Elicit views of others, mediate disagreements and help reach conclusion and

help reach conclusions in group settings.

**PO4:** Effective Citizenship: Demonstrate empathetic social concern and equality-centered national

development, and the ability to act with an informed awareness of issues and participate in civic life

through volunteering.

**PO5:** Ethics: Recognize different value systems including your own, understand the moral dimensions of

your decisions, and accept responsibility for them.

**PO6:** Environment and Sustainability: Understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable

development.

**PO7:** Self-directed and Life-long Learning: Acquire the ability to engage independent and life-long

learning in the broadest context of socio-technological changes.

# **Programme Specific Outcome**

**PSO1:** Understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient design of computer-based systems of varying complexity.

**PSO2:** Apply standard Software Engineering practices and strategies in software project development using an open-source programming environment to deliver a quality product for business success.

**PSO3:** Be acquainted with contemporary issues, the latest trends in technological development and thereby innovate new ideas and solutions to existing problems.

**PSO4:** Apply the knowledge of Technology, Mathematics, Networks, and computing in the core information technologies.

**PSO5:** Identity, design, and analyze complex computer software systems and implement and interpret the results from those systems.

**PSO6:** Analyze the local and global impact of computing on individuals, organizations, and society.

#### **Course Outcomes**

### FYBSC IT – SEM 1

Course: USIT101 Imperative Programming

UNIT NO & NAME		COURSE
		OUTCOMES
UNIT I:	U1-01 -	CO1 - To develop
	Understand Fundamentals of	the programming

#### **Introduction:**

Types of Programming languages, History, features and application. Simple program logic, program development cycle, pseudocode statements and flowchart symbols, sentinel value to end a program, programming and user environments, evolution of programming models., desirable program characteristics. **Fundamentals**:

Structure of a program. Compilation and Execution of a Program, Character Set, identifiers and keywords, data types, constants, variables and arrays, declarations, expressions, statements, Variable definition, symbolic constants.

Programming
U1-02 - Exploring C
Programming
U1-03 - Classifying Data
using Data types in C
Programming

fundamentals of basic c language.

CO2 - To understand the fundamentals of programming such as condition,

using

iterative execution, variable.

skills

CO3 - To impart the knowledge about pointers which is the backbone of effective memory handling.

CO4 - To teach the basics of preprocessors available with C compiler.

CO5 - To understand the procedural oriented programming concept.

CO6 - To enable Learners to develop the logic of the program.

#### UNIT II

#### **Operators and Expressions:**

Arithmetic operators, unary operators, relational and logical operators, assignment operators, assignment operators, the conditional operator, library functions.

#### **Data Input and output:**

Single character input and output, entering input data, scanf function, printf function, gets and puts functions, interactive programming.

U2 - 01 - Managing Input and Output Operations U2 - 02 - Performing Mathematical and Logical functions: Operators and Expressions

UNIT III	U3 - 01 - Controlling the	
	Program Order: Decision	
<b>Conditional Statements and Loops:</b>	Making	
Decision Making Within A Program,	U3 - 02 - Repeating Sequence	
Conditions, Relational Operators,	of Instructions: Loops	
Logical Connectives, If Statement, If-	U3 - 03 - Understand Group of	
Else Statement, Loops: While Loop,	Statements: Functions	
Do While, For Loop. Nested Loops,	Statements. Tanetions	
Infinite Loops, Switch Statement		
Functions:		
Overview, defining a function,		
accessing a function, passing		
arguments to a function, specifying		
prototypes, recursion, modular programming and functions, standard		
library of c functions, prototype of a		
function: parameter list, return type,		
function call, block structure, passing		
arguments to a function: call by		
reference, call by value.		
UNIT IV	U4 - 01 - Arranging the Same	
UNITIV	Data Systematically: Arrays	
<b>Program structure</b> : Storage classes,	U4 -02 - Learn Characters	
automatic variables, external		
variables, static variables, multifile	Arrays	
programs, more library functions, Pre-		
processor: Features, #define and		
*		
#include, Directives and Macros		
Arrays:		
Definition, processing, passing arrays		
to functions, multidimensional arrays,		
arrays and strings.	II5 01 Storing Different	
UNIT V	U5 - 01- Storing Different	
Pointers:	Data Types in Same Memory: Structures and Unions	
Fundamentals, declarations, Pointers	U5 - 02 - Pointing to a	
Address Operators, Pointer Type	Location: Pointers	
Declaration, Pointer Assignment,		
Pointer Initialization, Pointer		
Arithmetic, Functions and Pointers,		
Arrays And Pointers, Pointer Arrays,		
passing functions to other functions		
Structures and Unions:		
Structure Variables, Initialization,		
Structure Assignment, Nested		ļ .

Structure, Structures and Functions,
Structures and Arrays: Arrays of
Structures, Structures Containing
Arrays, Unions, Structures and
pointers.

Course: USIT102 Digital Electronics

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Number System: Analog System, digital system, numbering system, binary number system, octal number system, hexadecimal number system, conversion from one number system to another, floating point numbers, weighted codes binary coded decimal, non-weighted codes Excess – 3 code, Gray code, Alphanumeric codes – ASCII Code, EBCDIC, ISCII Code, Hollerith Code, Morse Code, Teletypewriter (TTY), Error detection and correction, Universal Product Code, Code conversion.  Binary Arithmetic: Binary addition, Binary subtraction, Negative number representation, Subtraction using 1's complement and 2's complement, Binary multiplication and division, Arithmetic in octal number system, Arithmetic in hexadecimal number system, BCD and Excess – 3 arithmetic	U1-01 Students learned the difference between Analog System and Digital System U1-02 Understanding different number system and their conversions. U1-03 Understanding weighted codes and non-weighted codes U1-04 Analyzing Error Detection and Error Correction codes with examples U1-05 Enable students to solve binary arithmetic problems	CO1 - Course Outcomes: concepts and techniques used in digital electronics. CO2 - Have a detailed understanding of the fundamentals CO3 - Understand and Convert different type of codes and number systems which are used in digital communication and computer system. CO4 - Analyze different typs of digital electronic circuit using various mapping and logical tools and know the techniques to prepare simplified circuit using various mapping and mathematical methods. CO5 - Understand different types of logic gates and the relationship between logic gates. CO6 - Develop a digital logic and apply it to solve real life problems. CO7 - Understand, Analyze, design and

UNIT II:	U2-01 Understanding	implement combinational and sequential logic circuits.  CO8 - Enable students to develop skill to build digital circuits.
Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates: Introduction, Logic (AND OR NOT), Boolean theorems, Boolean Laws, De Morgan's Theorem, Perfect Induction, Reduction of Logic expression using Boolean Algebra, Deriving Boolean expression from given circuit, exclusive OR and Exclusive NOR gates, Universal Logic gates, Implementation of other gates using universal gates, Input bubbled logic, Assertion level.  Minterm, Maxterm and Karnaugh Maps: Introduction, minterms and sum of minterm form, maxterm and Product of maxterm form, Reduction technique using Karnaugh maps — 2/3/4/5/6 variable K-maps, Grouping of variables in K-maps, K-maps for product of sum form, minimize Boolean expression using K-map and obtain K-map from Boolean expression, Quine Mc Cluskey Method.	and Solving Boolean Algebra problems. U2-02 Learning Basic Gates, Universal Gates, and Other gates U2-03 Understanding Minterms and Maxtrems U2-04 Understanding and solving reduction techniques using Karnaugh maps. U2-05 Understanding and solving reduction techniques using Quine Mc Cluskey Method.	
Combinational Logic Circuits: Introduction, Multi-input, multi- output Combinational circuits, Code converters design and implementations Arithmetic Circuits: Introduction, Adder, BCD Adder, Excess – 3 Adder, Binary Subtractors, BCD Subtractor, Multiplier, Comparator. UNIT IV:	U3-01 Designing and implementing Combinational Logic Circuits U3-02 UndestandingCode converters design and implementations U3-03 Learning different Arithmetic Circuits U4-01 Designing and implementing	

Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, ALU,	Multiplexer and De-
Encoder and Decoder:	multiplexer
Introduction, Multiplexer,	<u> </u>
Demultiplexer, Decoder, ALU,	= = =
Encoders.	and Decoder
<b>Sequential Circuits:</b>	U4-03 Learning
Flip-Flop: Introduction,	<u> </u>
Terminologies used, S-R flip-flop, D	U4-04 Designing and
flip-fop, JK flipflop, Race-around	learning various
condition, Master – slave JK flip-	Flipflops and their
flop, T flip-flop, conversion from	conversions
one type of flip-flop to another,	
Application of flipflops.	
UNIT V:	U5-01 Designing and
	implementing
Counters:	Asynchronous counters
Introduction, Asynchronous	U5-02 Learning
counter, Terms related to counters,	functions of different
IC 7493 (4-bit binary counter),	IC's 7490, 7492.
Synchronous counter, Bushing,	U5-03 Learning Shift
Type T Design, Type JK Design,	
Presettable counter, IC 7490, IC	U5-04 Designing and
7492, Synchronous counter ICs,	implementing
Analysis of counter circuits.	Synchronous counters
Shift Register:	U5-05 Analyzing IC
Introduction, parallel and shift	8
	$\mathcal{E}$
	Displays
7 1	
registers, serial shifting, serial—in serial— out, serial—in parallel—out, parallel—in parallel—out, Ring counter, Johnson counter, Applications of shift registers, Pseudo-random binary sequence generator, IC7495, Seven Segment displays, analysis of shift counters.	Seven Segment Displays

Course: USIT103 Operating Systems

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT I:	U1 - 01 - Understand	CO1 Analyze the
	fundamental operating	structure and functions
<b>Introduction:</b> What is an operating	system abstractions such	of operating systems.
system? History of operating	as processes, threads, files,	CO2 Understand role of
system, computer hardware,	semaphores, IPC	operating system as
different operating systems,	abstractions, shared	process manager,
operating system concepts, system	memory regions, etc.	resource manager, file
calls, operating system structure.	U1 - 02 - Analyze	system manager,

Processes and Threads: Processes, threads, interprocess communication, scheduling, IPC problems.	Processes & threads	memory manager and I/O manager  CO3 Understand the Mutual exclusion and Deadlock detection  CO4 Understand
		benefits of cloud and virtualization.  CO5 Understand differences of three types of computing: multiprocessor, multicomputer and distributed systems
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - Analyze	· · · · · <b>/</b> · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Memory Management: No memory abstraction: address spaces, virtual memory, page replacement algorithms, design issues for paging systems, implementation issues, segmentation.  File Systems: Files, directories, file system implementation, file-system management and optimization, MS-DOS file system, UNIX V7 file system, CD ROM file system.	important algorithms eg. Process scheduling and memory management algorithms U2 - 02 - Understand the different types of files & directories U2 - 03 - Applying algorithms in OS	
UNIT – III	U3 - 01 - Understands the	
Input-Output: Principles of I/O	use of different process	
hardware, Principles of I/O software, I/O software layers, disks,	scheduling algorithm and synchronization	
clocks, user interfaces: keyboard,	techniques to avoid	
mouse, monitor, thin clients, power	deadlock	
management,	U3 - 02 - Evaluate the	
<b>Deadlocks:</b> Resources, introduction	operating system's resource management	
to deadlocks, the ostrich algorithm, deadlock detection and recovery,	resource management techniques, deadlock	
deadlock avoidance, deadlock	management techniques,	
prevention, issues.	memory management	
TINITE IN	techniques.	
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 - Understanding the different types of	
Virtualization and Cloud: History,	hypervisors	
requirements for virtualization, type	U4 - 02 - Analyzing	
1 and 2 hypervisors, techniques for	different processor	

efficient virtualization, hypervisor microkernels, memory virtualization, I/O virtualization, Virtual appliances, virtual machines on multicore CPUs, Clouds.  Multiple Processor Systems: Multiprocessors, multicomputers, distributed systems.	systems U4 - 03 - Evaluate between multiprocessors, multicomputers & distributed system	
Case Study on LINUX and ANDROID: History of Unix and Linux, Linux Overview, Processes in Linux, Memory management in Linux, I/O in Linux, Linux file system, security in Linux. Android Case Study on Windows: History of windows through Windows 10, programming windows, system structure, processes and threads in windows, memory management, caching in windows, I/O in windows, Windows NT file system, Windows power management, Security in windows.	U5 - 01 - Understands different types of operating systems U5 - 02 - Remembering different types of functioning in different types of Microsoft Windows.	

Course: USIT104 Discrete Mathematics

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT I:	U1 - 01 -	CO1 Gain experience in
	Understands the	using various techniques of
<b>Introduction</b> : Variables, The	various languages.	mathematical induction to
Language of Sets, The Language of	U1 - 02 -	prove simple mathematical
Relations and Function	Remembering the	properties of a variety of
<b>Set Theory</b> : Definitions and the	different definitions	discrete structures.
Element Method of Proof, Properties of	and the Element.	CO2 Be able to apply basic
Sets, Disproofs, Algebraic Proofs,	U1 -03 - Applying	counting techniques to
Boolean Algebras, Russell's Paradox	and analyzing the	solve combinatorial
and the Halting Problem.	logic of compound	problems.
The Logic of Compound Statements:	statements.	CO3 Be able to specify and
Logical Form and Logical		manipulate basic
Equivalence, Conditional Statements,		mathematical objects such
Valid and Invalid Arguments.		as sets, functions, and

Statements Elementary Number Theory and Methods of Proof: Introduction to Direct Proofs, Rational Numbers, Divisibility, Division into Cases and the Quotient-Remainder Theorem,	erstands the rent statements 02-embering the rent methods of f and theorem.
Sequences, Mathematical Induction,underandRecursion:Sequences,MathematicalInduction,StrongSequences,	nematical
Correctness of algorithms, defining sequences recursively, solving recurrence relations by iteration, Second order linear homogenous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. general recursive definitions and structural induction.  Functions: Functions Defined on General Sets, One-to-One and Onto, Inverse Functions, Composition of Functions, Cardinality with Applications to Computability	rsion02- Learning rent types of

Relations: Relations on Sets,	the various types of
Reflexivity, Symmetry, and	Relations.
Transitivity,	U4 -02 - Analyzing
Equivalence Relations, Partial Order	the Graphs & trees.
Relations	-
Graphs and Trees: Definitions and	
Basic Properties, Trails, Paths, and	
Circuits, Matrix Representations of	
Graphs, Isomorphism's of Graphs,	
Trees, Rooted Trees, Isomorphism's of	
Graphs, Spanning trees and shortest	
paths.	
UNIT V:	U5 - 01 - leaning to
Counting and Probability:	count the number of
Introduction, Possibility Trees and the	times an event could
Multiplication Rule, Possibility Trees	occur.
and the Multiplication Rule, Counting	
Elements of Disjoint Sets: The	
Addition Rule, The Pigeonhole	
Principle, Counting Subsets of a Set:	
Combinations, r-Combinations with	
Repetition Allowed, Probability	
Axioms and Expected Value,	
Conditional Probability, Bayes'	
Formula, and Independent Events.	

Course: USIT105 Communication Skills

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT I: The Seven Cs of Effective Communication: Completeness, Conciseness, Consideration, Concreteness, Clarity, Courtesy, Correctness Understanding Business Communication: Nature and Scope of Communication, Non-verbal Communication, Cross-cultural communication, Technology-enabled Business Communication.	U1 - 01 - Understanding the 7Cs of Communication skills .  U1-02- Analyzing and Applying	CO1 Apply business communication strategies and principles to prepare effective communication for domestic and international business situations.  CO2 Identify ethical, legal, cultural, and global issues affecting business communication.  CO3 Utilize analytical and problem-solving skills appropriate to
		skills appropriate to business communication.
		CO4 Participate in team
		activities that lead to the
		development of

collaborative work skills. CO5 Select appropriate organizational formats and channels used in developing and presenting business messages. **CO6** Compose and revise accurate business documents using computer technology. CO7 Communicate via electronic mail, Internet, and other technologies. CO8 Deliver an effective business oral presentation. CO9 To be familiar with complete course the outline/Course Objectives/Learning Outcomes/ & Evaluation Pattern Assignments **CO10** To participate in an online learning environment successfully by developing the implication-based understanding of Paraphrasing, deciphering instructions, interpreting guidelines, discussion boards & Referencing Styles. **CO11** To demonstrate his/her ability to write error free while making an optimum use of correct Business Vocabulary & Grammar. **CO12** To distinguish among various levels of organizational communication and communication barriers developing while an understanding of Communication

		process in an organization. CO13 To draft effective business correspondence with brevity and clarity. CO14 To stimulate their Critical thinking by designing and developing clean and lucid writing Skills. CO15 To demonstrate his verbal and non-verbal communication ability through presentations.
UNIT II:	U2 - 01 - Applying	<u> </u>
	and learning the	
Writing Business Messages and	writing of Business	
<b>Documents:</b> Business writing, Business	messages and documents	
Correspondence, Instructions	GOCUMENTS	
Business Reports and Proposals, Career	U2 - 02 -	
building and Resume writing.	Understanding and	
<b>Developing Oral Communication</b>	remembering the	
Skills for Business:	development of Oral	
Effective Listening, Business	communication skills	
Presentations and Public	for business	
Speaking, Conversations, Interview		
UNIT III:	U3 - 01 - Analyzing	
Developing Oral Communication	and Evaluating the	
Developing Oral Communication Skills for Business:	development of Oral	
	communication skills for business	
Meetings and Conferences, Group Discussions and Team	101 Dusiness	
Presentations, Team Briefing,	U3 - 02 -	
Understanding Specific	Understanding and	
Communication Needs:	Remembering	
Communication across Functional	specific	
Areas	communication needs	
UNIT IV:	U4 - 01 - Analyzing	
	and Evaluating or	
Understanding Specific	Understanding	
Communication Needs:	specific	
Corporate Communication, Persuasive Strategies in Business	communication needs	
Communication, Ethics in Business		
Communication, Business		
Communication Aids		
Communication Alus	<u> </u>	

UNIT V:	U5 - 01 - Learning
	and Understanding
<b>Presentation Process:</b> Planning the	the different ways of
presentations, executing the	presentation process .
presentations, Impressing the audience	
by performing, Planning stage:	U5 - 02 - Creating and
Brainstorming, mind maps / concept	applying the graphics
maps, executing stage: chunking theory,	to your presentation .
creating outlines, Use of templates.	
Adding graphics to your presentation:	
Visual communication, Impress stage:	
use of font, colour, layout, Importance of	
practice and performance.	

# **Course Outcomes**

# FYBSC IT – SEM 2

Course: USIT201 Object oriented Programming

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT - I	U1 -01- Learning about	CO1: Students will understand the
<b>Object</b> Oriented	what exactly the object	need of object oriented
Methodology:	oriented is.	programming, fundamental
Introduction, Advantages and		concepts
Disadvantages of Procedure		and will be able to solve
Oriented	U1 -02- Understands the	computational problems using
Languages, what is Object	principles of OOPs.	basic constructs like if-else,
Oriented? What is Object		control structures, array, strings in
Oriented		Java environment.
Development? Object Oriented		CO2: Student will understand how
Themes, Benefits and		to model the real world scenario
Application of		using class diagram and be
OOPS.		able to exhibit communication
Principles of OOPS:		between objects using sequence

	T	
OOPS Paradigm, Basic		diagram.
Concepts of OOPS:		CO3: Students will be able to
Objects, Classes, Data		implement relationships between
		-
Abstraction and Data		classes.
Encapsulation,		CO4: Students will be able to
Inheritance, Polymorphism,		demonstrate various collection
Dynamic Binding, Message		classes.
Passing		CO5: Students will be able to
		create and user interfaces and
		packages
		1 0
		CO6: The students will be able to
		demonstrate programs on
		exceptions, multithreading and
		applets.
UNIT - II	U2 -01- Understands the	
Classes and Objects:	classes and Objects in	
ŭ	]	
Simple classes (Class specification, class	OOPs.	
members accessing), Defining		
member functions, passing		
	Constructors and	
3		
argument, Returning object		
from functions, friend classes,		
Pointer to		
object, Array of pointer to		
object.		
<b>Constructors</b> and		
Destructors:		
Introduction, Default		
· ·		
Constructor,		
Parameterized Constructor and		
examples, Destructors		
UNIT - III	U3 -01- Understands the	
Polymorphism:	concept of overloading.	
Concept of function	1	
overloading, overloaded		
operators, overloading unary		
	III2 02 Analyza the Vietual	
	U3 -02- Analyze the Virtual	
$\mathcal{L}$	functions.	
comparison operator,		
overloading arithmetic		
assignment operator, Data		
Conversion between objects		
and basic types,		
Virtual Functions:		
Introduction and need, Pure		
Virtual Functions,		

Static Functions, this Pointer,		
abstract classes, virtual		
destructors.		
UNIT IV:	U4 -01- Understand the	
Program development using	concept of inheritance and	
<b>Inheritance:</b> Introduction,	types of inheritance.	
understanding inheritance,		
Advantages provided by		
inheritance, [1	U4 -02- Learning the	
choosing the access specifier, c	concept of Exception	
Derived class declaration,	handling.	
derived class		
constructors, class hierarchies,		
multiple inheritance,		
multilevel		
inheritance, containership,		
hybrid inheritance.		
Exception Handling:		
Introduction, Exception		
Handling Mechanism,		
Concept of throw & catch with		
example		
UNIT V:	U5 -01- Understand the	
Templates:	concept of Templates.	
Introduction, Function		
Template and examples, Class U	U5 -02- Working and	
Template and examples.	creating various files	
Working with Files:		
Introduction, File Operations,		
Various File		
Modes, File Pointer and their		
Manipulation		

Course: USIT202 Microprocessor Architecture

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Microprocessor, microcomputers, and Assembly Language: Microprocessor, Microprocessor Instruction Set and Computer Languages, From Large Computers to Single-Chip Microcontrollers, Applications. Microprocessor Architecture and Microcomputer System: Microprocessor Architecture and its operation's, Memory, I/O Devices, Microcomputer System, Logic Devices and Interfacing, Microprocessor-Based System Application. 8085 Microprocessor Architecture	U1-O1 Understanding Microprocessor Concepts, Microcomputers. U1-O2 Learning large computers to small chip microcontrollers. U1-O3 Understanding microprocessor internal Architecture and pin configuration. U1-O4 Study of Microprocessor based system applications. U1-O5 Learning 8155 memory segment, memory interfacing. U1-O6 Illustration of memory design for MCTS project.	CO1:Describe the architecture & organization of 8085 Microprocessor. CO2: Understand and classify the instruction set of 8085 microprocessor and distinguish the use of different instructions and apply it in assembly language
		Pro microprocessors, Core processors and SUN SPARC procesor.
	interfacing of IO Devices Concepts, U2-02 Distinguishing memory mapped IO and peripheral mapped IO. U2-03 Programming using 8085 assembly language.	

Instruction Classification, Instruction,	Programming model and 8085 Instruction	
Data and Storage, Writing		
assembling and Execution of a simple	U2-05 Understanding various debugging	
<u> </u>	techniques.	
Instruction Set, Writing and Assembling		
Program.		
Introduction to 8085 Instructions:		
Data Transfer Operations, Arithmetic Operations, Logic		
Operation,		
Branch Operation, Writing Assembly Languages Programs,		
Debugging		
a Program. UNIT-3:Programming Techniques	U3-01 Laerning	
With Additional Instructions:	Instruction	
Programming Techniques: Looping, Counting and Indexing,	Classifications U3-02Learning various	
Additional Data Transfer and 16-	assembly language	
Bit Arithmetic Instructions, Arithmetic Instruction Related to	programs and coding techniques	
Memory, Logic Operations:	U3-03 Illustartion of	
	counters and time dalys U3-04 Demonstation of	
Dynamic Debugging.	stacks and subroutines.	
Counters and Time Delays: Counters and Time Delays,	U3-05 Learning advanced subroutine	
Illustrative Program: Hexadecimal		
Counter, Illustrative Program: zero-to-nine		
(Modulo Ten) Counter, Generating		
Pulse Waveforms, Debugging Counter and Time-Delay		
Programs.		
Stacks and Sub-Routines: Stack, Subroutine, Restart,		
Conditional Call, Return		
Instructions, Advanced Subroutine concepts.		
UNIT-4:Code Conversion, BCD	U4-01 Learning code	
Arithmetic, and 16-Bit Data	conversion techniques.	
Operations: BCD-to-Binary Conversion,	U4-02 Application of code conversion	
Binary-to-BCD Conversion, BCD-		

toSeven-Segment-LED Code	U4-03 Learning	
Conversion, Binary-to-ASCII and	advanced instructions	
ASCIIto-Binary Code Conversion,	and its applications.	
BCD Addition, BCD Subtraction,	U4-04 Understanding	
Introduction To Advanced	Assemblers, cross	
Instructions and Applications,	assemblers.	
Multiplication, Subtraction With	U4-05 Analyzing	
Carry.	Vectored Interrupts	
Software Development System and		
Assemblers:		
Microprocessors-Based Software		
Development system, Operating		
System and Programming Tools,		
Assemblers and Cross-Assemblers,		
Writing Program Using Cross		
Assemblers.		
Interrupts:		
The 8085 Interrupt, 8085 Vectored		
Interrupts, Restart as S/W		
Instructions, Additional I/O		
Concepts and processes.		
UNIT-5:The Pentium and Pentium		
Pro microprocessors: Introduction,		
Special Pentium registers, Memory		
management, Pentium instructions,	U5-02 Learning Core	
_ ·	microprocessors	
Special Pentium Pro features.	U5-03 Distintive study	
Core 2 and later Microprocessors:	of various core	
,	processors.	
changes, Pentium IV and Core 2,		
i3, i5 and i7.	SUN SPARC	
SUN SPARC Microprocessor:		
Architecture, Register file, data	_	
types	Instruction Format of	
and instruction format	SUN SPARC.	

Course: USIT203 Web Programming

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I Internet and the World Wide Web: What is Internet? Introduction to internet and its applications, E- mail, telnet, FTP, e- commerce, video conferencing, e- business. Internet service providers,	U1 - 01 - Understanding and introduction of internet and its application.  U1 - 02 - Understanding and introduction of the world wide web and its evolution, resources, servers and navigators.  U1 - 03 - Learning and application of HTML5 , LINKS , TAGS , CSS and FORMATTING.	CO1 Understand Internet and Web Programming basic concepts. CO2 Understand the front end and back end Web Applications. CO3 Understand the latest web programming tools and techniques. CO4 Developing static and dynamic Web Applications.
style sheets, formatting paragraphs using style		
sheets.		
	U2 - 01 - Learning the creation of navigational aids, bars, image map, semantic tags,	

navigation:	semantic layouts, formatting and positioning.	
Creating navigational	semantic layouts, formatting and positioning.	
aids: planning site		
1		
organization, creating		
text		
based navigation bar,		
creating graphics based		
navigation bar, creating		
graphical navigation bar,		
creating image map,		
redirecting to another		
	U2 - 02 - Creating and application of tables,	
based layouts: HTML5	cells, boxes, buttons and many more.	
semantic tags, creating		
divisions, creating		
HTML5 semantic		
layout, positioning and		
formatting		
divisions.		
HTML5 Tables, Forms		
and Media:		
Creating tables: creating		
simple table, specifying		
the size of the table,		
· ·	U2 - 03 - Learning of incorporating sound and	
	video in HTML5, HTML.	
table cells, using tables	, 11111	
for		
page layout, formatting		
tables: applying table		
borders, applying tuble		
background and		
foreground fills,		
changing cell padding,		
spacing and		
1 0		
alignment, creating user		
forms: creating basic		
form, using check boxes		
and option buttons,		
creating lists, additional		
input types in HTML5,		
Incorporating sound and		
video: audio and video in		
HTML5, HTML		
multimedia basics,		
embedding video clips,		
incorporating audio on		

web		
page.		
UNIT -III		
-	U3 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Java	
	Scripts and its objective, operations and	
1 '	values .	
JavaScript, JavaScript		
Objects, JavaScript		
Security,		
Operators: Assignment		
Operators, Comparison		
Operators, Arithmetic		
Operators, % (Modulus),		
++(Increment),		
(Decrement), -(Unary		
Negation), Logical		
Operators, Short-Circuit		
Evaluation, String	U3 - 02 - Understanding and learning	
Operators, Special	statements and various functions.	
Operators, ?:		
(Conditional operator),,		
(Comma		
operator), delete, new,		
this, void		
Statements: Break,		
comment, continue,	U3 - 03 - Learning and application of	
delete, dowhile,	documents and its objects.	
export, for,		
forin, function,		
ifelse, import, labelled,		
return, switch, var,		
while,		
with, Core JavaScript		
(Properties and Methods		
of Each): Array,		
Boolean, Date, Function,		
Math, Number, Object,		
String, regExp		
Document and its		
associated objects:		
document, Link, Area,		
Anchor,		
Image, Applet, Layer		
Events and Event		
Handlers : General		
Information about		
Events,		
•		ı

D. C		
Defining Event		
Handlers, event,		
onAbort, onBlur,		
onChange, onClick,		
onDblClick,		
onDragDrop, onError,		
onFocus, onKeyDown,		
onKeyPress, onKeyUp,		
onLoad, onMouseDown,		
onMouseMove,		
onMouseOut,		
onMouseOver,		
onMouseUp, onMove,		
onReset,		
onResize, onSelect,		
onSubmit, onUnload		
UNIT – IV		
PHP:	U4 - 01 -Understanding, learning and	
Why PHP and MySQL?	application of PHP and MySql its syntax and	
_ =	variables, functions, arrays, expression and	
	error handling.	
variables, comments,	8	
types, control structures,		
branching, looping,		
termination, functions,		
passing information with		
PHP, GET, POST,		
formatting form		
variables, superglobal		
arrays, strings and string		
functions, regular		
expressions, arrays,		
number handling, basic		
PHP		
errors/problems		
UNIT – V	U5 - 01 - Understanding and learning of	
	advances PHP and MySql.	
MySQL: PHP/MySQL	¥ ±	
Functions, Integrating		
web forms and		
databases, Displaying		
queries in tables,		
Building Forms		
from queries, String and		
Regular Expressions,		
Sessions, Cookies and		
HTTP, E-Mail		

### Course: USIT204 Numerical and Statistical Methods

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
	U1 - 01 - The overall objective is to	-
	learn Error solving, handling and to	
	apply various formulas of any	
		numerical methods.Describe
	Also to learn different types of errors	
		discuss the key terminology,
Laws and Engineering		concepts, tools and techniques
Problems		used in business statistical
Approximations and		analysis.
Round-Off Errors:		CO2 To know about various
Significant Figures,		types of Errors, Calculate the
Accuracy and Precision,		error correction and get actual
Error Definitions,		root of the
Round-Off Errors		equation.
Truncation Errors and		CO3 Understand different
the Taylor Series:		methods of solution of the
The Taylor Series, Error		equations and compare them.
Propagation, Total		CO4 How to calculate and
Numerical Errors,		apply measures of location and
Formulation Errors and		measures of dispersion –
Data Uncertainty		grouped and
		ungrouped data cases.
		CO5 How to apply discrete and
		continuous probability
		distribution to various business
		problems.
		CO6 Student will be made
		aware of different numerical
		and statistical methods which
		are used in
		engineering field, with
		emphasis on how to prepare
		program for different methods.
		CO7 Solve a range of problems
		using the techniques covered.
		CO8 Discuss the uses and
		limitations of statistical
		analysis.
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - Learning and Understanding	
	various methods such as The Regula-	
_	falsi method , Newton - Raphson	
Equations: The	method, along with this the learning of	

Bisection Method, The	different Interpolation .	
Newton-Raphson	different interpolation.	
Method, The Regula-		
falsi		
method, The Secant		
Method.		
Interpolation: Forward		
Difference, Backward		
Difference, Newton's		
Forward Difference		
Interpolation, Newton's		
Backward Difference		
Interpolation,		
Lagrange's		
Interpolation.		
UNIT -III		
Solution of simultaneous		
algebraic equations		
(linear) using		
iterative methods:		
Gauss-Jordan Method,	U3 - 01 - Solving and Analyzing the	
Gauss-Seidel Method.	solutions for various algebraic	
Numerical	equation, numerical differentiation and	
	Integration , Taylors series and	
Integration: Numberical	Simpsons rule .	
differentiation,		
Numerical integration		
using Trapezoidal Rule,		
Simpson's 1/3rd and		
3/8th rules.		
Numerical solution of		
1st and 2nd order		
differential equations:		
Taylor series, Euler's		
Method, Modified		
Euler's Method, Runge-		
Kutta		
Method for 1st and 2		
nd Order Differential		
Equations.	T14 O1 T1 1 4 1 1 1 1 2 C	
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 - Understanding and learning of	
-	many types of regressions	
Regression:	114.02 111	
_	U4-02- Understanding and learning	
1 4	squares, non linear regression	
Multiple Linear	III 02 Understanding and learning	
Regression, General	U4 -03 - Understanding and learning	

Linear Least Squares, li	inear programming and types of
	olutions.
Linear Programming:	
Linear optimization	
problem, Formulation	
and	
Graphical solution,	
Basic solution and	
Feasible solution	
UNIT – V	J5-01- Detailed study of variables
Random variables:	
Discrete and Continuous	
random variables, U	J5-02 - Understanding of Probability
Probability density as	nd variance .
function, Probability	
distribution of random	
	J5- 03 - Understanding and learning
,	listributions
Distributions: Discrete	
distributions: Uniform, U	J5 - 04 - Applying and Understanding
Binomial, Poisson, of	of various types of distributions and its
Bernoulli, Continuous ap	pplication.
distributions: uniform	
distributions,	
exponential,	
(derivation of mean and	
variance only and state	
other properties and	
discuss their	
applications) Normal	
distribution state all the	
properties	
and its applications.	

Course: USIT205 Green Computing

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT - I	U1-01: To learn various	CO1:To learn overview
Overview and Issues: Problems: Toxins,	toxins present in	and issues addressed in
Power Consumption, Equipment Disposal,	electronic products.	Green Computing.
Company's Carbon Footprint: Measuring,	U1-02: Detailed study	CO2 : To learn
Details, reasons to bother, Plan for the Future,	of Company's Carbon	Initiatives and standards
Cost Savings: Hardware, Power.	Footprint.	adopted by different
<b>Initiatives and Standards:</b> Global Initiatives:	U1-03: To study	countries towards Green
United Nations, Basel Action Network, Basel	Initiatives taken by UN,	Computing.

States, Canada, Australia, Europe, WEEE Basel Conventions. Directive, RoHS, National Adoption, Asia: U1-04: To know the efficiency by reducing significance of WEEE Directives. U1-05: To learn the methods to reduce steps to curb E-wastess oby Asian countries.  UNIT - II  UNIT - II  Winimizing Power Usage:  Power Problems, Monitoring Power Usage, sissues to overcome cooling costs. Servers, Low-Cost Options, Reducing Power these problems.  Servers, Low-Cost Options, Reducing Power these problems.  Servers, Low-Cost Options, Reducing Power these problems.  Usage Data De-Duplication, Virtualization, U2-02: To Study way of work culture in Management, Bigger Drives, Involving the virtualization and offices in order to use Utility Company, LowPower Computers, PCs, managing power issues-senergy efficiently.  Linux, Components, Servers, Computer with low cost.  Settings, Storage, Monitors, Power Supplies, U2-03: To explain cooling demands and Wireless Devices, Software.  Usage of energy steps taken to minimze the cooling: Cooling Costs, Power Cost, Causes efficient drives. of Cost, Calculating Cooling Needs, Reducing U2-04: To make Cooling Costs, Economizers, On-Demand students aware of green IT infrastructure in techniques, our surroundings that Asile/Cold Aisle, Raised Floors, Cable cooling costs and CO10: To know the role Management, Vapour Seal, Preventlearming HP solutions of Cite of Green Officer in an organisation and Air Directly to Heat Sources, Fans, Humidity, U2-05: Designing goals by set by him. Design, Datacentre Design, Centralized system and its impact on Control, Design for Your Needs, Put Everything Together.  UNIT -II  U3 -01- Learning and Changing the Way of Work: Old Behaviors, System cooling system.  Everything Together.  UNIT -II  U3 -01- Learning to use Environment, Costs: Paper and Office, electronic device Practicality, Storage, Destruction, Going instead of paper and	Convention North America: The United	Implementation of CO3: To illustrate steps
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Cooling: Cooling Costs, Power Cost, Causes efficient drives. of Cost, Calculating Cooling Needs, Reducing U2-04: To make Cooling Costs, Economizers, On-Demand Students aware of green IT infrastructure in Cooling, HP's Solution, Optimizing Airflow, cooling techniques, Outsourcing, Hot Aisle/Cold Aisle, Raised Floors, Cable cooling costs and Collo: To know the role Management, Vapour Seal, Prevent learning HP solutions of Chief Green Officer in Recirculation of Equipment Exhaust, Supply for the same an organisation and Air Directly to Heat Sources, Fans, Humidity, U2-05: Designing fulfilment of SMART Adding Cooling, Fluid Considerations, System centralised cooling goals by set by him.  Design, Datacentre Design, Centralized system and its impact on Control, Design for Your Needs, Put cooling system.  Everything Together.  UNIT -III  U3 -01- Learning and Changing the Way of Work: Old Behaviors, salayzing the Global starting at the Top, Process Reengineering Impact of local actions.  with Green in Mind, Analyzing the Global Impact of Local Actions, Steps: Water, Recycling, Energy, Pollutants, Teleworkers and Outsourcing, Telecommuting, Outsourcing, how to Outsource.  Going Paperless: Paper Problems, The U3 -02- Learning to use Environment, Costs: Paper and Office, electronic device Practicality, Storage, Destruction, Going instead of paper and		= = =
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Environment, Costs: Paper and Office, electronic device Practicality, Storage, Destruction, Going instead of paper and		112 02 1
Practicality, Storage, Destruction, Going instead of paper and	~ -	•
Paperless, Organizational Realities, Changing going paperless.		going paperless.
	Over, Paperless Billing, Handheld Computers	
vs. the Clipboard, Unified Communications,	vs. the Clipboard, Unified Communications,	

Intranets, What to Include, Building an Intranet, Microsoft Office SharePoint Server 2007, Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), Nuts and Bolts, Value Added Networks, Advantages, Obstacles.		
Recycling: Problems, China, Africa, Materials, Means of Disposal, Recycling, Refurbishing, Make the Decision, Life Cycle, from beginning to end, Life, Cost, Green Design, Recycling Companies, Finding the Best One, Checklist, Certifications, Hard Drive Recycling, Consequences, cleaning a Hard Drive, Pros and cons of each method, CDs and DVDs, good and bad about CD and DVDs disposal, Change the mind-set, David vs. America Online  Hardware Considerations: Certification Programs, EPEAT, RoHS, Energy Star,	recycling is important.  U4 -02- Analyze the use of hardware products.	
	U5 -01- Learning about	
Processes, Customer Interaction, Paper Reduction, Green Supply Chain, Improve Technology Infrastructure, Reduce PCs and Servers, Shared Services, Hardware Costs, Cooling.  Staying Green: Organizational Check-ups, Chief Green Officer, Evolution, Sell the CEO,	environmental objectives.  U5 -02- Analyzing the data which has been gathered.	
SMART Goals, Equipment Check-ups, Gather Data, Tracking the data, Baseline Data, Benchmarking, Analyse Data, Conduct Audits, Certifications, Benefits, Realities, Helpful Organizations.		

# **Course Outcomes**

# FYBSC IT – SEM 3

Course: USIT301 Python Programming

	I	<u> </u>
UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
LINITE	III 01 II denstond the concept	CO1 Community and the
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understand the concept	_
_		basics of python
Programming Language, History,		programming
features,	U1 -02- Learning to install the	
Installing Python, Running Python	F 7	modular approach using
program, Debugging : Syntax		python
Errors, Runtime Errors, Semantic	_	= 1
Errors, Experimental Debugging,	_	implement various data
Formal and Natural Languages, The		structures provided by
Difference Between Brackets,	U1 -04- Learning about various	- ·
	1 -	CO4 Develop applications
Variables and Expressions Values	python.	based on object oriented
and Types, Variables, Variable		concept
Names and Keywords, Type		CO5 Develop application
conversion, Operators and Operands,		using GUI and databases
Expressions, Interactive Mode and		
Script Mode, Order of Operations.		
Conditional Statements: if, if-else,		
nested if –else		
Looping: for, while, nested loops		
Control statements: Terminating		
loops, skipping specific conditions		
UNIT – II	U2 -01- Understand the concept	
Functions: Function Calls, Type	of functions and type	
Conversion Functions, Math	conversion.	
Functions, Composition, Adding		
New Functions, Definitions and	U2 -02- Learning and	
	understanding the concept of	
Parameters and Arguments,	looping and counting.	
Variables and		
Parameters Are Local, Stack		
Diagrams, Fruitful Functions and		
Void		
Functions, Why		
Functions?Importing with from,		
Return Values,		
Incremental Development,		
Composition, Boolean Functions,		
More		

Recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking		
Types		
Strings: A String Is a Sequence,		
Traversal with a for Loop, String		
Slices, Strings Are Immutable,		
Searching, Looping and Counting,		
String Methods, The in Operator,		
String Comparison, String		
Operations.		
-	II2 01 II. 1	
	U3 -01- Understand how to	
_	work with list	
Elements, Lists are mutable,		
	U3 -02- Learning how to access	
List, Deleting elements from List,	the value in tuple	
Built-in List Operators,		
<u> </u>	U3 -03- Learning basic tuple	
Operator, Built-in List functions and	operations	
methods		
Tuples and Dictionaries: Tuples,	U3 -04- Analyze the Text Files,	
Accessing values in Tuples, Tuple	The File Object Attributes,	
Assignment, Tuples as return	Directories	
values, Variable-length argument		
tuples,		
Basic tuples operations,		
Concatenation, Repetition, in		
Operator,		
Iteration, Built-in Tuple Functions		
Creating a Dictionary, Accessing		
Values in a dictionary, Updating		
Dictionary, Deleting Elements from		
Dictionary, Properties of		
Dictionary keys, Operations in		
Dictionary, Built-In Dictionary		
Functions, Built-in Dictionary Methods		
Files: Text Files, The File Object		
Attributes, Directories		
Exceptions: Built-in Exceptions,		
Handling Exceptions, Exception		
	U4 -01- Understanding the	
Regular Expressions – Concept of	concept of Regular Expressions.	
regular expression, various types		
of regular expressions, using match	U4 -02- Learning the overview	
function.	of OOP	
Classes and Objects: Overview of		
•	U4 -03- Learning and creating a	
, 5	thread and synchronizing thread.	
	, ,	

		1
Creating Objects, Instances as		
Arguments, Instances as return	E	
	understand the different type of	
Inheritance, Method Overriding,	module.	
Data Encapsulation, Data Hiding		
Multithreaded Programming:		
Thread Module, creating a thread,		
synchronizing threads,		
multithreaded priority queue		
Modules: Importing module,		
Creating and exploring modules,		
Math		
module, Random module, Time		
module		
UNIT -V	U5 -01- Creating the GUI Form	
Creating the GUI Form and Adding		
Widgets:	5 5	
	U5 -02- Analyzing the Widgets	
Canvas, Checkbutton, Entry, Frame,	, , ,	
Label, Listbox,	radiobutton.	
Menubutton, Menu, Message,		
Radiobutton, Scale, Scrollbar, text,		
Toplevel, Spinbox, PanedWindow,		
1 1	layout management features.	
Handling Standard attributes and	, ,	
Properties of Widgets.		
Layout Management: Designing		
GUI applications with proper		
Layout Management features.		
Look and Feel		
Customization:Enhancing Look and		
Feel of GUI		
using different appearances of		
widgets.		
Storing Data in Our MySQL		
Database via Our GUI :Connecting		
to a MySQL database from Python,		
Configuring the MySQL		
connection, Designing the Python		
GUI database, Using the INSERT		
command, Using the UPDATE		
command, Using the DELETE		
command, Storing and retrieving		
data from MySQL database.		

Course: USIT302 Data Structures

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understand the concept of	CO1 Ability to analyze
Introduction: Data and	Data Structure and classification of	
	data structure.	correctness.
Structure, Classification of		CO2 Ability to summarize
	U1 -02- Learning about data types,	
Data Types, Abstract Data	•	techniques.
Types, Data	·	CO3 Ability to describe
structure vs. File	U1 -03- Learning about various type	
	of notations.	operation.
on Data Structure,		CO4 Ability to gain
Algorithm, Importance of		knowledge of tree and
Algorithm Analysis,		graph concepts.
Complexity of an		CO5 Ability to analyze and
Algorithm, Asymptotic		choose appropriate data
Analysis and Notations, Big		structure and algorithm for
O Notation, Big		program
Omega Notation, Big Theta		development.
Notation, Rate of Growth		CO6 Efficiently use sorting
and Big O		and searching algorithm
Notation.		and know their
Array:Introduction, One		complexities.
Dimensional Array,		CO7 Improve coding skills
Memory Representation		by applying most suitable
of One Dimensional Array,		data structure for storage
Traversing, Insertion,		and access.
Deletion, Searching,		CO8 Ability to use trees
Sorting, Merging of Arrays,		and graph structures for
Multidimensional Arrays,		representing and using
Memory		complex and non-line data
Representation of Two		organization.
Dimensional Arrays,		CO9 Demonstrate
General MultiDimensional		advantages and
Arrays, Sparse Arrays,		disadvantages of specific
SparseMatrix, Memory		algorithms and data
Representation of Special		structures.
kind of Matrices,		CO10 Select basic data
Advantages and		structures and algorithms
Limitations of Arrays.		for autonomous realization
		of simple programs or
		program parts.
		CO11 Determine and
		demonstrate bugs in
		progrsm, recognize

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		neededbasic operation with
		data
		structures.
		CO12 Evaluate algorithms
		and data structures in terms
		of time and memory
		complexity of basic
		operations.
		CO13 To use appropriate
		algorithmic strategy for
		better efficiency.
UNIT – II	U2 -01- Understand types of linked	•
Linked List: Linked List,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1		
One-way Linked List,		
	U2 -02- Learning about the concept	
List, Searching, Memory	of linked list.	
Allocation and De-		
allocation, Insertion in		
Linked List, Deletion from		
Linked List, Copying a List		
into Other		
List, Merging Two Linked		
Lists, Splitting a List into		
Two Lists,		
Reversing One way linked		
List, Circular Linked List,		
Applications of		
Circular Linked List, Two		
way Linked List,		
Traversing a Two way		
Linked List, Searching in a		
Two way linked List,		
Insertion of an		
element in Two way Linked		
List, Deleting a node from		
Two way		
Linked List, Header Linked		
List, Applications of the		
Linked list,		
Representation of		
Polynomials, Storage of		
Sparse Arrays,		
Implementing other Data		
Structures		
UNIT – III	II2 01 Understand the concerts of	
	U3 -01- Understand the concepts of	
	Stack Memory Representation	
Operations on the Stack		

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-	U3 - 02- Learning about what exactly	
	Queue is.	
Representation of Stack,		
Applications of Stack,	U3 -03- Learning about various types	
Evaluation of Arithmetic		
Expression, Matching		
Parenthesis, infix and		
postfix operations,		
Recursion.		
Queue: Introduction,		
,		
Queue, Operations on the		
Queue, Memory		
Representation of Queue,		
Array representation of		
queue, Linked List		
Representation of Queue,		
Circular Queue,Some		
special kinds of		
queues, Deque, Priority		
Queue, Application of		
Priority Queue,		
Applications of Queues.		
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UNIT – IV	U4 -01- Understanding about binary	
	trees like property, algorithms and	
	representation.	
Searching: Sequential, 12		
	U4 -02- Learning about Advanced	
Binary, Indexed Sequential	Tree Structures.	
Searches, Binary Search.		
Tree:Tree,Binary Tree,		
Properties of Binary Tree,		
Memory		
Representation of Binary		
Tree, Operations Performed		
on Binary		
Tree, Reconstruction of	,	
Binary Tree from its		
Traversals, Huffman		
Algorithm, Binary Search		
Tree, Operations on Binary		
Search Tree,		
Heap, Memory		
Representation of Heap,		
Operation on Heap, Heap		
Sort.		
Advanced Tree		
Structures:Red Black Tree,		

Operations Performed	
on Red Black Tree, AVL	
Tree, Operations performed	
on AVL Tree,	
2-3 Tree, B-Tree.	
UNIT -V	U5 -01- Understand about hashing
	techniques.
Hash function, Address	
calculation techniques,	U5 -02- Learning about the
Common hashing	introduction of graph and
functions Collision	representation of graph.
resolution, Linear probing,	
Quadratic,Double	
hashing, Buckethashing,	
Deletion and rehashing	
Graph: Introduction, Graph,	
Graph Terminology,	
Memory	
Representation of Graph,	
Adjacency Matrix	
Representation of Graph,	
Adjacency List or Linked	
Representation of Graph,	
Operations	
Performed on Graph,	
GraphTraversal,	
Applications of the Graph,	
Reachability, Shortest Path	
Problems, Spanning Trees.	

Course: USIT303 Computer Networks

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Learning about	CO1 Understand the importance of computer
Introduction: Data	Data communications.	network and communications.
communications,		CO2 Learn about transmission media and their
networks, network	U1 -02- Understanding	characteristics
types,	Physical Layers.	CO3 Learn about role of various layers of ISO
Internet	U1 -03- Learning about	OSI Model in communications
history, standards and	Digital and Analog	CO4 Analyze data flow between TCP/IP model
administration.	transmission.	using Application, Transport and Network
Network		Layer Protocols.
Models:Protocol		CO5 Demonstrate design issues, flow control
layering, TCP/IP		and error control.
protocol suite, The		CO6 Illustrate applications of Computer
OSI		Network capabilities, selection and usage for

model. Introduction to Physical layer:Data and signals, periodic analog signals, digital signals, transmission impairment, data rate limits, performance. Digital and Analog transmission: Digital-to-digital conversion, analog-to-analog conversion, until tulization: U2-01- Understanding about Bandwidth Utilization: U2-02- Learning about Multiplexing and SpectrumSpreading: U2-02- Learning about Multiplexing, Spread Switching: Introduction, circuit switched networks, packet switching, structure of a switch. Introduction to the Data Link Layer Design Issues, Error detection and correction, block coding, cyclic codes, checksum, forward error correcting codes.							
Physical layer:Data and signals, periodic analog signals, digital signals, transmission impairment, data rate limits, performance.  Digital and Analog transmission: Digital-to-digital conversion, analog-to-digital conversion, transmission modes, digital-to-analog conversion.  UNIT – II U2 -01- Understanding Bandwidth Utilization Utilization Utilization Utilization Multiplexing and SpectrumSpreading: U2 -02- Learning about Multiplexing, Spread Switching. Spectrum Transmission U2 -03- Learning media:Guided Media, about Data Link Layer Unguided Media Switching: Introduction, circuit switched networks, packet switching, structure of a switch. Introduction to the Data Link Layer:Link layer addressing, Data Link Layer Design Issues, Error detection, and correction, block coding, cyclic codes, checksum, forward error correction, correcting codes.							
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Mobile IP Unicast Routing:Introduction, routing algorithms, unicast routing protocols. Next generation IP: IPv6 addressing, IPv6		
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IPv6 addressing, IPv6	<u> -</u>	
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protocol, transition
from IPv4 to IPv6.
UNIT -V
Introduction to the U5 -01- Understanding
Transport Layer: the basic concepts of
Introduction, Transport layer.
Transport layer
protocols (Simple U5 -02- Learning
protocol, Stop-and-Standard Client0Server
wait protocol, Go-Protocols
Back-n
protocol, Selective
repeat protocol,
Bidirectional
protocols), Transport
layer services, User
datagram protocol,
Transmission control
protocol,
Standard
Client0Server
Protocols:World
wide-web and HTTP,
FTP, Electronic mail,
Telnet, Secured
Shell, Domain name
system.

Course: USIT304 Database Management Systems

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT	COURSE OUTCOMES
	OUTCOMES	
UNIT – I		CO1 Understand the need of modelling data and
Introduction to	U1 - 01 -	then storing the data in organized manner
Databases and	Understanding and	CO2 Ability to create appropriate structure to
Transactions	learning the	map with specific type of data.
What is database system,	Introduction of	CO3 Understand and apply the query processing
purpose of database	Database and	knowledge for creation, manipulation, deletion
system, view of data,	transaction .	and
relational databases,		retrieval of data.
database architecture,		CO4 Use latest methods of storage and retrieval
transaction management		of data as desired by the user.
Data Models	U1 - 02 -	CO5 Develop models and management
The importance of data	Understanding and	information systems as per requirements of
models, Basic building	application of Data	clients.

blocks, Business rules,	Models	
The evolution of data		
models, Degrees of data		
abstraction.		
	U1 - 03 - Learning	
_	_	
C	about ER diagram.	
Modeling Language		
Database design and ER		
Model:overview,		
ERModel, Constraints,		
ERDiagrams,		
ERDIssues, weak entity		
_		
· /		
Relational		
Schemas, Introduction to		
UML		
UNIT – II	U2 -01-	
	Understanding the	
	•	
	1	
Logical view of data,		
keys, integrity rules,	model.	
Relational Database		
design: features of good		
relational database		
design, atomic domain		
and Normalization		
	112 02	
(1NF, 2NF, 3NF,		
*	Understanding the	
Relational Algebra and	-	
Calculus	Relational database	
Relational algebra:	design.	
introduction, Selection		
and projection, set		
operations,		
1 * '	U2 - 03 - Learning	
	-	
	and understanding	
1 '	calculus.	
grouping and		
ungrouping,relational		
comparison.		
Calculus: Tuple		
relational calculus,		
Domain relational		
Calculus,		
calculus		
vsalgebra,computational		
capabilities		
_		

LINUT III	II2 O1 Learning	
	U3 - 01 - Learning	
Constraints, Views and	1 1	
`	constraints, views	
1	and sql .	
constrains, Integrity		
constraints, Views:		
Introduction to views,		
data independence,		
_	U3 - 02 -	
1	Understanding the	
, <u>1</u>	concept of	
	functions and	
definition,	values .	
· ·		
aggregate function, Null		
Values, nested sub		
queries, Joined relations.		
Triggers.		
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 - Learning	
	about Transaction	
management and	management and	
Concurrency	Concurrency	
Control Transaction	Control.	
management: ACID		
properties, serializability		
and	U4 -02 - Learning	
concurrency control,		
Lock based concurrency		
1	and database	
(2PL,Deadlocks),Time		
	management	
optimistic methods,	- C	
<del>-</del>		
database		
recovery management.		
UNIT -V		
	U5 - 01 - Learning	
	and Understanding	
	the basic concept of	
Keywords,	PL-SQL	
Operators, Expressions,		
	U5 - 02 -	
Structures, Cursors and		
Transaction, Collections		
	types , procedures	
-	and clauses.	
Functions, Exceptions		
Handling, Packages, With		

Clause and	
Hierarchical	
Retrieval, Triggers.	

Course: USIT305 Applied Mathematics

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Get to know about Inverse of	CO1 Enhancing the Logic
Matrices: Inverse of a	a matrix, Properties of matrices.	building capability.
matrix, Properties of		CO2 Compute a given
matrices, Elementary		integral using the most
Transformation, Rank of		efficient method.
Matrix, Echelon or Normal		CO3 Use integrals to
Matrix, Inverse		formulate and solve
of matrix, Linear equations,		application problems in
Linear dependence and		science and engineering.
linear		CO4 Matrices will help
independence of vectors,		them better understand
Linear transformation,		computer graphics.
Characteristics roots		CO5 Laplace will be
and characteristics vectors,		helpful in understanding
Properties of characteristic	U1 -02- Learning and Understanding	Digital Signal systems.
vectors, CaleyHamilton	about complex numbers and its	
Theorem, Similarity of	different application.	
matrices, Reduction of		
matrix to a		
diagonal matrix which has		
elements as characteristics		
values.		
Complex Numbers:		
Complex number, Equality		
of complex numbers,		
Graphical representation of		
complex number(Argand's		
Diagram),		
Polar form of complex		
numbers, Polar form of		
x+iy for different signs		
of x,y, Exponential form of		
complex numbers,		
Mathematical		
operation with complex		
numbers and their		
representation on Argand's		
Diagram, Circular		

functions of complex angles, Definition of hyperbolic function, Relations between circular and hyperbolic functions, Inverse hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: Separation of variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first order of a degree higher than the first Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
hyperbolic function, Relations between circular and hyperbolic functions, Inverse hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions. Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II Equation of the first order and of the first degree: Separation of sariables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of qs. Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Relations between circular and hyperbolic functions, Inverse hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits) UNIT – II Equation of the first order and of the first degree: Separation of variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
and hyperbolic functions, Inverse hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree , with it different methods . homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
functions, Inverse hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree, with it different variables, Equations methods. homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
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hyperbolic functions, Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: Separation of variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Differentiation and Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II Equation of the first order and the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree, with it different methods.  homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Integration, Graphs of the hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree, with it different variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's an operator (Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation about the another than the first degree , with it different methods.  Methods .  Non-homogeneous  Inear equations, Exact differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
hyperbolic functions, Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree, with it different variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for
Logarithms of complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order U2 - 01 - Get to know about the and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree , with it different variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
complex quality, j(=i)as an operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order U2 - 01 - Get to know about the and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree , with it different variables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
operator(Electrical circuits)  UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree , with it different wariables, Equations homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
UNIT – II  Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree and the first degree with it different methods.  homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for X, Clairaut's paper and the know about the and the first order of equation of the first degree , with it different methods.  When the first order and the first degree , with it different methods.  When the first order and the first order and the first degree , with it different methods.  When the first order and the first order and the first order and the first degree , with it different methods.
Equation of the first order and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order separation of and the first degree, with it different variables, Equations methods. homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for X, Clairaut's and the first order of the first order of the method of factors), Solve for X, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
and of the first degree: concept of equation of the first order and the first degree , with it different wariables, Equations methods .  homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Separation of variables, Equations methods. homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
variables, Equations methods. homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
homogeneous in x and y, Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Non-homogeneous linear equations, Exact differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
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differential Equation, Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Integrating Factor, Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution. Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Linear Equation and equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
equation reducible to this form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
form, Method of substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
substitution.  Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
Differential equation of the first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
first order of a degree higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
higher than the first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
first: Introduction, Solvable for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
for p (or the method of factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
factors), Solve for U2 - 02 - Understanding and y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
y, Solve for x, Clairaut's application of Linear Differential
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form of the equation, Equations with Constant
Methods of Coefficients.
Substitution, Method of
Substitution.
Linear Differential
Equations with Constant
Coefficients:Introduction,
The Differential Operator,
Linear
Differential Equation f(D) U2 - 03 - Understanding and
y = 0, Different cases application of Particular integral
depending on the
nature of the root of the

equation $f(D) = 0$ , Linear	
differential equation	
f(D) $y = X$ , The	
complimentary Function,	
The inverse operator 1/f(D)	
and the symbolic expiration	
for the particular integral	
1/f(D) X; the	
general methods, Particular	
integral: Short methods,	
Particular	
integral: Other methods,	
Differential equations	
reducible to the linear	
differential equations with	
constant coefficients.	
UNIT – III	
The Laplace Transform: U3 - 01 - Introduction to The Laplace	
Introduction, Definition of Transform and its different theories	
the Laplace and methods	
Transform, Table of	
· ·	
*	
Transforms, Theorems on	
Important Properties of	
Laplace Transformation,	
First Shifting	
Theorem, Second Shifting	
Theorem, The Convolution U3 - 02 - Understanding and	
Theorem, application of Inverse Laplace	
Laplace Transform of an Transform, with its different functions	
Integral, Laplace and equations.	
Transform of Derivatives,	
Inverse Laplace Transform:	
Shifting Theorem, Partial	
fraction	
Methods, Use of	
Convolution Theorem,	
Solution of Ordinary	
Linear	
Differential Equations with	
Constant Coefficients,	
Solution of	
Simultaneous Ordinary	
Differential Equations,	
Laplace	
Transformation of Special	
Function, Periodic	
,	

Functions, Heaviside		
Unit Step Function, Dirac-		
delta Function(Unit		
Impulse Function),		
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 - Application and learning of	
Multiple Integrals: Double	Multiple Integrals with its different	
Integral, Change of the	types and properties.	
order of the		
integration, Double integral		
in polar co-ordinates,		
Triple integrals.		
Applications of integration:		
Areas, Volumes of solids.		
UNIT -V	U5 - 01 - Understanding and learning	
Beta and Gamma Functions	the Beta and Gamma Functions, along	
<ul><li>Definitions, Properties</li></ul>	with its formula and error functions	
and Problems.		
Duplication formula.		
Differentiation Under the		
Integral Sign		
Error Functions		

#### **Course Outcomes**

## SYBSC IT – SEM 4

Course: USIT401 Core Java

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES	
UNIT – I		CO1 Understand fundamentals of	
Introduction:History,	U1 - 01 - Introduction to	programming such as variables,	
architecture and its	History, architecture and	tecture and conditional and iterative	
components,Java Class	its components, Java execution, methods, etc.		
File, Java Runtime	Class	CO2 Understand fundamentals of object-	
Environment, The Java		oriented programming in Java, including	
Virtual Machine, JVM		defining	
Components, The Java		classes, invoking methods, using class	
API, java platform, java	libraries, etc.		
development kit,		CO3 Be aware of the important topics and	
Lambda Expressions,		principles of software development.	
Methods References, Type		CO4 Have the ability to write a computer	
Annotations,		program to solve specified problems.	
Method Parameter			
Reflection, setting the path	environment to create, debug and run		
environment variable,		simple Java programs	

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Java Compiler And		CO6 Identify classes, objects, members
Interpreter, java programs,		of a class and relationships among them
java applications,		needed for a specific
main(), public, static, void,		problem
V . 1	02 - Understanding	CO7 Write Java application programs
		using OOP principles and proper program
	es and its different	
keywords, comments, opera	ators and	CO8 Demonstrate the concepts of
braces and code blocks, prope	erties.	polymorphism and inheritance
variables, variable name		CO9 Write Java programs to implement
Data types: primitive data		error handling techniques using exception
types, Object Reference		handling
· 1		nanding
Types, Strings,		
Auto boxing, operators and		
properties of operators,		
Arithmetic		
operators, assignment		
operators, increment and		
decrement operator,		
_		
relational operator, logical		
operator, bitwise operator,		
conditional		
operator.		
UNIT – II		
Control Flow Statements: U2 -	01 - Understanding	
	Learning of Control	
	•	
,	Statements.	
SwitchCase Statement		
	02 - Learning and	
Loop, The Do While appli	ication of Iterations	
Loop, The For Loop, i.e	loops and	
The Foreach Loop, state	ments.	
Labeled Statements, The		
Break And Continue		
Statements, The Return		
Statement		
Classes: Types of Classes, U2 -	•	
Scope Rules, Access the	classes and its	
Modifier, diffe	rent objects,	
Instantiating Objects Frommeth	<i>y</i>	
A Class, Initializing The and v		
_	, aides .	
Class Object And		
Its Attributes, Class		
Methods, Accessing A		
Method, Method		
Returning A Value,		
Method's Arguments,		
ribuiou b riiguillento,		

Method Overloading,	
Variable Arguments	
$\varepsilon$	
[Varargs], Constructors,	
this Instance, super	
Instance, Characteristics	
Of Members Of A Class,	
constants, this	
instance, static fields of a	
class, static methods of a	
class, garbage	
collection.	
UNIT – III	
Inheritance: Derived Class U3 - 01 - Detailed study	
Objects, Inheritance and of Interance and	
Access Control, understanding its	
Default Base Class object, classes and	
Constructors, this and interfaces.	
super keywords.	
Interfaces, Abstract	
Classes, Abstract Methods,	
Interfaces, What Is An	
Interface? How Is An	
Interface Different From	
An Abstract Class?,	
Multiple Inheritance,	
Default Implementation, U3 - 02 - Learning and	
Adding New understanding the	
Functionality, Method concept of creating	
Implementation, Classes packages and importing	
V/s Interfaces, Defining it.	
An Interface,	
Implementing Interfaces.	
Packages, Default	
Package, Importing	
Packages,	
Using A Package	
UNIT – IV	
Enumerations, Arrays: U4 - 01 - Detailed study	
Two Dimensional Arrays, of arrays and	
Multi-Dimensional introduction and	
Arrays, Vectors, Addingunderstanding its types.	
1 7 7 1	
Elements To A Vector,	
Accessing Vector	
Elements, Searching For	
Elements In A Vector,	

Working With The	
Size of The Vector. U4 - 02 - Understanding	ng
Multithreading: the thread and learning of mu	<u> </u>
control methods, thread threading and its vario	ıs
life cycle, the properties,	
main thread, creating a	
thread, extending the U4 - 03 - Application	on
thread class. and Understanding	
$\mathcal{E}$	
Exceptions: Catching Java exception handling.	
Exceptions, Catching Run-	
Time	
Exceptions, Handling	
Multiple Exceptions, The	
finally Clause, The	
throws Clause	
Byte streams: reading	
console input, writing	
console output, reading	
file, writing file, writing	
binary data, reading binary	
data, getting	
started with character	
streams, writing file,	
reading file	
UNIT -V	
Event Handling: U5 - 01 - Understanding	
	9
Delegation Event Model, and learning of eve	
Events, Event classes, handling and its model	S.
Event listener interfaces,	
Using delegation event	
model, adapter	
	of
classes and inner classes. U5 -02 - Learning	
Abstract Window Toolkit: Abstract Windo	W
Window Fundamentals, Toolkit in detail.	
Component,	
Container, Panel, Window,	
Frame,	
Canvas.Components –	
Labels,	.
Buttons, Check Boxes, U5 - 03 - Detailed stud	iy
Radio Buttons, Choice of layouts.	
Menus, Text Fields,	
Text, Scrolling List,	
Scrollbars, Panels, Frames	
Layouts: Flow Layout,	
Grid Layout, Border	
Layout, Card Layout.	
-	

# Course: USIT402 Introduction to Embedded Systems

		1 , 1	41 1 1
		understand	
		-	of embedded
		systems.	
UNIT – II			
Embedded Systems – Application	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and Domain	systems and its application.		
Specific:Application specific –			
washing machine, domain specific			
-	U2 - 02 - Understanding the		
automotive.	concept of Embedded Hardware		
Embedded Hardware: Memory	anf types of memory.		
map, i/o map, interrupt map,			
processor family, external			
peripherals, memory - RAM,			
ROM, types			
of RAM and ROM, memory	U2 - 03 - Detailed study of the		
testing, CRC ,Flash memory.	concept called peripherals.		
Peripherals: Control and Status			
Registers, Device Driver, Timer			
Driver - Watchdog Timers.			
UNIT – III			
	U3 - 01 - Studying and		
Microcontrollers:Microcontrollers	, ,		
and Embedded	Microcontrollers.		
processors, Overview of 8051			
family.8051 Microcontroller			
hardware,			
Input/output pins, Ports, and			
Circuits, External Memory.			
8051 Programming in C:	U3 - 02 - Learning and		
Data Types and time delay in 8051			
C, I/O Programming, Logic	1 * *		
operations, Data conversion			
Programs.			
UNIT – IV			
Designing Embedded System with	U4 - 01 - Learning the		
1 9	application of Designing		
be considered in selecting a	11		
_	Microcontroller.		
Microcontroller,	iviiciocontionei .		
<u>'</u>			
Designing with 8051.	III 02 Learning the consent		
Programming embedded systems:			
structure of embedded program,			
infinite loop, compiling, linking	systems and the structure.		
and debugging.			
UNIT -V			
Real Time Operating System	U5 - U1 - Understanding and		

(RTOS):Operating system basics,	learning the concept Real Time	
types of operating systems, Real-	Operating System (RTOS) and	
Time Characteristics, Selection	its characteristic .	
Process of an RTOS.		
Design and Development:		
Embedded system	U5 - 02 - Analyzing the Design	
developmentEnvironment - IDE,	and Development: Embedded	
types of file generated on cross	system of the development	
compilation, disassembler/ de-	Environment and the types of	
compiler, simulator, emulator and	files	
debugging, embedded product		
development life-cycle, trends in		
embedded industry.		

## Course: USIT403 Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I		CO1 Recognize the error
The Mean, Median, Mode,		in the number generated by
and Other Measures of		the solution.
Central	U1 - 01 - Learning the concept of	CO2 Compute solution of
Tendency: Index, or	tendencies and its different types of	algebraic and
Subscript, Notation,	notation .	transcendental equation by
Summation Notation,		numerical methods like
Averages, or Measures of		Bisection
Central Tendency ,The		method and Newton
Arithmetic Mean,		Rapshon method.
The Weighted Arithmetic		CO3 Apply method of
Mean ,Properties of the		interpolation and
Arithmetic Mean		extrapolation for
,The Arithmetic Mean		prediction.
Computed from Grouped		CO4 Recognize elements
Data ,The Median		and variable in statistics
The Mode, The Empirical		and summarize qualitative
Relation Between the Mean,		and quantitative data.
Median, and		CO5 Calculate mean,
Mode, The Geometric Mean		median and mode for
G, The Harmonic Mean		individual series.
H ,The Relation	U1 - 02 - The detailed study of The	CO6 Outline properties of
Between the Arithmetic,	Standard Deviation and Other	correlation and compute
Geometric, and Harmonic	Measures of Dispersion.	Karl-Pearson's coefficient
Means, The Root		of correlation.
Mean Square, Quartiles,		CO7 How to apply discrete
Deciles, and		and continuous probability

Dargantilas Coftygers and		distributions to various
Percentiles, Software and		
Measures of Central		businessproblems.
Tendency.		CO8 Perform Test of
The Standard Deviation and		Hypothesis as well as
	U1 - 03 - Learning and understanding	
Dispersion:	the concept of deviation and studying	interval for a population
Dispersion, or Variation, The	the same in detail.	parameter for
Range, The Mean Deviation,		single sample and two
The SemiInterquartile		sample cases. Understand
Range, The 10–90 Percentile		the concept of p-values.
Range, The Standard		CO9 Learn non-parametric
Deviation, The Variance,		test such as the Chi-Square
Short Methods for		test for Independence as
Computing the Standard		well as Goodness of
Deviation, Properties of the		Fit.
Standard Deviation, Charlie's		CO10 Compute and
Check,		interpret the results of
Sheppard's Correction for		Bivariate and Multivariate
Variance, Empirical		Regression and
Relations Between		Correlation and
Measures of Dispersion,		Analysis, for forecasting
<u> </u>		-
		and also perform ANOVA
Dispersion;		and F-test. Further,
Coe ffi,Standar cient of		understand both the
Variation dized Variable;		meaning and applicability
Standard Scores,		of a dummy variable and
Software and Measures of		the assumptions which
Dispersion.		underline a regression
Introduction to R: Basic		model. Be able to perform
syntax, data types, variables,		a multiple regression using
operators,		computer software.
control statements, R-		
functions, R -Vectors, R -		
lists, R Arrays.		
UNIT – II		
	U2 - 01 - Understanding and	
	Learning the concept of Moments,	
Moments for	Skewness, and Kurtosis.	
Grouped Data ,Relations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Between Moments		
Computation of		
Moments for Grouped Data,		
Charlie's Check and		
Sheppard's  Corrections Moments in		
Corrections, Moments in		
Dimensionless Form,		
Skewness, Kurtosis,	U2 - 02 - Detailed study of the	

Donulation Moments consent Software Computation of	
Population Moments, concept Software Computation of	
Skewness, and Kurtosis, Skewness and Kurtosis.	
Software Computation	
of Skewness and Kurtosis.	
Elementary Probability	
Theory: Definitions of	
Probability,	
Conditional Probability;	
Independent and Dependent	
Events, Mutually	
Exclusive Events,	
Probability Distributions,	
Mathematical	
Expectation, Relation U2 - 03 - Analyzing the concept of	
Between Population, Sample Euler or Venn Diagrams and	
Mean, and Variance, Probability and Elementary	
Combinatorial Analysis, Sampling Theory	
Combinations, Stirling's	
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n!,Relation of Probability to	
Point Set Theory,	
Euler or Venn Diagrams and	
Probability.	
Elementary Sampling	
Theory: Sampling Theory,	
Random Samples	
and Random Numbers,	
Sampling With and Without	
Replacement,	
Sampling Distributions,	
Sampling Distribution of	
Means, Sampling	
Distribution of Proportions,	
=	
Sampling Distributions of Di	
ff	
and Sums, Standard Errors,	
Software Demonstration of	
Elementary	
Sampling Theory.	
UNIT – III	
Statistical Estimation U3 - 01 - Learning and understanding	
Theory: Estimation of the concept of Statistical Estimation	
Parameters, Unbiased Theory.	
Estimates, E ffiEstimates	
cient, Point Estimates and	
Interval Estimates;	
Their Reliability,	
Then Rendomity,	

Confidence-Interval		
	U3 - 02 - Remembering and Learning	
1 <del>-</del>	and the theory of Statistical	
	•	
Statistical Decision Theory:	Decision.	
Statistical Decisions,		
Statistical		
Hypotheses, Tests of		
Hypotheses and		
Significance, or Decision		
Rules, Type I and Type II		
Errors, Level of		
Significance, Tests		
Involving Normal		
Distributions, Two-Tailed		
and One-Tailed Tests,		
Special Tests, Operating-	U3 - 03 - Detailed study of Statistics	
Characteristic Curves; the		
Power of a Test, pValues for		
Hypotheses Tests, Control		
Charts, Tests Involving		
Sample		
Di ffTests Involving		
Binomial Distributions		
erences, . Statistics in R: mean,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
median, mode, Normal		
Distribution, Binomial		
Distribution, Frequency		
Distribution in R.		
UNIT – IV		
1 0	U4 - 01 - Understanding and	
Small Samples, Student's t	Analyzing the Small Sampling	
Distribution,	Theory.	
Confidence Intervals, Tests		
of Hypotheses and		
Significance, The ChiSquare		
Distribution, Confidence		
Intervals for Sigma, Degrees	U4 - 02 - Remembering the concept	
_	of The Chi-Square Test and its	
Freedom, The F Distribution.	*	
The Chi-Square Test:	1 1	
Observed and Theoretical		
Frequencies,		
Definition of chi-square,		
Significance Tests, The Chi-		
Square Test for		
_		
Goodness of Fit,		

Contingency Tables, Yates'		
Correction for		
Continuity, Simple Formulas		
for Computing chi-square,		
Coe ffi		
Contingency, Correlation of		
Attributes, Additive Property		
of chisquare.		
UNIT -V		
Curve Fitting and the Method I	U5 - 01 - Understanding and learning	
<u>o</u>	of Curve Fitting and the Method of	
-	_	
-	Least Squares.	
Between Variables, Curve		
Fitting, Equations of		
Approximating		
Curves, Freehand Method of		
Curve Fitting, The Straight		
Line, The		
Method of Least Squares, The		
Least-Squares Line,		
Nonlinear Eme,		
Relationships, The Least-		
1 1	U5 - 02 - The detailed study of	
	correlation and its concept of theories	
to Time Series, Problems	and regression.	
Involving More Than Two		
Variables.		
Correlation Theory:		
Correlation and Regression,		
Linear		
Correlation, Measures of		
Correlation, The Least-		
Squares Regression		
Lines, Standard Error of		
Estimate, Explained and		
Unexplained		
Variation, Coe ffi, cient of		
Correlation Remarks		
Concerning the		
Correlation Coe ffi, cient		
Product-Moment Formula		
for the Linear		
Correlation Coe ffientci,		
Short Computational		
Formulas, Regression		
Lines and the Linear		
Correlation Coe ffi,		

Correlation of Time cient	
Series, Correlation of	
Attributes, Sampling Theory	
of Correlation Sampling	
Theory of Regression.	

Course: USIT404 Software Engineering

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I		CO1 Knowledge of basic
	U1 - 01 - The learning and	
software engineering?	· ·	and practices, and their
		appropriate
Life Cycle, Requirements		application.
Analysis, Software Design,		CO2 Describe software
Coding,		engineering layered
<u> </u>	U1 - 02 - Analyzing and creating the	•
Software Requirements:	, ,	frame work.
<b>-</b>	requirements.	CO3 A general
functional	1	understanding of software
requirements, User		process models such as the
Requirements, System		waterfall and evolutionary
Requirements, Interface		models.
Specification,		CO4 Understanding of
Documentation of the		software requirements and
software requirements.		the SRS documents.
Software Processes:	U1 - 03 - Learning and understanding	CO5 Understanding of the
Process and Project,	different types of Software	role of project management
Component Software	Development Process Models.	including planning,
Processes.		scheduling, risk
Software Development		management, etc.
Process Models.		CO6 Describe data models,
• Waterfall Model.		object models, context
<ul> <li>Prototyping.</li> </ul>		models and behavioural
-	U1 - 04 - Understanding the Agile	
		CO7 Understanding of
• The RAD Model		different software
• Time boxing Model.		architectural styles.
Agile software		
development: Agile		
methods, Plan-driven and		
agile		
development, Extreme		
programming, Agile project		
management,		
Scaling agile methods.		

UNIT — II Socio-technical Systems Requirements Engineering Processes: Feasibility study, Requirements Engineering Processes: Management. System Requirements Management. System Models, Behavioural Models, Behavioural Models, Behavioural Models, Designisation, Modular Decomposition System Organisation, Modular Decomposition System A is mole System, A simple safety critical System, A pendiability and Security of Software systems. Requirements Engineering Processes and its objectives and system types also models  System A simple system types also models System types also models  System types also models  Design System Systems  Nanagement. System Models; Models, Behavioural Models, Behavioural Models, Design Organisation, Modular Decomposition Styles, Reference Architectures User Interface Design, Suser, The UI design Process, User analysis, User Interface IUser Ius	LINUT II		
system:Essential characteristics of socio- technical systems, Emergent System Properties, Systems Engineering, Components of system such as organization, people and computers, Dealing Legacy Systems. Critical system: Types of critical system; A simple safety critical system, Dependability of a system, Availability and Reliability, Safety and Security of Software systems. Requirements Engineering Processes: Feasibility study, Requirementselicitation and analysis, Requirements Validations, Requirements Models; Models and its types, Context Models, Behavioural Models, Data Models, Object Models, Structured Methods. UNIT – III Architectural Design Decisions, System Organisation, Modular Decomposition Styles, Control Styles, Reference Architectures. User Interface Design: Need of UI design, Design Issues, The UI design Process, User		III 01 Ii i 1-4-il-1 f 4l-	
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Architectural Design: Architectural Design and its system Decisions, System Organisation, Modular Decomposition Styles, Control Styles, Reference Architectures. User Interface Design: User O2 - Learning and User Interface Design: User Interface Need of UI design, Design issues, The UI design Process, User User Introduction to Architectural Design and its system and styles.  User Interface User Interface Design: User Interface			
Architectural Design Architectural Design and its system Decisions, System Organisation, Modular Decomposition Styles, Control Styles, Reference Architectures. U3 - 02 - Learning and User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design issues, The UI design Process, User			
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Organisation, Modular Decomposition Styles, Control Styles, Reference Architectures. U3 - 02 - Learning and User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design Design issues, The UI design Process, User			
Decomposition Styles, Control Styles, Reference Architectures. U3 - 02 - Learning and User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design issues, The UI design Process, User		1	
Control Styles, Reference Architectures. User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design issues, The UI design Process, User	1		
Reference Architectures. User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design issues, The UI design Process, User	-		
User Interface Design: Understanding of User Interface Need of UI design, Design Design . issues, The UI design Process, User	•		
Need of UI design, Design Design . issues, The UI design Process, User		$\mathcal{E}$	
issues, The UI design Process, User	_	_	
design Process, User	Need of UI design, Design	Design .	
	issues, The UI		
analysis, User Interface	design Process, User		
	analysis, User Interface		

Prototyping, Interface
Evaluation.
Project Management
Software Project
Management, Management
activities, Project U3 - 03 - Analyzing and creating
Planning, Project Quality Management.
Scheduling, Risk
9
Management.
Quality Management:
Process and Product
Quality, Quality
assurance and Standards,
Quality Planning, Quality
Control, Software
Measurement and Metrics.
UNIT – IV
Verification and Validation: U4 - 01 - Understanding and learning
Planning Verification and about the Verification and Validation.
Validation,
Software Inspections,
Automated Static Analysis,
Verification and
Formal Methods. Software
Testing: System Testing, U4 - 02 - Analyze and creating testing
Component components and its functions.
Testing, Test Case Design,
Test Automation.
Software Measurement:
Size-Oriented Metrics,
Function-OrientedMetrics,
Extended Function Point
Metrics
Software Cost
Estimation:Software
Productivity,
EstimationTechniques,
Algorithmic Cost
Modelling, Project
Duration and Staffing
UNIT -V
Process Improvement: U5 - 01 - Analyze and creating the
Process and product quality, process of Improvement i.e product,
Process and product quanty, process of improvement i.e product, quality etc.
Classification, Process
Measurement, Process
Analysis and Modeling,

Dung and a Change The
Process Change, The
CMMI Process
Improvement Framework.
Service Oriented Software
Engineering: Services as
reusable
components,
Service Engineering,
Software Development with
Services.
Software reuse: The reuse
landscape, Application
frameworks,
Software product lines,
COTS product reuse.
Distributed software
engineering: Distributed
systems issues,
Client–server computing,
Architectural patterns for
distributed
systems, Software as a
service

Course: USIT405 Computer Graphics and Animation

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE
		OUTCOMES
UNIT – I		CO1 To
Introduction to Computer Graphics:	U1 - 01 - Introduction	familiarize
Overview of Computer Graphics, Computer Graphics	to Computer graphics	students with
Application and	and its application	basic principles
Software, Description of some graphics devices, Input	and software	and techniques
Devices for	description .	for computer
Operator Interaction, Active and Passive Graphics		graphics.
Devices, Display		CO2 To Provide
Technologies, Storage Tube Graphics Displays,		knowledge of
Calligraphic Refresh		interactive
Graphics Displays, Raster Refresh (Raster-Scan)		computer
Graphics Displays,		graphics with
Cathode Ray Tube Basics, Color CRT Raster Scan		techniques of
Basics, Video		clipping, three
Basics, The Video Controller, Random-Scan Display		dimensional
Processor, LCD		graphics and
displays.		three
Scan conversion – Digital Differential Analyzer (DDA)		dimensional

algorithm. Bresenhams' Line drawing algorithm.Bresenhams' method of Circle drawing, Midpoint Circle Algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse and understanding the for various concepts of scan (concepts of scan offering and clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines algorithms , ellipse algorithms—  Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CYO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  CCO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  CCO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transfo			
method of Circle drawing, Midpoint Circle Algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse Algorithm, Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point concepts of scan-concepts and features such as: algorithms, ellipse, algorithms— Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations  UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations: Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Representation of 2D Transformation, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
drawing, Midpoint Circle Algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse and understanding the of various Algorithm, Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point concepts of scan-concepts and Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point conversion algorithms, ellipse algorithms ellipse, Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, Problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations and Matrices, Transformation of 2D Transformations, Transformation of 2D Transformations, Transformation of 2D Transformation, Transform	Bresenhams' Line drawing algorithm.Bresenhams'		CO3 To gain in-
Algorithm, Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point concepts of scan concepts and Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point conversion ordering and clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines algorithms , ellipse , 2D viewing, 3D viewing	method of Circle	U1 - 02 - Learning	depth learning
Algorithm, Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point concepts of scan concepts and Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point conversion ordering and clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines algorithms , ellipse , 2D viewing, 3D viewing	drawing, Midpoint Circle Algorithm, Midpoint Ellipse	and understanding the	of various
Mid-point criteria, Problems of Aliasing, end-point conversion algorithms, ellipse clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines and clipping wiewing, 3D viewing, 3D clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and Conventions, 2D Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	Algorithm,	concepts of scan	concepts and
ordering and clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines algorithms — Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations and Matrices, Transformation Conventions, 2D Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,		-	-
clipping lines, Scan Converting Circles, Clipping Lines and clipping .  algorithms — Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
algorithms— Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT — II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation (Conventions, 2D)  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	=	_	•
Cyrus-Beck, Cohen-Sutherland and Liang-Barsky, Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Two-Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Matrix  Transformations and Matrices, Translations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Matrix  Roman Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,		and empping.	<u> </u>
Clipping Polygons, problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Matrix Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Representation of Transformation, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
problem with multiple components.  CO4 This course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT — II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 — 01  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Matrix  Transformations and Matrices.  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Representation of 2D Transformation, Transformations and matrices.  Representation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			0 0
course will introduce students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  UNO-Dimensional Transformations:  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U12 - 01  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, Transformations and Dimensional Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations matrices .  Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation of Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The  Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an  Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			•
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students to all aspects of computer graphics including hardware, software and applications.  CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations:  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 -  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			course will
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graphics including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional transformations, and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, Transformations and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			1
including hardware, software and applications. CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations:  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			-
hardware, software and applications.  CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Conventions, 2D  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
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CO5 To Provide knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
knowledge of computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The  Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an  Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
computer graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 -  Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional  Matrix  Transformations, Translations and matrices.  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and matrices.  Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The  Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation  About an  Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
graphics system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations: Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Conventions, 2D Understanding and learning of Two- Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			_
system, design algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 -  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation  Conventions, 2D   Understanding and learning of Two-  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional  Matrix   Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			computer
algorithms and two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II  Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 -  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			graphics
two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			system, design
two dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			•
dimensional transformations.  UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations:  U2 - 01 - Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Matrices .  and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation, Transformation, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			_
UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Dimensional, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Matrices.  Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
UNIT – II Two-Dimensional Transformations: Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two- Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Matrix Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Two-Dimensional Transformations:  Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Conventions, 2D  Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Matrix  Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	LINIO		transformations.
Transformations and Matrices, Transformation Understanding and learning of Two-Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix  Matrix  Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and matrices.  and  Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined  Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The  Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation  About an  Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,		110	
Conventions, 2D Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Matrix Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and Dimensional Matrix Transformations and Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations matrices.  and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,		•	
Matrix Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations and matrices.  Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	Conventions, 2D	learning of Two-	
Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations matrices .  and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	Transformations, Homogeneous Coordinates and	Dimensional	
and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	Matrix	Transformations and	
and Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	Representation of 2D Transformations, Translations	matrices .	
Homogeneous Coordinates, Rotation, Reflection, Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,	-		
Scaling, Combined Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Transformation, Transformation of Points, Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Transformation of The Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Unit Square, Solid Body Transformations, Rotation About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
About an Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
Arbitrary Point, Reflection through an Arbitrary Line,			
A Geometric	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	A Geometric		

	I	
Interpretation of Homogeneous Coordinates, The Window-toViewport Transformations. Three-Dimensional Transformations: Three-Dimensional Scaling, Three-Dimensional Shearing, ThreeDimensional Rotation, Three-Dimensional Reflection, ThreeDimensional Translation, Multiple Transformation, Rotation about an Arbitrary Axis in Space, Reflection through an Arbitrary Plane, Matrix Representation of 3D Transformations, Composition of 3D Transformations, Affine and Perspective Geometry, Perspective Transformations, Techniques for Generating Perspective Views, Vanishing Points, the Perspective Geometry and camera models, Orthographic Projections, Axonometric Projections, Oblique Projections, View volumes for projections.	U2 - 02 - Learning and creating Three-Dimensional Transformations and many of its working and objectives.	
	Projections etc .	
UNIT – III Viewing in 3D Stages in 3D viewing, Canonical View Volume (CVV), Specifying an Arbitrary 3D View, Examples of 3D Viewing, The Mathematics of Planar Geometric Projections, Combined transformation matrices for projections and viewing, Coordinate Systems and matrices, camera model and viewing pyramid. Light:Radiometry,Transport,Equation,Photometry Color:Colorimetry,ColorSpaces,ChromaticAdaptation, Color Appearance	U3 - 01 - Understanding and learning the concepts of Viewing in 3D and its objective.	

UNIT – IV		
Visible-Surface Determination:	U4 - 01 -	
Techniques for efficient Visible-Surface Algorithms,		
	Learning Visible-	
algorithms, Back face removal, The z-Buffer		
	Determination and its	
method, Painter's algorithms (depth sorting), Area sub-	different techniques.	
division	1	
method, BSP trees, Visible-Surface Ray Tracing,		
comparison of the		
methods.		
Plane Curves and Surfaces:		
Curve Representation, Nonparametric Curves,		
Parametric Curves,		
Parametric Representation of a Circle, Parametric	U4 - 02 - Creating and	
Representation of	Learning the planes	
an Ellipse, Parametric Representation of a Parabola,	and curves and	
Parametric	surfaces along with	
Representation of a Hyperbola, Representation of	its different working	
<u> </u>	and drawings.	
Cubic Splines, , Bezier Curves, B-spline Curves, B-		
spline Curve Fit,		
B-spline Curve Subdivision, Parametric Cubic Curves,		
Quadric		
Surfaces. Bezier Surfaces		
UNIT -V		
Computer Animation:	U5 - 01 - Learning	
Principles of Animation, Key framing, Deformations,	_	
	concept of Computer	
Animation, Physics-Based Animation, Procedural	Animation in detail.	
Techniques, Groups		
of Objects.		
Image Manipulation and Storage:		
What is an Image? Digital image file formats, Image		
compression	U5 - 02 - Creating and	
standard – JPEG, Image Processing - Digital image		
enhancement,	Manipulation and	
contrast stretching, Histogram Equalization, smoothing	Storage in detail.	
and median		
Filtering		

#### **Course Outcomes**

## FYBSC IT – SEM 5

Course: USIT501 Software Project Management

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understanding Why is	CO1 Professional
Introduction to Software	Software Project Management	terminologies of software
Project	Important.	industry.
Management:Introduction,		CO2 Problem solving
Why		algorithms and techniques.
is Software Project		CO3 Understand the
Management Important?		development work
What is a Project?		environment
Software Projects versus		CO4 To make students
Other Types of Project,	U1 -02- Learning the basic concept of	realize software project
	1 0	management is not just
Management and		theory subject to pass,
Technical Project		instead it
Management, Activities		will help them live their
Covered		professional life with ease.
by Software Project		CO5 This subject makes a
Management, Plans,		student realize that
Methods and		whether a student becomes
Methodologies,		a project manager in future
Some Ways of		or not, still even as an
Categorizing Software		employee he/she should
Projects, Project Charter,		learn to be an efficient
Stakeholders, Setting		team player.
Objectives, The Business		
Case, Project Success		
and Failure, What is		
Management?		
Management Control,		
Project	U1 -03- Understanding and learning	

Management Life Cycle, about what is management. Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices. Project Evaluation and Programme Management: Introduction. U1 -04- Learning about Overview of Business Case, Project Project Planning. Portfolio Management, Evaluation of Individual Projects, Costbenefit **Evaluation** Techniques, Risk Evaluation, Programme Management, Managing the Allocation of Resources within Programmes, Strategic Programme Management, Creating a Programme, Aids Programme to Management, Some Reservations about Programme Management, Benefits Management. An Overview of Project Planning:Introduction to Step Wise Project Planning, Step 0: Select Project, Step 1: Identify Project Scope and Objectives, Step Identify Project Infrastructure, Step Analyse Project Characteristics, Step 4: Identify Project Products and Activities. Step Estimate Effort for Each Activity, Step 6: Identify Activity Risks, Step 7: Allocate Resources, Step 8: Review/Publicize Plan, Steps 9 and 10: Plan/Lower Execute Levels of Planning

UNIT – II	U2 -01- Analyzing the Appropriate	
	Project Approach.	
Appropriate Project	0 11	
Approach:Introduction,	U2 -02- How to choose proper methods	
Build	and technologies for software	
	development software	
Methodologies and	_	
Technologies, Software		
Processes and Process		
Models, Choice of Process	, ,	
Models, Structure	Appropriate Process Model.	
versus Speed of Delivery,		
The Waterfall Model, The		
Spiral Model,		
Software Prototyping,		
Other Ways of		
	U2 -04- Understanding about Software	
· ·	Effort Estimation Techniques.	
Atern/Dynamic Systems		
Development Method,		
Rapid Application		
Development, Agile		
Methods, Extreme		
Programming (XP),		
Scrum, Lean Software		
Development, Managing		
Iterative Processes,		
Selecting the Most		
Appropriate Process		
Model.		
Software Effort		
Estimation:Introduction,		
Where are the Estimates		
Done? Problems with		
Over- and Under-		
Estimates, The Basis for		
Software Estimating,		
Software Effort		
Estimation Techniques,		
Bottomup Estimating, The		
Top-down Approach and		
Parametric Models,		
Expert Judgement,		
-		
Estimating by Analogy,		
Albrecht Function Point		
Analysis, Function Points		
Mark II, COSMIC Full		

Eunation Doints		
Function Points,		
COCOMO II: A		
Parametric Productivity		
Model, Cost Estimation,		
Staffing Pattern, Effect of		
Schedule Compression,		
Capers Jones		
Estimating Rules of		
Thumb.		
UNIT – III	U3 -01- Learning about how to plan,	
Activity Planning:	when to plan and proper project	
Introduction, Objectives of	schedules.	
Activity Planning,		
When to Plan, Project		
Schedules, Projects and		
Activities, Sequencing		
	U3 -02- Understanding about risk	
Network Planning Models,	_	
Formulating a		
Network Model, Adding		
the Time Dimension, The		
Forward Pass,		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U3 -03- Analyzing the Resource	
,	Allocation.	
Path, Activity Float,	Amocation.	
Shortening the Project		
Duration, Identifying		
Critical Activities,		
,	U3 -04- Analyzing the Cost Schedules	
Networks.	03 -04- Analyzing the Cost Schedules	
Risk Management: Introduction, Risk,		
, ,		
Categories of Risk, Risk		
Management Approaches,		
A Framework for Dealing		
with Risk, Risk		
Identification, Risk		
Assessment, Risk		
Planning, Risk		
Management,		
Evaluating Risks to the		
Schedule, Boehm's Top		
10 Risks and Counter		
Measures, Applying the		
PERT Technique, Monte		
Carlo Simulation,		
Critical Chain Concepts.		

Resource Allocation:
Introduction, Nature of
Resources, Identifying
Resource Requirements,
Scheduling Resources,
Creating Critical
Paths, Counting the Cost,
Being Specific, Publishing
the Resource
Schedule, Cost Schedules,
Scheduling Sequence.
UNIT – IV U4 -01- Understanding Monitoring and
Monitoring and Control: Control.
Introduction, Creating the
Framework,
Collecting the Data,
Review, Visualizing
Progress, Cost U4 -02- Learning about how to manage
Monitoring, contracts.
Earned Value Analysis,
Prioritizing Monitoring,
Getting the Project
Back to Target, Change
Control, Software U4 -03- Understanding Behaviour,
Configuration Organizational Behaviour
Management
(SCM).
Managing Contracts:
Introduction, Types of
Contract, Stages in
Contract Placement,
Typical Terms of a
Contract, Contract
Management, Acceptance.
Managing People in
Software Environments:
Introduction,
Understanding Behaviour,
Organizational Behaviour:
A Background,
Selecting the Right Person
for the Job, Instruction in
the Best
Methods, Motivation, The
Oldham–Hackman Job
Characteristics
Model, Stress, Stress
<u>-</u>

Management, Health and		
Safety, Some Ethical		
and Professional		
Concerns.		
	5 - Learning about how to work in	
Working in Teams: te	2	
Introduction, becoming a	ams.	
Team, Decision		
Making, Organization and		
Team Structures,		
	5 -02- Analyzing how good the	
Dependencies, Dispersed so	, ,	
and Virtual Teams,	4	
Communication Genres,		
Communication Plans,		
Leadership.		
1	5 -03- Learning about how the project	
Introduction, The Place of cl	2 2	
Software Quality in		
Project Planning,		
Importance of Software		
Quality, Defining		
Software		
Quality, Software Quality		
Models, ISO 9126,		
Product and Process		
Metrics, Product versus		
Process Quality		
Management, Quality		
Management Systems,		
Process Capability		
Models, Techniques to		
Help Enhance Software		
Quality, Testing, Software		
Reliability,		
Quality Plans.		
Project Closeout:		
Introduction, Reasons for		
Project Closure, Project Closure Process,		
Performing a Financial		
Closure, Project Closeout		
Report.		
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Course: USIT502 Internet of Things

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UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understanding what is	CO1 This course focuses on
The Internet of Things: An	_	the latest microcontrollers
Overview: The Flavour of	_	with application
	U1 -02- Learning Flavour of the	1.1
Things, The "Internet" of	=	design
"Things", The Technology		and prototyping.
of the Internet of		CO2 Ideally suited for
Things, Enchanted	U1 -03- Understanding the principles	-
	of internet.	graduates with a basic
Who is Making the Internet		understanding of
	U1 -04- Understanding different types	
Design Principles for		microprocessors.
Connected Devices: Calm		CO3 The Internet of Things
and Ambient		(IOT) is the next wave,
Technology, Magic as		world is going to witness.
Metaphor, Privacy,		CO4 Today we live in an
Keeping Secrets, Whose		era of connected devices
Data Is It Anyway? Web		(mobile phones, computers
Thinking for Connected		etc.), the future is of
Devices, Small		connected things (Eg: home
Pieces, Loosely Joined,		appliances, vehicles, lamp-
First-Class Citizens on The		posts, personal accessories,
Internet, Graceful		your pets,
Degradation, Affordances.		industrial equipment's and
Internet Principles:		everything which you use
Internet Communications:		in day-to-day life).
An Overview, IP,		CO5 Internet of Things is a
TCP, The IP Protocol Suite		term given to the attempt of
(TCP/IP), UDP, IP		connecting objects to the
Addresses, DNS,		internet and also to
Static IP Address		each other - allowing
Assignment,		people and objects
Dynamic IP Address		themselves to analyze data
Assignment, IPv6, MAC		from various sources in
Addresses, TCP and		realtime and take necessary
UDP Ports, An Example:		actions in an intelligent
HTTP Ports, Other		fashion.
Common Ports,		
Application Layer		
Protocols, HTTP,		
HTTPS: Encrypted HTTP,		
Other Application Layer		
Protocols.		

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UNIT – II	U2 -01- Learning about Costs versus	
Thinking About	Ease of Prototyping.	
Prototyping: Sketching,		
Familiarity, Costs versus	U2 -02- Understanding what is open	
I	and closed source.	
Prototypes and Production,		
• 1	U3 -03- learning about Arduino and	
	Raspberry Pi.	
Prototypes and Mass		
Personalisation, climbing		
into		
the Cloud, Open Source		
versus Closed Source,		
Why Closed? Why		
Open? Mixing Open and		
Closed Source, Closed		
Source for Mass		
Market Projects, Tapping		
into the Community.		
Prototyping Embedded		
Devices: Electronics,		
Sensors, Actuators,		
Scaling Up the Electronics,		
Embedded Computing		
Basics,		
Microcontrollers, System-		
on-Chips, Choosing Your		
Platform,		
Arduino, developing on		
the Arduino, Some Notes		
on the Hardware,		
Openness, Raspberry Pi,		
Cases and Extension		
Boards, Developing on		
the Raspberry Pi, Some		
Notes on the Hardware,		
Openness.		
UNIT – III	U3 -01- Understanding how to	
	prototype the physical design.	
Design: Preparation,	F 11 1 0 1	
Sketch, Iterate, and		
	U3 -02- Learning the basic concept of	
Methods, Laser Cutting,		
Choosing a Laser Cutter,	Luser Cutting.	
	U3 -03- Understanding the concept of	
,	Scrapping, comet. polling and other	
	1 2	
of 3D Printing,	protocols.	

Software, CNC Milling,		
Repurposing/Recycling.		
Prototyping Online		
Components: Getting		
Started with an API,		
Mashing Up APIs,		
Scraping, Legalities,		
writing a New API,		
Clockodillo, Security,		
implementing the API,		
Using Curl to Test,		
Going Further, Real-Time		
Reactions, Polling, Comet,		
Other Protocols,		
MQ Telemetry Transport,		
Extensible Messaging and		
Presence		
Protocol, Constrained		
Application Protocol.		
UNIT – IV	$\mathcal{E}$	
Techniques for Writing m	emory management.	
Embedded Code: Memory		
Management, Types of U-	4 -02- Learning the basic concept of	
Memory, Making the Most Bu	usiness Model.	
of Your RAM,		
Performance and U-	4 -03- Learning about Venture	
Battery Life, Ca	_	
1	rowdfunding, Lean Startups.	
Business Models: A Short	S,	
History of Business		
Models, Space and		
Time, From Craft to Mass		
Production, The Long Tail		
of the Internet,		
Learning from History,		
Canvas, Who Is the		
Business Model For?		
Models, Make Thing, Sell		
Thing, Subscriptions,		
Customisation, be a Key		
Resource, Provide		
Infrastructure: Sensor		
Networks, take a		
Percentage, Funding an		
Internet of Things Startup,		
Hobby Projects and Open		
	-	

Source, Venture Capital,		
Government		
Funding, Crowdfunding,		
Lean Startups.		
UNIT – V U5	-01- Understanding about	
Moving to Manufacture: Ma	nufacturing Printed Circuit Boards,	
What Are You Producing? Etc		
Designing Kits,	_	
Designing Printed circuit U5	-02- Learning about Ethics.	
boards, Software Choices,		
The Design U5	-03- Analyzing the Correctness	
Process, Manufacturing and	l Maintainability, Security,	
Printed Circuit Boards, Per	formance	
Etching Boards,		
Milling Boards. Assembly,		
Testing, Mass-Producing		
the Case and		
Other Fixtures,		
Certification, Costs,		
Scaling Up Software,		
Deployment, Correctness		
and Maintainability,		
Security, Performance,		
User Community.		
Ethics: Characterizing the		
Internet of Things,		
Privacy, Control,		
Disrupting		
Control, Crowdsourcing,		
Environment, Physical		
Thing,		
Electronics, Internet		
Service, Solutions, The		
Internet of Things as Part		
of the Solution, Cautious		
Optimism, The Open		
Internet of Things		
Definition.		

# Course: USIT503 Advanced Web Programming

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understanding what	CO1 To familiarize
Introducing .NET: The .NET	exactly .NET framework is.	students with
Framework, C#, VB, and	1	Microsoft .Net, C#, and
the .NET	U1 -02- Learning about Types,	ASP.NET technologies.

Languages, The Common	Objects, and Namespaces.	CO2 Enable learners to use
Language Runtime, The .NET		Visual Studio -an advanced
	U3 - 03- Learning about values	
	•	CO3 To gain in-depth
The C# Language: C#	types and reference type.	learning of various
0 0		
Language Basics, Variables		concepts and features of
and Data Types,		NET coding and
Variable Operations, Object-		developing of web
Based Manipulation,		applications.
Conditional Logic,		CO4 To Provide knowledge
Loops, Methods.		of different State
Types, Objects, and		management techniques
Namespaces: The Basics About		CO5 To explore
-		ADO.NET- a model for
Classes,		
Building a Basic Class, Value		interacting with databases.
Types and Reference Types,		CO6 Using XML various
Understanding Namespaces		security fundamentals will
and Assemblies, Advanced		be explored
Class		
Programming.		
	U2 -01- Understanding the basic	
Web Form Fundamentals:	Č	
	<u>=</u>	
Writing Code, Using the Code-	Tundamentais.	
Behind	112 02 I : 1 / F	
_	U2 -02- Learning about Form	
Understanding the Anatomy of	controls.	
an		
ASP.NET Application,	U2 -03- Understanding	
Introducing Server Controls,	Validation and how to Use	
	Validation Controls.	
Class, Using Application		
Events, Configuring an		
ASP.NET		
Application.		
Form Controls: Stepping Up to		
Web Controls, Web Control		
Classes,		
List Controls, Table Controls,		
Web Control Events and		
AutoPostBack, Validation,		
Understanding Validation,		
Using the		
Validation Controls, Rich		
Controls, The Calendar, The		
AdRotator,		
Pages with Multiple Views,		
User Controls and Graphics,		

User		
Controls, Dynamic Graphics,		
The Chart Control, Website		
Navigation:		
Site Maps, URL Mapping and		
Routing, The SiteMapPath		
Control,		
The TreeView Control, The		
Menu Control.		
UNIT – III	U3 -01- Learning and	
Error Handling, Logging, and	understanding about the basic	
Tracing: Avoiding Common	_	
	Logging, and Tracing.	
Understanding Exception		
Handling, Handling		
	Management.	
Your Own Exceptions, Using		
Page Tracing		
State Management:		
Understanding the Problem of		
State, Using View		
State, Transferring Information		
	U3 -03- Learning about how to	
	apply Themes and master pages.	
Configuring Session State,		
Using Session State,		
Application State, Comparing		
State Management Options		
Styles, Themes, and Master		
Pages: Styles, Themes, Master		
Page		
Basics, Advanced Master		
Pages,		
UNIT – IV	U4 -01- Understanding the	
	fundamentals of ADO.NET.	
Understanding Databases,		
	U4 -02- Learning about Data	
Your Database, Understanding		
	_	
SQL Basics, Understanding the		
	U4 -03- Learning about the basic	
Provider Model, Using Direct	-	
Data Access, Using		
Disconnected Data		
Access.		
Data Binding: Introducing Data		
Binding, Using Single-Value		
Data		

Binding, Using Repeated-		
Value Data Binding, Working		
with Data Source Controls,		
The Data Controls: The		
GridView, Formatting the		
GridView, Tornatting the		
selecting a GridView Row,		
Editing with the GridView,		
Sorting and		
Paging the GridView, Using		
GridView Templates, The		
DetailsView		
and FormView		
UNIT – V	U5 -01- Understanding what is	
XML: XML Explained, The	9	
XML Classes, XML		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U5 -02- Learning about what is	
· ·	Security Fundamentals.	
Security Fundamentals:	•	
Understanding Security	U5 -03- Understanding Ajax,	
Requirements,	Using Partial Refreshes.	
Authentication and		
Authorization, Forms		
Authentication, Windows		
Authentication.		
ASP.NET AJAX:		
Understanding Ajax, Using		
Partial Refreshes,		
Using Progress Notification,		
Implementing Timed		
Refreshes,		
Working with the ASP.NET		
AJAX Control Toolkit.		

# Course: USIT505 Linux System Administration

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understanding about Red	CO1 To familiarize
Introduction to Red Hat	Hat Enterprise Linux.	students with Linux
Enterprise Linux: Linux, Open		Installation.
Source	U1 -02- Analyzing and Working	CO2 Enable Students to
and Red Hat, Origins of Linux,	with the Bash Shell.	Install RPM and use Red
Distributions, Duties of Linux		hat Package Management
System		CO3 To Make Students
Administrator.		Install Samba Server and
Command Line: Working with		the use of Samba Server

the Bash Shell, Getting the Best	U1 -03- Learning about System	CO4 To make Students
of	Administration Tasks	Install Apache, Send Mail.
Bash, Useful Bash Key		CO5 Write Shell Scripts in
Sequences, Working with Bash		Linux.
History,		Diliux.
<b>3</b> /		
Performing Basic File System		
Management Tasks, Working		
with		
Directories, Piping and		
Redirection, Finding Files		
System Administration Tasks:		
Performing Job Management		
Tasks,		
System and Process Monitoring		
and Management, Managing		
Processes with ps, Sending		
Signals to Processes with the		
kill		
Command, using top to Show		
Current System Activity,		
Managing Activity,		
Process Niceness, Scheduling		
Jobs, Mounting Devices,		
Working with		
Links, Creating Backups,		
Managing Printers, Setting Up		
System		
Logging, Setting Up Rsyslog,		
Common Log Files, Setting Up		
Logrotate		
Managing Software:		
Understanding RPM,		
Understanding Meta		
Package Handlers, Creating		
Your Own Repositories,		
Managing		
Repositories, Installing		
Software with Yum, Querying		
Software,		
Extracting Files from RPM		
Packages		
UNIT – II		
	U2 -01- Learning about how to	
	configure and manage storage.	
Partitions and	comiguie and manage storage.	
Logical Volumes, Creating	U2 -02- Understanding	
	NetworkManager,	
ratifions, Creating File	inciworkivianager,	

Systems, File	Working with Services and	
Systems Overview, Creating	Runlevels.	
File Systems, Changing File		
System Systems, Changing The	U2 -03- Learning about how to	
1 -	ı — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
Properties, Checking the File		
System Integrity, Mounting		
File		
Systems Automatically		
Through fstab, Working with		
Logical		
Volumes, Creating Logical		
Volumes, Resizing Logical		
Volumes,		
Working with Snapshots,		
Replacing Failing Storage		
Devices, Creating		
Swap Space, Working with		
Encrypted Volumes		
Connecting to the Network:		
Understanding		
NetworkManager,		
Working with Services and		
Runlevels, Configuring the		
Network with		
NetworkManager, Working		
with system-config-network,		
NetworkManager	U2 -04- Learning the basic	
Configuration Files, Network	concept of SSH.	
Service Scripts,	1	
<b>1</b> '	U2 -05- Learning about	
$\mathcal{C}$	Permissions.	
Troubleshooting Networking,	i cimissions.	
<u> </u>		
Setting Up IPv6, Configuring		
SSH, Enabling the SSH Server,		
Using		
the SSH Client, Using PuTTY		
on Windows Machines,		
Configuring		
Key-Based SSH		
Authentication, Using		
Graphical Applications with		
SSH, Using SSH Port		
Forwarding, Configuring VNC		
Server Access Working with		
Users, Groups, and		
Permissions: Managing Users		
and Groups, Commands for		

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User Management, Managing		
Passwords,		
Modifying and Deleting User		
Accounts, Configuration Files,		
Creating		
Groups, Using Graphical Tools		
for User, and Group		
Management,		
Using External Authentication		
Sources, the Authentication		
Process,		
sssd, nsswitch, Pluggable		
Authentication Modules.		
Managing		
Permissions, the Role of		
Ownership, Basic Permissions:		
Read, Write,		
and Execute, Advanced		
Permissions, Working with		
Access Control		
Permissions with umask,		
Working with		
Attributes		
UNIT – III	U3 -01- Learning about Securing	
Securing Server with iptables:	=	
Understanding Firewalls,		
Setting Up	U3 -02- Learning how to set up a	
a Firewall with system-config-		
firewall, Allowing Services,		
Trusted		
Interfaces, Masquerading,		
Configuration Files, Setting Up		
a Firewall		
with iptables, Tables, Chains,		
and Rules, Composition of		
Rule,		
Configuration Example,		
Advanced iptables		
Configuration,		
Configuring Logging, The		
Limit Module, Configuring		
NAT		
Setting Up Cryptographic		
Services: Introducing SSL.		
Proof of		
Authenticity: The Certificate		
production, the confidence		

Authority, Managing		
Certificates with		
openssl, Creating a Signing		
Request, Working with GNU		
Privacy		
Guard, Creating GPG Keys,		
_		
Key Transfer, Managing GPG		
Keys,		
Encrypting Files with GPG,		
GPG Signing, Signing RPM		
Files		
Configuring Server for File		
Sharing: What is NFS?		
Advantages and		
Configuring NFS4, Setting Up		
NFSv4,		
Mounting an NFS Share,		
Making NFS Mounts		
S		
Persistent, Configuring		
Automount, Configuring		
Samba, Setting Up a Samba		
File Server,		
Samba Advanced		
1 ,		
Accessing Samba Shares,		
Offering FTP Services.		
UNIT – IV	U4 -01- Understanding how to	
	configure DNS and DHCP.	
	configure DNS and DITCI.	
DHCP:Introduction to DNS,		
The DNS	U4 -02- Learning how to	
Hierarchy, DNS Server Types,	configure authentication and	
The DNS Lookup Process,		
-	with .htpasswd.	
	-	
Types, Setting Up a DNS		
Server, Setting Up a Cache-		
Only Name		
Server, Setting Up a Primary		
Name Server, Setting Up a		
Secondary		
Name Server, Understanding		
DHCP, Setting Up a DHCP		
Server		
Setting Up a Mail Server: Using		
the Message Transfer Agent,		
the		
Mail Delivery Agent, the Mail		

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User Agent, Setting Up Postfix		
as an		
SMTP Server, Working with		
Mutt, Basic Configuration,		
Internet		
Configuration, Configuring		
Dovecot for POP and IMAP		
Configuring Apache on Red		
Hat Enterprise Linux:		
Configuring		
the Apache Web Server,		
creating a Basic Website,		
Understanding the		
Apache Configuration Files,		
Apache Log Files, Working		
with Virtual		
Hosts, Securing the Web Server		
with TLS Certificates,		
Configuring		
Authentication, Setting Up		
Authentication with .htpasswd,		
Configuring LDAP		
Authentication, Setting Up		
MySQL		
UNIT – V	U5 -01- Learning about Bash	
Introducing Bash Shell	Shell Scripting.	
Scripting: Introduction,		
Elements of a Good	U5 -02- Understanding Variables,	
Shell Script, Executing the	Variables, Subshells, and	
Script, Working with Variables	Sourcing.	
and Input,		
1	U5 -03- Learning High-	
Variables, Subshells, and		
Sourcing,	Trumaomity Glastering.	
Working with Script		
Arguments, Asking for Input,		
Using Command		
C		
Substitution, Substitution		
Operators, Changing Variable		
Content with		
Pattern Matching, Performing		
Calculations, Using Control		
Structures,		
Using ifthenelse, Using		
case, Using while, Using until,		
Using for,		
_		
Configuring booting with		

GRUB.	
High-Availability Clustering:	
High-Availability Clustering,	
The	
Workings of High Availability,	
High-Availability	
Requirements, Red	
Hat High-Availability Add-on	
Software, Components,	
Configuring	
Cluster-Based Services, Setting	
Up Bonding, Setting Up Shared	
Storage, Installing the Red Hat	
High Availability Add-On,	
Building	
the Initial State of the Cluster,	
Configuring Additional Cluster	
Properties, Configuring a	
Quorum Disk, Setting Up	
Fencing, Creating	
Resources and Services,	
Troubleshooting a	
Nonoperational Cluster,	
Configuring GFS2 File	
Systems	
Setting Up an Installation	
Server: Configuring a Network	
Server as	
an Installation Server, Setting	
Up a TFTP and DHCP Server	
for PXE	
Boot, Installing the TFTP	
Server, Configuring DHCP for	
PXE Boot,	
Creating the TFTP PXE Server	
Content, creating a Kickstart	
File,	
Using a Kickstart File to	
Perform an Automated,	
Installation,	
Modifying the Kickstart File	
with, system-config-kickstart,	
Making	
Manual Modifications to the	
Kickstart File	

Course: USIT506 Enterprise Java

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UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE
		OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 -01- Understanding	CO1 Identify
Understanding Java EE: what is Java EE. advance		advance
WhatisanEnterpriseApplication?		concepts of java
Whatisjavaenterpriseedition?		programming
JavaEETechnologies, JavaEEevolution,		with database
Glassfishserver		connectivity.
JavaEE Architecture, Serverand Containers:	U1 -02- Learning about	CO2 Design and
TypesofSystemArchitecture, JavaEEServer,	the basic concept of Java	develop
JavaEEContainers.	servlets.	platform
Introduction to Java Servlets:		independent
TheNeedforDynamicContent,	U2 -03- Understanding	applications
JavaServletTechnology, WhyServlets?	how to work with	using a variety
WhatcanServletsdo?	database.	of component
Servlet API and Lifecycle: JavaServletAPI,		based
TheServletSkeleton,		frameworks.
TheServletLifeCycle, ASimpleWelcomeServlet		CO3 Able to
WorkingwithServlets: GettingStarted,		implement the
Using Annotations Instead of Deployment Descriptor.		concepts of
Working with Databases: WhatIsJDBC?		Hibernate,
JDBCArchitecture,		XML& EJB for
AccessingDatabase, TheServletGUI and		building
DatabaseExample.		enterprise
		applications.
		CO4 The
		objective is to
		equip the
		students with
		the advanced
		feature of
		contemporary
		java which
		would
		enable them to
		handle complex
		programs
		relating to
		managing data
		and processes
		over the
		network.
		CO5 The major
		objective of this
		course is to
		provide a sound

		1
		foundation to
		the students on
		the concepts,
		precepts and
		practices, in a
		field that is of
		immense
		concern to the
		industry and
		business.
UNIT – II	U2 -01- learning the	
Request Dispatcher: Resquestdispatcher Interface,		
Methods of	Dispatcher.	
Requestdispatcher, Requestdispatcher Application.	F	
	U2 -02- Learning about	
WhereCookiesAreUsed?	cooking.	
CreatingCookiesUsingServlet,	J. J	
DynamicallyChangingtheColorsofAPage	U2 -03- Learning how to	
SESSION: WhatAreSessions?		
LifecycleofHttpSession,	Work with thes.	
SessionTrackingWithServletAPI, AServlet Session		
Example		
Workingwith Files: UploadingFiles,		
CreatinganUploadFileApplication,		
DownloadingFiles,		
CreatingaDownloadFileApplication.		
Workingwith Non-Blocking I/O:		
CreatingaNonBlockingReadApplication,		
CreatingTheWeb Application,		
Creating JavaClass, Creating Servlets, Retrieving		
The File, Creating		
index.jsp	112 01 11 1	
UNIT – III	U3 -01- Understand	
Introduction To Java ServerPages: WhyuseJava	about Java Server pages.	
ServerPages?	112 02 1	
	U3 -02- Learning about	
LifeCycleofaJSPPage,	LifeCycle of a JSP Page.	
HowdoesaJSPfunction? HowdoesJSPexecute?		
AboutJava ServerPages	U3 -03- Understanding	
Getting Started With Java ServerPages: Comments,	about Action Element.	
JSPDocument,		
JSPElements, JSPGUIExample.		
Action Elements: IncludingotherFiles,		
ForwardingJSPPagetoAnotherPage,		
PassingParametersforotherActions,		
LoadingaJavabean.		
Implicit Objects, Scopeand ElExpressions:		

ImplicitObjects,		
CharacterQuotingConventions,		
UnifiedExpressionLanguage[UnifiedEl],		
ExpressionLanguage.		
Java Server Pages Standard Tag Libraries:		
WhatiswronginusingJSPScriptletTags?		
HowJSTLFixesJSPScriptlet'sShortcomings?		
DisadvantagesOfJSTL,		
TagLibraries.		
UNIT – IV	U4 -01- Understanding	
Introduction To EnterpriseJavabeans:	Enterprise java Bean.	
EnterpriseBeanArchitecture,		
BenefitsofEnterpriseBean,	U4 -02- Learning about	
TypesofEnterpriseBean,	types of Java bean	
AccessingEnterpriseBeans,		
EnterpriseBeanApplication,		
PackagingEnterpriseBeans		
Workingwith Session Beans:		
WhentouseSessionBeans?		
TypesofSessionBeans, RemoteandLocalInterfaces,		
AccessingInterfaces, LifecycleofEnterpriseBeans,		
PackagingEnterpriseBeans, Example of		
StatefulSessionBean, Example		
ofStatelessSessionBean, Example of		
SingletonSessionBeans.		
Working with Message DrivenBeans:		
LifecycleofaMessageDrivenBean,		
UsesofMessageDrivenBeans,		
TheMessage DrivenBeansExample.		
Interceptors: Request andInterceptor, Defining An		
Interceptor, AroundInvokeMethod, ApplyingInterceptor,		
Adding An Interceptor		
To An Enterprise Bean, Build and Run the Web Application.		
11		
Java Naming and Directory Interface: What is		
Naming Service?	U4 - 04 - Introducing and	
What is Directory Service? What is Java Naming	-	
and Directory	Naming and Directory	
interface? Basic Lookup, JNDI Namespace in Java	interface in detail.	
EE, Resources and JNDI, Datasource Resource Definition in Java EE.		
UNIT – V		
Persistence, Object/Relational Mapping And JPA:		
WhatisPersistence? PersistenceinJava,	learning about	
CurrentPersistenceStandardsinJava,	Persistence,	
WhyanotherPersistenceStandards?	Object/Relational	

Object/Deletional Manning	Manning And IDA in	
Object/Relational Mapping,	Mapping And JPA in	
	detail with its meaning.	
The Java Persistence API,		
JPA,ORM,DatabaseandtheApplication,	115 02 11 1	
ArchitectureofJPA,	U5 - 02 - Understanding	
HowJPAWorks? JPA Specifications.	and learning of	
	JavaPersistence API with	
ApplicationRequirementSpecifications,	its objective and	
SoftwareRequirements,	specifications.	
The Application Development Approach,		
CreatingDatabaseandTablesinMysql,		
creatingaWebApplication,		
AddingtheRequiredLibraryFiles,		
creatingaJavabeanClass,		
CreatingPersistenceUnit[Persistence.Xml],		
CreatingJSPS,		
TheJPAApplicationStructure,		
RunningtheJPAApplication.		
Introduction to Hibernate: WhatisHibernate?		
WhyHibernate?		
Hibernate, Database and The Application,		
ComponentsofHibernate,		
ArchitectureofHibernate, HowHibernateWorks?	U5 - 03 - Creating and	
WritingHibernateApplication:	learning of JSPS,	
ApplicationRequirementSpecifications,	The JPA	
SoftwareRequirements,	ApplicationStructure,	
TheApplicationDevelopmentApproach,	along with this learning	
CreatingDatabaseandTablesinMysql,	how to run the program.	
creatingaWebApplication,		
AddingtheRequiredLibraryFiles,		
creatingaJavabeanClass,		
CreatingHibernateConfigurationFile,		
AddingaMappingClass,	U5 - 04 - Learning how to	
CreatingJSPS, RunningTheHibernateApplication.	write and hiber net	
	application in details	
	with all the information	
	required .	

# **Course Outcomes**

#### TYBSC IT – SEM 6

Course: USIT601 Software Quality Assurance

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 - 01 - Describe fundamental	CO1 Ability to identify and
		apply modern software
Historical Perspective of		testing methods in software
-	U1 - 02 - Explore test planning and	$\mathcal{C}$
Quality? (Is it a fact or		CO2 Understand testing
perception?), Definitions of		strategies and defect
Quality, Core		management defect
Components of Quality,		CO3 Recognise the
Quality View, Financial		importance of software
Aspect of Quality,		quality assurance
		-
		CO4 Know about quality
Processes, Total Quality		improvement, cost control and contribute toward
Management (TOM) Overlity Principles of		
(TQM), Quality Principles of		efficient delivery of
Total Quality Management,		software
Quality		solutions
Management Through		
Statistical Process Control,		
Quality		
Management Through		
Cultural Changes, Continual		
(Continuous)		
Improvement Cycle, Quality		
in Different Areas,		
Benchmarking and		
Metrics, Problem Solving		
Techniques, Problem Solving		
Software		
Tools.		
Software Quality:		
Introduction, Constraints of		
Software Product		
Quality Assessment,		
Customer is a King, Quality		
and Productivity		
Relationship, Requirements		
of a Product, Organisation		
Culture,		

Characteristics of Software,		
Software Development		
Process, Types of		
Products, Schemes of		
Criticality Definitions,		
Problematic Areas of		
Software Development Life		
Cycle, Software Quality		
Management,		
Why Software Has		
Defects?Processes Related to		
Software Quality,		
Quality Management System		
Structure, Pillars of Quality		
Management System,		
Important Aspects of Quality		
Management.		
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - To learn the basic testing	
	techniques.	
_	U2 - 02 - Develop knowledge of	
	testing process and features.	
testing? Fundamental test	0.1	
process, The psychology of		
testing,		
Historical Perspective of		
Testing, Definitions of		
Testing, Approaches		
to Testing, Testing During		
Development Life Cycle,		
Requirement		
Traceability Matrix,		
Essentials of Software		
Testing, Workbench,		
Important Features of Testing		
Process, Misconceptions		
About Testing, Principles of		
Software Testing, Salient		
Features of Good Testing,		
Test		
Policy, Test Strategy or Test		
Approach, Test Planning,		
Testing		
Process and Number of		
Defects Found in Testing,		
Test Team		
Efficiency, Mutation Testing,		
Challenges in Testing, Test		

TD.		
Team		
Approach, Process Problems		
Faced by Testing, Cost		
Aspect of		
Testing, Establishing Testing		
Policy, Methods, Structured		
Approach		
to Testing, Categories of		
1		
Defect, Defect, Error, or		
Mistake in		
Software, Developing Test		
Strategy, Developing Testing		
Methodologies (Test Plan),		
Testing Process, Attitude		
Towards Testing		
(Common People Issues),		
Test		
Methodologies/Approaches,		
People		
$\mathcal{E}$		
Testing, Raising Management		
Awareness for		
Testing, Skills Required by		
Tester,		
Testing throughout the		
software life cycle, Software		
development		
models, Test levels, Test		
types, the targets of testing,		
Maintenance		
testing		
UNIT – III	U3 - 01 - To learn Boundary value	
Unit Testing: Boundary	analysis.	
Value Testing: Normal	U3 - 02 - Develop knowledge of the	
_	Testing techniques.	
Testing, Robust Boundary	-	
Value Testing, Worst-Case		
Boundary		
ValueTesting, Special Value		
Testing, Examples, Random		
Testing,		
Guidelines for Boundary		
Value Testing, Equivalence		
Class Testing:		
Equivalence Classes,		
Traditional Equivalence		
Class Testing,		
	<u>l</u>	

Improved Equivalence Class
Testing, Edge Testing,
Guidelines and
Observations. Decision
Table–Based Testing:
Decision Tables,
Decision Table Techniques,
Cause-and-Effect Graphing,
Guidelines
and Observations, Path
Testing: Program Graphs,
DD-Paths, Test
Coverage Metrics, Basis Path
Testing, Guidelines and
Observations,
Data Flow Testing:
Define/Use Testing, Slice-
Based Testing,
Program Slicing Tools.
UNIT – IV U4 - 01 - Analyze Verfication and
Software Verification and Validation.
Validation:Introduction, U4 - 02 - Introduce V - Model and
Verification, Testing during test
Verification Workbench,
Methods of Verification,
Types of reviews
**
on the basis od Stage Phase,
Entities involved in
verification, Reviews
in testing lifecycle, Coverage
in Verification, Concerns of
Verification, Validation,
Validation Workbench,
Levels of Validation,
Coverage in Validation,
Acceptance Testing,
Management of
Verification and Validation,
Software development
verification and
validation activities.
V-test Model:Introduction,
V-model for software, testing
during
Proposal stage, Testing
during requirement stage,
Testing during test
Tooling during toot

planning phase, Testing	<sup>*</sup> 1	
during design phase, Testing	y o	
during coding,		
VV Model, Critical Roles and	1	
Responsibilities		
UNIT – V	U5 - 01 - understanding the levels	
Levels of Testing	of testings.	
Introduction, Proposa	_	
Testing, Requirement		
Testing, Design Testing		
Code Review, Unit Testing		
Module Testing,	'	
Integration Testing, Big-Ban	,	
Testing, Sandwich Testing	1	
Critical	'	
Path First, Sub System		
Testing, System Testing		
Testing Stages.	'	
Special Tests:Introduction		
1 *		
GUI testing, Compatibility		
Testing,		
Security Testing		
Performance Testing	,	
Volume Testing, Stress		
Testing, Recovery Testing		
Installation Testing	,	
Requirement Testing,		
Regression Testing, Erro		
Handling Testing, Manua		
Support Testing, Intersystem		
Testing, Control Testing		
Smoke Testing, Adho		
Testing,		
Parallel Testing, Execution		
Testing, Operations Testing	,	
Compliance		
Testing, Usability Testing	,	
Decision Table Testing	,	
Documentation		
Testing, Training testing	,	
Rapid Testing, Control flow	,	
graph,		
Generating tests on the basi	s	
of Combinatorial Designs		
State Graph,		
Risk Associated with New	7	
Technologies, Proces		
	<u> </u>	

maturity level of
Technology, Testing
Adequacy of Control in New
technology usage,
Object Oriented Application
Testing, Testing of Internal
Controls,
COTS Testing, Client Server
Testing, Web Application
Testing,
Mobile Application Testing,
eBusiness eCommerce
Testing, Agile
Development Testing, Data
Warehousing Testing.

Course: USIT602 Security in Computing

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 - 01 - simplify Information	CO1 Insight into secure
Information Security	Security Overview	design principles and
Overview: The Importance	U1 - 02 - determine Secure Design	defense models.
of Information	Principles	CO2 Knowledge about
Protection, The Evolution		storage and database
of Information Security,		security.
Justifying Security		CO3 Implement IDS,
Investment, Security		Firewalls and wireless
Methodology, How to		security.
Build a Security Program,		CO4 Skills to implement
The Impossible Job, The		secure cloud environment
Weakest Link, Strategy		for web and application
and Tactics,		security
Business Processes vs.		CO5 Ability to implement
Technical Controls.		physical security for
Risk Analysis: Threat		implementing secure
Definition, Types of		information environment.
Attacks, Risk Analysis.		
Secure Design Principles:		
The CIA Triad and Other		
Models, Defense		
Models, Zones of Trust,		
Best Practices for Network		
Defense.		
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - classify Authentication and	
Authentication and	Authorization	
Authorization:	U2 - 02 - analyze cryptography,	

Authentication,	Public Key Cryptography, Public Key	
Authorization	Infrastructure.	
Encryption: A Brief		
History of Encryption,		
1	•	
Symmetric-Key Counts are the Public Key		
Cryptography, Public Key		
Cryptography, Public Key		
Infrastructure.		
Storage Security: Storage		
Security Evolution,	,	
Modern Storage		
Security, Risk		
Remediation, Best		
Practices.		
Database Security:		
General Database Security	<u> </u>	
Concepts,		
Understanding Database		
Security Layers,		
Understanding		
DatabaseLevel Security,		
Using Application		
Security, Database Backup		
and		
Recovery, Keeping Your		
Servers Up to Date,		
Database Auditing and		
Monitoring		
UNIT – III	U3 - 01 - Learn Firewall Capabilities,	
Secure Network Design:		
	U3 - 02 - Learn Practices and	
Network Design,	Recommendations, Wireless Intrusion	
Performance, Availability,		
Security.	Prevention, Wireless Network	
•	Positioning and Secure Gateways.	
Switch and Router Basics,		
Network		
Hardening.		
Firewalls: Overview, The		
Evolution of Firewalls,		
Core Firewall Functions,		
Additional Firewall		
Capabilities, Firewall		
Design.		
Wireless Network		
Security: Radio Frequency		
Security Basics, DataLink		

Layer Wireless Security		
Features, Flaws, and		
Threats, Wireless		
Vulnerabilities and		
Mitigations, Wireless		
Network Hardening		
Practices and		
Recommendations,		
Wireless Intrusion		
Detection and		
Prevention, Wireless		
Network Positioning and		
Secure Gateways.		
UNIT – IV U4 -	01 - Learn Operating System	
Intrusion Detection and Secur	ity Models.	
Prevention Systems: IDS U4 -	02 - Learn Intrusion Detection	
Concepts, IDS and P	revention Systems	
Types and Detection	-	
Models, IDS Features, IDS		
Deployment		
Considerations, Security		
Information and Event		
Management (SIEM).		
Voice over IP (VoIP) and		
PBX Security:		
Background, VoIP		
Components, VoIP		
Vulnerabilities and		
Countermeasures, PBX,		
TEM:		
Telecom Expense		
Management.		
Operating System Security		
Models: Operating System		
Models,		
Classic Security Models,		
Reference Monitor,		
Trustworthy International		
Standards for Operating		
System Security.		
UNIT – V U5 - 0	1 - Introduce Cloud computing.	
	- 02 - Analyze application	
Cloud Computing: Virtual Secur	* **	
Machines, Cloud Secur	•	
Computing.	-	
Secure Application		
Design: Secure		

Development Lifecyc	cle,
Application Sec	curity
Practices,	Web
1 * *	curity,
Client	
Application Sec	curity,
Remote Administr	ration
Security.	
Physical Sec	curity:
Classification of A	Assets,
Physical Vulnerability	y
Assessment, Choosin	ig Site
Location for Sec	curity,
Securing Assets:	
Locks and Entry Cor	ntrols,
Physical Intr	rusion
Detection.	

Course: USIT603 Business Intelligence

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 - 01 - Describe the concepts	CO1 Ability to use decision
	and components of Business	
and timely decisions, Data,	Intelligence (BI).	Applications
information		CO2 Ability to develop and
and knowledge, The role of	U1 - 02 -Critically evaluate use of	use mathematical models
mathematical models, Business	BI for supporting decision	for data mining and data
_	making in an organisation.	preparations
architectures, Ethics and		CO3 Know how and when
_	U1 - 03 - Understand and use the	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	technologies and tools that make	
Definition of system,	up BI.	solving BI problems
Representation of the		CO4 Explore insights into
decision-making process,		important emerging
Evolution of information		applications of BI
systems, Definition		CO5 Developing skills to
of decision support system,		design expert system
Development of a decision		solutions for business
support system		applications
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - define development of a	
Mathematical models for	model, representation of input	
decision making: Structure of	data ,data mining process,	
mathematical	analysis methodologies, data	
models, Development of a	validation, data transformation,	
model, Classes of models	data reduction	

Data mining: Definition of data
mining, Representation of input U2 - 02 - To develop knowledge
data, of data mining.
Data mining process, Analysis
methodologies U2 - 03 - Analyze Data Validation
validation, Data
transformation, Data reduction
UNIT – III U3 - 01 -evaluate classification
Classification models, Bayesian methods,
problems, Evaluation of Clustering methods, Partition
classification methods, Hierarchical methods
models, Bayesian methods,
Logistic regression, Neural U3 - 02 - Explain Clustering and
networks, classification model.
Support vector machines
Clustering: Clustering methods,
Partition methods, Hierarchical
methods, Evaluation of
clustering models
UNIT – IV U4 - 01 -study relational
Business intelligence marketing, sales force
applications: management, optimization
Marketing models: Relational models for
marketing, Sales force logistics planning, efficiency
management, measures,
Logistic and production efficient frontier, The CCR model
models: Supply chain
optimization, U4 - 02 - Identify marketing
logistics planning, Revenue
management
systems. Data envelopment
analysis: Efficiency measures,
Efficient frontier,
The CCR model, Identification
of good operating practices
UNIT – V U5 - 01- To be well-versed with
Knowledge Management: Organizational
Introduction to Knowledge Learning and Transformation,
Management, Knowledge
Organizational Learning and Management Activities, Artificial
Transformation, Knowledge Intelligence Versus Natural
, 8   8
Activities, Approaches to basic structure and development
Knowledge Management, of expert
Information systems

Technology (IT) In Knowledge	U5 - 02 - generate knowledge of
Management, Knowledge	AI and other Automation
Management	techniques.
Systems Implementation, Roles	
of People in Knowledge	U5 - 03 - Develop Knowledge of
Management	expert system.
Artificial Intelligence and	
Expert Systems:	
Concepts and Definitions of	
Artificial Intelligence,	
Artificial	
Intelligence Versus Natural	
Intelligence, Basic Concepts of	
Expert	
Systems, Applications of	
Expert Systems, Structure of	
Expert Systems,	
Knowledge Engineering,	
Development of Expert	
Systems	

Course: USIT604 Principles of Geographic Information Systems

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT – I	U1 - 01 -Comprehend	CO1 Explore mapped data, Spatial Data
A Gentle	fundamental concepts and	Types, Data Creation, Georeferencing,
Introduction to GIS	practices of Geographic	Spatial Analysis
The nature of GIS:	Information Systems (GIS)	CO2 Relate GIS with remote sensing
Some fundamental	and advances in Geospatial	technologies with recent trends in
observations,	Information Science and	geospatial analysis
Defining GIS,	Technology (GIS&T).	CO3 Analyze spatial data, using QGIS
GISystems,		analysis tools
GIScience and	U1 - 02 -Apply basic graphic	CO4 Develop and Manage Geodatabases
	and data visualization concepts	
	such as color theory,	CO5 Create maps, images and apps to
Geoinformation.	symbolization, and use of	communicate spatial data in a
The real world and	white space.	meaningful way to others
representations of it:	-	
Models and		
modelling,		
Maps, Databases,		
Spatial databases and		
spatial analysis		
Geographic		
Information and		

Spatial Database		
Models and		
Representations of		
the real world		
Geographic		
Phenomena:		
Defining geographic		
phenomena, types of		
geographic		
phenomena,		
Geographic fields,		
Geographic objects,		
Boundaries		
Computer		
Representations of		
Geographic		
Information: Regular		
tessellations,		
irregular		
tessellations, Vector		
representations,		
Topology		
and Spatial		
relationships, Scale		
and Resolution,		
Representation of		
-		
Geographic fields,		
Representation of		
Geographic objects		
Organizing and		
Managing Spatial		
Data		
The Temporal		
Dimension		
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 -Demonstrate	
	organizational skills in file and	
	database management.	
	database management.	
Systems		
Hardware and		
	U2 - 02 -Give examples of	
	interdisciplinary applications	
Information Systems:		
	Science and Technology.	
Architecture and		
functionality, Spatial		
Data Infrastructure		
(SDI)		
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Stages of Spatial Data handling: Spatial data handling and preparation, Spatial Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Ouery and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database: GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and Spatial Positionality. UNIT – III UNIT – III UJ - 01 - Apply GIS analysis to Spatial Referencing and research questions. Spatial Referencing and or research questions. Spatial Referencing tools to create maps that are fit- Coordinate Go-purpose and effectively Systems, Map convey the information they are intended to.  Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning: Absolute positioning, Network positioning, Network positioning, Network positioning, Network positioning, Network positioning, Network positioning technology			
Spatial data handling and preparation, Spatial Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality.  UNIT – III UNIT – III UNIT – III Spatial Referencing address geospatial problems and Positioning Spatial Referencing: U3 – 02 – Demonstrate Reference surfaces proficiency in the use of GIS for mapping, tools to create maps that are fit. Coordinate Systems, Mapconvey the information they Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning, Relative positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, ode versus phase measurements, Positioning	Stages of Spatial		
and preparation, Spatial Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality.  UNIT — III U3 - 01 - Apply GIS analysis to Spatial Referencing and Positioning and/or research questions. Spatial Referencing: U3 - 02 - Demonstrate Reference surfaces proficiency in the use of GIS for mapping, tools to create maps that are fit-for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map convey the information they Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning. Relative positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, code versus phase measurements, Positioning	Data handling:		
and preparation, Spatial Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS. Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality. UNIT – III Spatial Referencing; U3 – 02 – Demonstrate Reference surfaces proficiency in the use of GIS for mapping, tools to create maps that are fit-for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning, Relative positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, code versus phase measurements, Positioning	Spatial data handling		
Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality.  UNIT – III Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Systems, Projections, Coordinate for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning; Relative positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, Code versus phase measurements, Positioning	and		
Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality.  UNIT – III Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Spatial Referencing and/or research questions. Systems, Projections, Coordinate for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning; Relative positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, Code versus phase measurements, Positioning	preparation, Spatial		
maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality. UNIT - III U3 - 01 - Apply GIS analysis to Spatial Referencing address geospatial problems and Positioning Spatial Referencing: U3 - 02 - Demonstrate Reference surfaces proficiency in the use of GIS for mapping, tools to create maps that are fit- for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning: Absolute positioning, Errors in absolute positioning, Network positioning, code versus phase measurements, Positioning			
Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation. Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database. GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality. UNIT III U3 - 01 - Apply GIS analysis to Spatial Referencing address geospatial problems and Positioning Spatial Referencing: U3 - 02 - Demonstrate Reference surfaces-proficiency in the use of GIS for mapping, tools to create maps that are fit- Coordinate for-purpose and effectively Systems, Map Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning: Absolute positioning, Errors in absolute positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, code versus phase measurements, Positioning	_		
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versus phase measurements, Positioning	<u> </u>		
phase measurements, Positioning	•		
Positioning			
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technology	•		
	technology		

Data Entry and		
Preparation		
Spatial Data Input:		
Direct spatial data		
capture, Indirect		
spatial data		
capture, Obtaining		
spatial data		
elsewhere		
Data Quality:		
Accuracy and		
•		
Positioning,		
Positional accuracy,		
Attribute accuracy,		
temporal accuracy,		
Lineage,		
Completeness,		
Logical consistency		
Data Preparation:		
Data checks and		
repairs, Combining		
data from		
multiple sources		
Point Data		
Transformation:		
Interpolating discrete		
data,		
Interpolating		
continuous data		
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 -Effectively	
Spatial Data Analysis		
1 -	1	
	project results in oral, written,	
_	and graphic forms.	
Capabilities	114 02 D	
Retrieval,	U4 - 02 -Demonstrate	
	confidence in undertaking new	
	(unfamiliar) analysis using	
Measurement,	GIS, troubleshoot problems in	
Spatial	GIS, and seek help from	
	software/website help menus	
	and the GIS community to	
=	solve problems.	
Vector overlay		
operators,Raster		
overlay operators		
Neighbourhood		
functions: Proximity		
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		1
computations,		
Computation of		
diffusion, Flow		
computation, Raster		
based surface		
analysis		
Analysis: Network		
analysis,		
interpolation, terrain		
modeling		
GIS and Application		
models:GPS, Open		
GIS Standards, GIS		
Applications and		
Advances		
Error Propagation in		
spatial data		
processing: How		
Errors		
propagate,		
Quantifying error		
propagation		
UNIT – V	U5 - 01 -Apply mathematical	
	U5 - 01 -Apply mathematical concepts, including statistical	
Data Visualization		
Data Visualization	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in	
Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in	
Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The Visualization Process Visualization Strategies: Present or	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in	
Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The Visualization Process Visualization Strategies: Present or	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in geospatial analysis.	
Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The Visualization Process Visualization Strategies: Present or explore? The cartographic	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in geospatial analysis.  U5 - 02 -Gather and process original data using a Global Positioning System (GPS) or	
Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The Visualization Process Visualization Strategies: Present or explore? The cartographic toolbox: What kind	concepts, including statistical methods, to data to be used in geospatial analysis.  U5 - 02 -Gather and process original data using a Global Positioning System (GPS) or other Global Navigation	
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Course: USIT605 IT Service Management

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UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
I INITE I	III 01 T- 11 11-11	CO1 Ability to 1-1
	U1 - 01 - To develop knowledge and	_
	critical understanding of the	
	1 1	interoperability and design
	U1 - 02 - understand how ITSM can	
	operate in an organisation to improve	
	ı	local, access and core
	U1 - 03 - understand best management	
=	practice from a technical and non-	_
-	technical perspective	CO <sub>2</sub> Ability to model,
Coordination, The agency		design, implement,
principle,		manage, operate,
Encapsulation, Principles		administrate and maintain
of systems, The service		networks, services
Life Cycle,		and contents
Functions and processes		CO3 Ability to plan
across the life cycle.		networks and decision-
Service Strategy		making about services.
Principles: Value		CO4 Learn about service
creation, Service Assets,		transition and service
Service		operations.
Provider Service		CO5 Ability to apply
Structures, Service		Continual Service
Strategy Principles.		Improvement in an
Service Strategy:Define		organization.
the market, Develop the		
offerings, Develop		
Strategic Assets, Prepare		
for execution.		
Challenges, Critical		
Success factors and		
risks:Complexity,		
Coordination and Control,		
Preserving value,		
Effectiveness in		
measurement, Risks.		
UNIT – II	U2 - 01 - communicate management	
Service Design:	theories and ideas in writing	
	U1 - 02 - problem solve through the	
· ·	lens of management theories	
Balanced Design,		
_	U1 - 03 - critically evaluate	
• 0	information from a variety of sources	

and		
documenting business		
requirements and drivers,		
Design activities,		
Design aspects,		
Subsequent design		
activities, Design		
constraints,		
Service oriented		
architecture, Business		
Service Management,		
Service		
Design Models		
Service Design		
Processes:Service		
Catalogue Management,		
Service Wanagement,		
Level Management,		
Capacity Management,		
Availability Management,		
IT Service Continuity		
Management, Information		
Security	772 04 0 1 1 1 1 1 1	
UNIT – III	U3 - 01 - Students will be able to	
Service Transition:	<u> </u>	
	managerial choices and identify	
-	optimal solutions	
Principles Supporting		
	U3 - 02 - Analyse the role of 'services'	
	and their implications within both	
Transition	service-dominant and product-	
	dominant firms and businesses.	
Processes: Transition		
planning and support,	U3 - 03 - Understand and evaluate the	
Change Management,	role of co-production within the	
Service Asses	services process and design of services	
Configuration	systems.	
Management,		
Service and Deployment		
Management, Service		
Validation and		
Testing, Evaluation,		
Knowledge Management.		
Challenges, Critical		
Success factors and		
risks:Challenges, Critical		
Success factors, Risks,		
zaccos incloss, itisks,		

C T		
Service Transition under		
difficult Conditions.		
UNIT – IV	U4 - 01 - Assess the options for	
	delivering effective service quality as	
Fundamentals, Service		
1 *	performance by a service firm in the	
Functions, groups, teams,		
	U4 - 02 - Identify the strengths and	
divisions, a chieving	weaknesses of a services system within	
balance in service	a case study exercise and draw out	
operations, Providing	implications for services management	
	in general.	
involvement in service	U4 - 03 - Learn of to assess real-time	
design and service	service delivery and generate options	
transition, Operational	for enhancing performance.	
Health, Communication,		
Documentation		
Service Operation		
Processes:Event		
Management, Incident		
Management, Request		
fulfilment, Problem		
Management, Access		
Management, Operational		
activities of processes		
covered in other		
lifecycle phases.		
Challenges, Critical		
Success factors and		
risks:Challenges, Critical		
Success factors, Risks		
UNIT – V	U5 - 01 -Interpret, use and evaluate a	
	wide range of numerical and graphical	
	data to set, manage and achieve service	
Principles: CSI Approach,	_	
CSI and organizational		
$\mathcal{C}$	U5 - 02 -Locate and access appropriate	
	sources of information in order to be	
	able to make informed decisions about	
	effective services delivery.	
Knowledge management,	directive services derivery.	
	U5 - 03 -Work individually and in	
= -	project teams to analyse case study	
governance,	material and create effective service	
<u> </u>	business scenarios.	
standards and quality		
Systems, CSI inputs and		
by stems, est inputs and		

outputs.	
CSI Process: The seven-	
step improvement	
process. CSI Methods	
nad Techniques: Methods	
and techniques,	
Assessments,	
benchmarking, Service	
Measurement, Metrics,	
Return on Investment,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Service reporting, CSI and other service	
management processes,	
Organising for	
CSI:Organisational	
development, Functions,	
roles,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Customer Engagement, Responsibility model -	
RACI, Competence	
and training.	
Technology	
considerations: Tools to	
support CSI activities.	
Implementing	
CSI:Critical	
Considerations for	
implementing	
CSI,The start,	
Governance, CSI and	
organisational change,	
Communication Strategy	
and Plan	
und 1 1411	

Semester – I USBT101- Core Subject- Basic Chemistry-I

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Nomenclature and Classification	UO1: To learn about the IUPAC system of nomenclature and be able to name the compounds based on the rules. UO2: To classify whether the bonds in the compound are organic, inorganic or co-ordinate. UO3: To analyse and solve the problems given towards the end of the topic.	CO1: To acquaint the students with basic concepts of Chemistry like Classification and Nomenclature of Chemical compounds  CO2: To impart hands-on skills in preparation of Buffers and Solutions.
2. Chemical Bonds	UO1: To understand the types of bonds whether they are ionic, covalent or co-ordinate and to study the compounds forming those bonds.  UO2: To get an in-depth understanding of co-ordinate and non-covalent bonds and the forces associated with them.  UO3: To understand and study the theory of Hydrogen bonding and its application.	
3. Water and Buffers	UO1: To understand the properties of water along with its structure and its usage in chemical reactions. UO2: To learn to calculate and prepare solutions of different concentrations and to understand primary and secondary standards. UO3: To understand the theory of acids and bases along with the concept of buffers	

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Stereochemistry	UO1: To get a thorough	CO1: To acquaint students
	understanding of structure	with Concepts of
	of compounds and the	Stereochemistry
	arrangement of atoms in	
	space.	CO2: To impart knowledge
	UO2: To learn about	of Titrimetric and Volumetric Estimations and
	isomerism and their types	handling of basic Analytical
	and study the structures	Techniques like
	showing isomerism.	Chromatography and
	UO3: To understand the	Colorimetry.
	difference between	
	conformations and	
	configuration and learn the	
	projection formulae of	
2 Titrimotry and	compounds. UO1: To know and learn the	
2. Titrimetry and	basic terms associated with	
Gravimetry	titration and gravimetry.	
	UO2: To further study the	
	estimation techniques using	
	titration.	
	UO3: To also study about	
	gravimetry and its use in	
	analysis with the help of	
	suitable examples.	
3. Analytical Techniques	UO1: To understand and	
	learn about the methods of	
	separation of organic and	
	inorganic compounds.	
	UO2: To study about the	
	different analytical	
	techniques along with their	
	applications.	
	UO3: To understand the	
	theory behind	
	Beer-Lambert's law and be	
	able to solve the numerical	
	problems based on the law.	

## **USBT103** -Core Subject- Basic Life Sciences-I: Biodiversity and Cell Biology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Origin of Life and	UO1: To study the origin of	CO1: To acquaint students
Biodiversity (Animal,	life theories and understand the concepts of biodiversity.	with concept of Biodiversity and Cell Biology
Plant, Microorganisms)	the concepts of blodiversity.	and cen biology

	UO2: To learn about plant diversity in detail with examples. UO3: To learn about animal diversity in detail with examples. UO4: To learn about microbial diversity in detail with examples.	CO2: To impart skill in handling and culture of Microorganisms.
Ultra Structure of     Prokaryotic and     Eukaryotic Cell.	UO1: To get an overview about prokaryotic cellular structure UO2: To get an overview about eukaryotic cellular structure UO3: To study about extracellular organelles in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. UO4: To distinguish between prokaryotes and eukaryotes on the basis of different biological characteristics.	
3. Bacteria and Viruses	UO1: To learn about classification, types and morphology of bacteria. UO2: To understand cultivation, reproduction and growth kinetics of bacteria UO3: To gain knowledge about bacterial isolation and industrial applications. UO4: To classify viruses based on several parameters like host infected, structural similarity, etc UO5: To study properties of plant, animal and bacterial viruses with their significance.	

#### **USBT104** -Core Subject- Basic Life Sciences-II : Microbial Techniques

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
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1. Microscopy and Stains	UO1: To get an overview	CO1: To acquaint students
	about parts of a simple and	with basic techniques in
	compound microscope with	Staining and Sterilization
	its functions.	G0.5 TT :
	UO2: To study working and	CO2: To impart the
	applications and phase	knowledge of growth of
	contrast and dark field	microorganisms.
	microscope.	
	UO3: To learn different	
	staining techniques with its	
	examples and applications.	
2. Sterilization Techniques	UO1: To distinguish	
	between disinfection and	
	sterilization	
	UO2: To study the role of	
	physical and chemical	
	agents used in sterilization.	
	UO3: To understand the	
	characteristics of an ideal	
	disinfectant with examples.	
3. Nutrition, Cultivation	UO1: To impart knowledge	
and Enumeration of	about nutritional	
	requirements of bacteria.	
Microorganisms	UO2: To learn the concept	
	of culture media and	
	isolation techniques.	
	UO3: To study growth curve	
	and enumeration of	
	bacteria.	
	UO4: To prepare students in	
	understanding about	
	preservation of microbial	
	cultures.	
	Luitures.	

# **USBT105** -Core Subject- Basic Biotechnology-I : Introduction to Biotechnology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Scope and Introduction     to Biotechnology	UO1: To impart knowledge about the history of Biotechnology UO2: To acquaint the students with the different branches of Biotechnology and their applications UO3: To differentiate between traditional and modern biotechnology	CO1: To acquaint students with various fields of Biotechnology and their applications CO2: To impart the knowledge of Food Technology and Fermentation Techniques.

2.	Applications	UO1: To acquaint students	
	Biotechnology	with the applications of	
		Biotechnology in Agriculture	
		UO2: To impart knowledge	
		about the ethics in	
		Biotechnology	
		UO3: To make the students	
		acquainted with IPR	
3.	Food and Fermentation	UO1: To impart knowledge	
	Biotechnology	about Food Biotechnology	
		UO2: To discuss the	
		biotechnological	
		applications in	
		enhancement of food	
		quality	
		UO3: To discuss about the	
		regulatory aspects in food	
		industries	
		UO4: To acquaint students	
		with fermentation	
		technology	
		UO3:	

## **USBT106- Core Subject- Basic Biotechnology-II : Molecular Biology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Replication	UO1: To impart knowledge about DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. UO2: To study enzymes involved in DNA replication. UO3: To learn the recombination process in eukaryotes.	CO1: To acquaint students with DNA Replication, Repair and Genetic Engineering CO2: Impart the knowledge of molecular Biology Techniques
2. Mutation and DNA Repair	UO1: To study different types of mutations UO2: To learn working applications of mutations causing agents. UO2: To learn the basics of different types of repair mechanisms	
3. Genetic Engineering	UO1: To distinguish between DNA and RNA as genetic material. UO2: To gain understanding of Genetic Engineering	

techniques in various organisms.  UO3: To learn concepts about different types of vectors and its applications.  UO4: To study roles of enzymes involved in genetic	
•	

#### **USBT107** - Ability Enhancement Course 1 (FC I)- Societal Awareness

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Overview of Indian	UO1: To understand the	CO1: To acquaint the
Society	multicultural diversity of	students with concepts of
	Indian society through	Societal Awareness
	various	CO2: To impart knowledge of Society and make
	parameters.	students aware about the
	UO2: To highlight the notion	Problems in Society
	of linguistic diversity.	
	UO3: To study the concept of	
	regional diversity with	
	respect	
	to various parameters.	
	·	
2. Concept of Disparity	UO1: To study the causes	
	and	
	effects of disparity arising	
	due	
	to various social,	
	economical	
	factors.	
	UO2: To highlight the inequalities faced by people	
	with different types of	
	disabilities.	
	UO3: To develop brief	
	understanding about	
	inequalities arising out of	
	caste system, regionalism	
	and	
	linguistic diversity.	

3.	The Indian Constitution	UO1: To learn the basic	
	and Significant Aspects	features of constitution as	
	of Political Processes	given in the preamble	
		UO2: To study fundamental	
		duties of a Indian citizen and	
		values required to build	
		effective society.	
		UO3: To understand	
		features	
		of Indian politics with	
		highlight	
		on party system, special	
		amendments and	
		contribution	
		of women in politics.	

Semester – II

USBT201 Core Subject Chemistry-I : Bioorganic Chemistry

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Biomolecules: Carbohydrates and Lipids	UO1: To classify biomolecules such as carbohydrates, lipids and steroids based on their structure and properties. UO2: To distinguish between simple and complex carbohydrates and study their properties. UO3: To study the types of lipids and the reactions they participate in.	CO1: To aquint students with Bioorganic Molecules CO2: To impart the knowledge of Classification, Strucure and Characterization of Biomolecules
2. Biomolecules: Proteins and Amino Acids	UO1: To classify proteins and amino acids based on their structures and functions.  UO2: To understand the concept of isoelectric point and study the synthesis of peptides=es.  UO3: To learn and understand the reactions carried out by protein and amino acids.	

3. Biomolecules: Nucleic	UO1: To study the structure	
Acids	and composition of DNA	
	and RNA.	
	UO2: To understand the	
	difference between purine	
	and pyridine bases.	
	UO3: Differentiate between	
	DNA and RNA based on	
	their compositions.	

#### **USBT202** Core Subject Chemistry-II: Physical Chemistry

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Thermodynamics	UO1: To clear the basic	CO1: To aquaint students
ĺ	terms related to	with concepts in
	thermodynamics.	Thermodynamics, Kinetics
	UO2: To study the laws of	and Redox Reactions
	thermodynamics; their laws	CO2: To impart skills in
	and limitations.	Kinetics and Chemical
	UO3: To solve numericals	Reactions
	based on internal energy,	
	work, enthalpy. entropy.	
2. Chemical Kinetics	UO1: To understand the	
	progress of a reaction based	
	on their rate.	
	UO2: To learn about the	
	order of reaction	
	UO3: To solve numericals	
	based on the above given	
	concepts.	
3. Oxidation Reduction	UO1: To understand the	
reactions	basic concepts of oxidation	
	and reduction reactions.	
	UO2: To understand the role	
	of oxidizing and reducing	
	agents.	
	UO3: To solve the	
	conceptual numericals	
	towards the end of the unit.	

#### **USBT203** Core Subject Life Sciences-I: Physiology and Ecology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Plant Physiology	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CO1: To acquaint students
	photosynthesis and its	with Physiological Processes
	systems with reactions.	in Plants and Animals

	UO2: To distinguish between dark phase, C3, C4 cycles and photorespiration. UO3: To learn the action of several plant hormones and secondary metabolites.	CO1: To impart the knowledge of Physiology and Ecology
2. Animal Physiology	UO1: To study mechanisms of digestion, absorption and assimilation in humans. UO2: To learn anatomy, physiology of the human kidney. UO3: To learn anatomy, physiology of respiration. UO4: To learn anatomy, physiology of the human heart, blood circulation and coagulation.	
3. Ecosystem and Interactions	UO1: To gain insight of different types of ecosystems, its structures and functions.  UO2: To learn concepts of food chain, food web and food pyramids.  UO3: To get detailed understanding about biogeochemical cycles and interactions between organisms.	

#### **USBT204** Core Subject Life Sciences-II : Genetics

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Genetics Fundamentals	UO1: To understand the basics of genetics and Mendel's laws. UO2: To distinguish between genotype and phenotype. UO3: To understand the principles of non-Mendelian genetics.	CO1: To acquaint students with concepts in Genetics CO2: To impart skills in Techniques in Genetic Analysis and Population Genetics

	UO3: To highlight environmental effects on genes and gene interactions.	
2. Microbial Genetics	UO1: To learn to classify bacteria as prototrophs and auxotrophs.  UO2: To study mechanism and pathway of genetic material exchange in bacteria.  UO3: To learn transduction and bacterial virus life cycles and transposable elements.	
3. Population Genetics	UO1: To study Hardy-Weinberg law and its applications. UO2: To understand genetic variations in populations at DNA level. UO3: To learn the significance of population genetics in conservation biology.	

# **USBT205** Core Subject Biotechnology-I : Tissue Culture & Scientific Writing and Communication Skills

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Plant Tissue Culture	UO1: To understand the concepts of plant tissue culture and cell theory. UO2: To develop insight about basic framework of plant tissue culture laboratory. UO3: To illustrate the culture medium required for plant tissue culture and throw light on callus culture technique.	CO1: To acquaint students with Techniques of Plant and Animal Tissue Culture CO2:To impart the skills of PTC, ATC and Science Communication
2. Animal Tissue Culture	UO1: To introduce cell culture techniques and its applications. UO2: To learn significance of	

	growth factors, cell metabolism and growth kinetics. UO3: To study development and maintenance of primary cell culture and its types.	
3. Scientific Writing and Communication Skills	UO1: To understand communication, its types and key principles. UO2: To learn the principles and applications of scientific writing with examples. UO3: To introduce concept of plagerism.	

#### USBT206 Core Subject Biotechnology-II: Enzymology, Immunology and Biostatistics

	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
UNIT NO. AND NAME		
1. Enzymes	UO1: To understand the detailed classification, nature and properties of enzymes in detail. UO2: To study the mechanism, enzyme kinetics and effects of various parameters of enzyme activity. UO3: To analyse mechanisms of different modes of enzyme inhibitions and allosteric modulators.	CO1: To acquaint students with concepts in Enzymology, Immunology and Biostatistics CO2: To impart the skills in Enzyme Kinetics, Immunological Techniques and Biostatistics.
2. Immunology	UO1: To acquaint the students with the cells and organs of the immune system UO2: To discuss about the different types of immunity UO3: To impart knowledge about the antigens and	

	different classes of	
	antibodies	
	UO4: To gain insight about	
	the antigen-antibody	
	interactions	
	UO5: To discuss about	
	different types of vaccines	
3. Biostatistics	UO1: To study the	
	importance of Statistics in	
	Biology.	
	UO2: To learn the terms	
	associated with Statistics	
	and understand the	
	representation of different	
	forms of charts.	
	UO3: To solve numericals	
	based on mean, median and	
	mode and also solve	
	questions on dispersion,	
	variation, standard	
	deviation and standard	
	error.	

# **USBT207** Ability Enhancement Course 2 (FC II)- Globalization, Ecology and Sustainable Development

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Globalisation and Indian     Society and Human     Rights	UO1: To understand the basic concept of globalisation and its associated terms UO2: To discuss about the concept of Human rights in-depth and develop and understanding for the same UO3: To apply the learnings and develop an aptitude in one's life	CO1: To acquaint the students with concepts of Globalization, Ecology and Environment CO2: To impart knowledge of Globalization make students aware about the problems in Society
Ecology and Sustainable     Development	UO1: To discuss the importance of environment protection and the concept of sustainability UO2: To understand the environmental threats and how one can protect it	

3.	Understanding and	UO1: To discuss the types	
	Managing Stress and	and causes of stress and	
	Conflict in	how one can overcome it	
	Contemporary Society	UO2: To understand the	
	contamporary coolety	significance of social values	
		and ethics	
		UO3: To discuss and analyze	
		the various methods of	
		stress management	

## Semester III

## **USBT301** Core Subject Biophysics

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Optics and Electromagnetic Radiations	UO1: To learn about the properties of light such as reflection, refraction and their laws and applications. UO2: To learn about the spectroscopic techniques, specifically about the UV region of the electromagnetic spectrum. UO3: To learn about the different analytical techniques such as SEM, TEM, Immuno electron microscopy and Fluorescence microscopy and study about their importance in Biotechnology.	CO1: The objective of this course is to have a firm foundation of the fundamentals and applications of current biophysical theories. CO2: By the end of the course the student will:  • Develop an understanding of the different aspects of classical Physics. CO3: Be able to relate principles of Physics to applications and techniques in the field of Biology such as Microscopy, Spectroscopy and Electrophoresis.
2. Heat, Sound, Magnetism and Fluid Dynamics	UO1: To understand the concept of heat and temperature and methods of transfer of heat. Also to study about the different thermometers and their applications.  UO2: To study about sound and their types based on their properties such as frequencies and understand the applications.  UO3: To study about viscosity, surface tension and other surface phenomenon with their	

	application in Biological	
	Sciences.	
3. Electrophoretic	UO1: To get an overview	
Techniques	about principles of	
	electrophoresis of different	
	types with suitable	
	examples.	
	UO2: To study mechanism	
	of different types of paper	
	and gel electrophoresis with	
	suitable examples.	
	UO3: To gain insight about	
	staining, detection methods	
	and industrial applications	
	of electrophoresis.	

## USBT302 Core Subject Applied Chemistry- I

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Organic Chemistry	UO1: To study about the different types of organic reactions and their applications UO2: To study about the role of essential and non essential metal ions in biological systems and their significance. UO3: to understand the difference between enzymes, co-enzymes and apo-enzymes UO4: to understand the biological role of metalloenzymes wrt to myoglobin and haemoglobin. UO5: To study about the metal complexes used in medicines.	CO1:- The objective of this course is to have a firm foundation of the fundamentals and applications of Organic and Green Chemistry. CO2: By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Develop an understanding of the different aspects of Organic and Green Chemistry. CO3: Discuss role of Organic Compounds in Biology and Synthesis of Organic Compounds. CO4: Discuss role of Green Chemistry and its application in Industry.
2. Synthesis of Organic Compounds	UO1: To study about the different types of synthesis in organic reactions. UO2: To understand the criteria for synthesis that can provide a good yield.	

	UO3: To study the green methods in organic synthesis.	
3. Green Chemistry and Synthesis	UO1: To understand the need for green chemistry in today's day and age. UO2: To study the principles of green chemistry. UO3: To study and understand about the green materials such as reagents, solvents, catalysts.	

## **USBT303** Core Subject Immunology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Effectors of Immune     Response	UO1: To discuss haematopoiesis UO2: To acquaint students with the cells and organs of the immune system UO3: To discuss complement system - types, biological effects and deficiencies	CO1:- The objective of this course is to familiarize students with the Immune Effector Mechanisms and various Immuno-techniques. CO2- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Understand the role of different types of Cells, Effector Molecules and Effector Mechanisms in Immunology. CO3: Understand the principles underlying various Immuno-techniques
2. Cell Receptors	UO1: To learn the mechanism of T-cell receptor's activation with its structure. UO2: To demonstrate the antigen presentation pathways by MHC class I and MHC class II. UO3: To study the mechanism of B-cell receptor's activation with its structure and its	

	interaction with T-cell.	
3. ImmunoTechniques	UO1: To acquaint students	
	with the precipitation	
	reactions	
	UO2: To acquaint students	
	with the agglutination	
	reactions	
	UO3: To discuss alternatives	
	to Antigen-Antibody	
	Reactions	

## **USBT304** Core Subject Cell Biology and Cytogenetics

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Cytoskeleton	UO1: To illustrate significance of microtubules as dynamic cytoskeleton elements with its structure and associated motor proteins.  UO2: To study the role of microfilaments as a crucial element with its structure and associated motor protein-myosin.  UO3: To demonstrate the structure, function and different types of intermediate filaments.	CO1- The objective of this course is to have a firm foundation in the fundamentals of Cell Biology and Cytogenetics. CO2- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Develop an understanding of the Cytoskeleton and Cell Membrane. CO3: Discuss the structure of Chromosomes and types of Chromosomal Aberrations. CO4: Discuss the principles underlying Sex Determination, Linkage and Mapping.
2. Cell Membrane	UO1: To understand the principles of membrane transport with examples. UO2: To study different types of cell-cell and cell extracellular matrix junctions. UO3: To learn the structure and functions of cell coats with suitable examples related to cell recognition.	

3. Cytogenetics	UO1: To develop brief	
	understanding about	
	chromosome, its types and	
	highlight mutations caused	
	change in chromosome	
	number.	
	UO2: To analyze the	
	mechanism of sex	
	determination and linkage.	
	UO3: To illustrate the	
	fundamental concepts of	
	linkage, crossing over and	
	chromosomal mapping.	

## **USBT305** Core Subject Molecular Biology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Gene Expression-Transcriptio n	U01: To study the intricate mechanism of Transcription in both prokaryotes and Eukaryotes U02: To illustrate the details of initiation, elongation and termination of transcription U03: To develop a brief understanding of the types of polymerases and promoters U03: To demonstrate the mechanism of splicing and RNA editing	CO1- The objective of this course is to have an insight into the mechanism of Gene Expression and Regulation. CO2: By the end of the course the student will be able to: • Discuss the mechanisms associated with Gene Expression at the level of Transcription and Translation. CO3: Discuss the mechanisms associated with Regulation of Gene Expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes
2. Gene Expression-Translation	U01: To discuss the genetic code, its nature and how it was deciphered UO2: To study the mechanism of protein synthesis and discuss each step of initiation, elongation, translocation and termination. U03: To demonstrate the various post-translational modifications	

3. Regulation of Gene	U01: To demonstrate various operons in	
Expression	various operons in Prokaryotes, specifically in bacteria such as lac and trp U02: To analyse the intricate mechanisms of lytic and lysogenic cycles in viruses U03: To discuss the various operons in Eukaryotes and the methods of gene silencing	

## **USBT306 Skill Enhancement Elective Bioprocess Technology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Microorganisms in Industrial Processes	UO1: To discuss about the types of microorganisms used in industrial processes UO2: To acquaint students with screening and its types UO3: To impart knowledge about the preservation techniques used	CO1:- The objective of this course is to understand the basics skills applied in Fermentation Technology and build a foundation for more advanced studies in Bioprocess Technology. CO2- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Develop an understanding of the various aspects of Bioprocess Technology. CO3: Develop skills associated with screening of Industrially Important Strains.  CO4: Understand principles underlying design of Fermentor and Fermentation Process.
2. Fermentor and Fermentation Processes	UO1: To impart knowledge about the design of a fermentor UO2: To gain insight about the fermentation media UO3: To discuss about sterilization and the process parameters	

	UO4: To acquaint students	
	about the types of	
	fermentation	
	UO5: To study the	
	representative fermentation	
	processes	
3. In-vivo and Invitro Assay	UO1: To discuss the assay of	
of Industrial Products	industrial processes	
	UO2: To acquaint the	
	students with half-life	
	determination of	
	pharmaceutical products	
	UO3: To study bioavailability	
	and bioequivalence studies	

## **USBT307** General Elective Research Methodology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Introduction to     Research Methodology     and Research Problem	UO1: To study the meaning, criteria, and objectives of good research. UO2: To learn different types of research and its significance UO3: To identify good research question, methods involved to solve it and challenges faced by researchers while approaching research problem.	CO1- The objective of this course is to develop Research Aptitude, Logical Thinking and Reasoning. CO2:- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Understand basic principles of Research Methodology and identify a Research Problem. CO3: Understand a general definition of Research Design. CO4: Identify the overall Process of Designing a Research Study from its inception to its Report.
2. Research Design and Data Collection	UO1: To understand the necessity of effective research design and its principles. UO2: To demonstrate mechanism of formulating a research plan. UO3: To study different methods of data collection and its applications.	

3. Interpretation and	UO1: To introduce the	
Report Writing	concept	
	of data interpretation.	
	UO2: To learn principles of	
	report writing and its types.	
	UO3: To summarize	
	importance of oral	
	presentation and	
	precautions	
	to be taken while writing	
	scientific report.	

# SEMESTER IV

## **USBT401 Core Subject Biochemistry**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Carbohydrate     Metabolism, ETS and     Energy Rich Compounds	UO1: To study carbohydrate metabolism with different pathways such as glycolysis, Fermentation, pentose phosphate pathway, TCA and its energetics, regulation and inhibitors. UO2: To learn the principles of electron transport chain and oxidative phosphorylation with its inhibitors. UO3: To demonstrate the significance of ATP and other energy rich molecules.	CO1:- The objective of this course is to gain an insight into the Metabolic Processes associated with Catabolism of Carbohydrates, Amino Acids, Lipids and Nucleotides. CO2:- By the end of the course the student will be able to  • Discuss the Metabolic Pathways of Carbohydrates, Amino Acids, Lipids and Nucleotides. CO3: Explain the Role of Energy Rich Molecules in Metabolism.
2. Amino Acid Metabolism	UO1: To highlight catabolism of amino acid pathways and its regulation. UO2: To study biosynthesis of key hormones and regulators from amino acids. UO3: To analyze deamination, transamination and reactions of urea cycle along with	

	regulation and disorders.	
3. Lipid and Nucleotide Metabolism	UO1: To learn mobilization and transport of fatty acids. UO2: To develop understanding about catabolism pathway of different types of fatty acids and its regulation. UO3: To study ketone body breakdown pathway and highlight catabolism of purines and pyrimidines.	

## **USBT402** Core Subject Applied Chemistry- II

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Sampling and     Separation Techniques	UO1: To study about sampling, its importance and techniques of sampling for solids, liquids and gases. UO2: To study about the various types of separation techniques and their applications in biological sciences. UO3: to understand about the concepts of sedimentation and centrifugation in detail.	CO1- The objective of this course is to have a firm foundation of the fundamentals and applications of current Chemical Theories for the Physical World. CO2- By the end of the course the student will:  • Develop an understanding of the different aspects of Analytical Chemistry. CO3: Gain knowledge of Natural Product Chemistry and related acquired skills. CO4: Gain an understanding of basic concepts in Polymer Chemistry and Nanomaterials.
2. Natural Product Chemistry	UO1: To understand and classify the natural products into primary and secondary metabolites.  UO2: To learn about the structure and functions of alkaloids, phenolics, sterols and essential oils. Also study about their structural elucidation.	

	UO3: To learn about the chromatographic separation techniques.	
3. Polymers and Nanomaterials	UO1: To get introduced to the chemistry of polymers and learn about the different types of polymers. UO2: To study about the stereochemistry of polymers and about biodegradable polymers.	

## **USBT403** Core Subject Medical Microbiology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Infectious Diseases	UO1: To discuss the host parasite relationship UO2: To gain insight about infection UO3: To gain knowledge about diseases	CO1- The objective of this course is to gain insight into Disease Factors and Processes and Diseases Caused by Microorganisms. CO2:- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • List the factors playing a role in causing a disease. CO3: Discuss the various aspects of Systemic Infections including Causative Agents, Symptoms and Prophylaxis. CO4: Gain the technical capability of handling, isolating and identifying various Bacteria.
2. Medical Microbiology-Causative Organisms- I	UO1: To acquaint the students with S. aureus UO2: To study S. pyogenes UO3: To discuss respiratory tract infections caused by M. tuberculosis and S. pneumoniae UO4: To gain knowledge about UTIs caused by E. coli and Proteus	

3. Medical Microbiology -	UO1: To study the GI tract	
Causative Organisms- II	infections caused by	
	Salmonella and Shigella	
	UO2: To study the sexually	
	transmitted diseases	
	UO3: To discuss nosocomial	
	infections	

## **USBT404** Core Subject Environmental Biotechnology

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Environmental Pollution	UO1: To analyse the types, sources, classification of air pollutants and study air pollution monitoring and prevention.  UO2: To study the types, sources, classification of water pollutants and study water pollution monitoring and prevention.  UO3: To study the types, sources, classification of soil and solid waste pollutants and study soil pollution monitoring and prevention and elaborate on the concept of soil erosion.	CO1:- The objective of this course is to gain awareness about different Types of Environmental Pollution and Related Issues. CO2- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Gain an understanding of the causes, types and control methods for Environmental Pollution. CO3: Application of different life forms in Environmental Remediation.
2. Global Environmental Problems and Issues	UO1: To get an overview about factors responsible for greenhouse effect with relevant examples. UO2: To state the importance of global warming, ozone depletion and regulations of Kyoto protocol. UO3: To analyse the damaging consequences of UV radiation and acid rain.	
3. Bioremediation	UO1: To understand the concept of bioremediation. UO2: To learn about the microorganisms in bioremediation.	

UO3: To learn about	
bioaugmentation and	
biostimulation	
UO4:TO monitor the efficacy	
of bioremediation	
techniques.	

## **USBT405** Core Subject Biostatistics and Bioinformatics

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Introduction to     Computers and     Biological Databases	UO1: To understand the working principles of computers and the internet. UO2: To state the applications biological databases and its classification. UO3: To analyse the applications of genome information resources and protein structure visualization softwares.	CO1:- The objective of this course is learning and understanding basic concepts of Bioinformatics and Biostatistics. CO2:- By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Gain an understanding of the basic concepts of Bioinformatics and Biostatistics. CO3: Understand the tools used in Bioinformatics. CO4: Apply the various Statistical Tools for Analysis of Biological Data.
2. BLAST and Sequence Alignment	UO1: To introduce the concepts of sequencing technique such as BLAST and its types UO2: To study the various alignment methods, namely, global and local UO3: To demonstrate the concept of multiple sequencing alignment and it's associated terminologies	
3. Biostatistics	UO1: To understand the theory and solve problems based on correlation and regression analysis.  UO2: To study the test in studying statistical hypothesis.	

UO3: To study and solve	
problems based on z-test,	
T-test and Chi square test	

## **USBT406 Molecular Diagnostics**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
Basics of Molecular Diagnostics	UO1: To develop an in-depth understanding of the brief history of the diagnosis at the molecular level UO2: To demonstrate the various characterisation and analysis technique of nucleic acids and proteins UO3: To analyze and apply the various hybridization techniques such as the blotting methods.	CO1: Objective of this course is learning and understanding Molecular Techniques and utilizing these techniques in Diagnosis. CO2: By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Gain an understanding of the basic Principles used in Molecular Diagnosis. CO3: Gain critical thinking and analytical skills to understand new Diagnostic Methods. CO4: Apply the knowledge and skills gained in the course should be useful in developing new Diagnostic Kits.
2. Nucleic Acid Amplification Methods	UO1: To discuss amplification technique such as the working of PCR UO2: To develop a brief understanding on the various modifications of PCR UO3: To understand the concept of ligase chain reaction	
3. Molecular Biology based Diagnostics	UO1: To study the concept of DNA polymorphism and understand RFLP, sickle cell Anemia as well as parentage technique UO2: To briefly discuss the various methods of	m

molecular diagnostics for infectious diseases UO3: To understand the need of genetic counselling by discussing case studies and to also discuss the ethical social and legal issues associated with genetic testing.	

## **USBT407 General Elective Entrepreneurship Development**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Introduction to Entrepreneurship Development	UO1: To introduce the concept of entrepreneurship. UO2: To state qualities required to be a successful entrepreneur UO3: To learn the depth of rising demand of entrepreneurship in the future.	CO1: To develop and systematically apply an Entrepreneurial way of thinking that will allow identification and creation of Business Opportunities. CO2: By the end of the course the student will be able to:  • Develop an understanding of the systematic process and to select and screen a Business Idea. CO3: Design strategies for successful implementation of ideas. CO4: Write a Business Plan
2. Setting-up of an Enterprise and Planning	aspects of deciding location of a business, financial planning, effective strategies to obtain fundings and sponsors.  UO2: To learn methodologies involved in planning, organization and implementation of a project along with its feasibility.  UO3: To get an in -depth understanding of regulatory affairs, corporate laws	

		associated with establishing	
		an enterprise.	
3. Marketing, S Advertising a Internationa research	and	UO1: To learn to design effective marketing plan. UO2: To analyse different principles of advertising and sales promotion. UO3: To study strategies of market assessment and different types of market	
		research with suitable examples.	

#### SEMESTER V

#### **USBT501 Cell Biology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Cell cycle	UO1: To distinguish	By the end of the course the
	between the prokaryotic	student will be able to:
	and eukaryotic cell cycle	Gain knowledge about the
	highlighting the role of MPF	cell multiplication and death
	and discuss early embryonic	at molecular level.
	cell cycle.	CO1. Understand the
	UO2: To analyse the	molecules involved in cell
	significance of yeast's	signaling.
	genetics in regulation of cell cycle.	CO2. Gain an understanding of the basic concepts of
	UO3: To learn different	events during fertilization
	apoptosis pathways along	and early
	with regulation of cell	embryonic development.
	division in multicellular	CO3. Gain insight into the
	animals.	biology of cancer cells.
		biology of curreer cens.
2. Cell Signaling	UO1: To understand the	
	concepts of cell signaling	
	and its types, and G-protein	
	linked cell surface	
	receptor signaling with	
	suitable examples.	
	UO2: To study signaling via	
	Enzyme linked receptors	
	with suitable examples.	
	UO3: To learn principles of	
	target cell adaptation and	

	co-relating computer based	
	signaling network with	
	biological signaling.	
<ol><li>Developmental</li></ol>	UO1: To study the	
Biology	importance of	
	developmental biology as an	
	multidisciplinary science	
	along with	
	model organisms.	
	UO2: To elaborate different	
	stages on development and	
	germ layers.	
	UO3: To gain insights about	
	various mechanisms of	
	differentiation along with	
	different modes of pattern	
	formation and	
	morphogenetic movements.	
<ol><li>Cancer Biology</li></ol>	UO1: To understand the	
	principles of cancer biology	
	highlighting the	
	development of cancer as a	
	microevolutionary process.	
	UO2: To elaborate on	
	molecular genetics of cancer	
	along with the role of	
	viruses in causing cancer.	
	UO3: To gain insights about	
	latest techniques and	
	methodology of cancer	
	diagnosis and cancer	
	prevention.	

## **USBT502** Medical Microbiology and Instrumentation

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Virology	UO1: To study properties of	By the end of the course the
	viruses along with its	student will be able to:
	structure, classification and	CO1. Learn the different
	taxonomy.	type of virus cultivation and
	UO2: To illustrate cultivation	enumeration
	methods for studying	CO2. Understand the
	viruses along with principles	development and mode of
	of assays/techniques	action of antimicrobial,
	followed for virus	antifungal
	purification.	and antiviral drugs.

	UO3: To learn replication cycles of ds DNA phages, animal and plant viruses with suitable examples. UO4: To study mechanisms of cellular destruction caused due to viral infections with suitable examples and highlighting the significance of novel virus-like species; viroids and prions.	CO3. Get an insight into the various spectroscopic methods used in biological studies. CO4. Understand the principle and applications of chromatographic and tracer techniques.
2. Chemotherapeutic drugs	uO1: To study the discovery and design of antimicrobial agents uO2: To study the mode of action of antimicrobial agents uO3: To gain insight into the mechanisms of drug resistance uO4: To discuss the use and misuse of antimicrobial agents uO5: To acquaint the students with antifungal and antiviral drugs	
3. Spectroscopy	UO1: To study about the principle and instrumentation techniques related to Spectroscopy. UO2: To understand their importance and application in Biology. UO3: To get acquainted with the techniques and understand the future scope of the techniques discussed.	
4. Bioanalytical techniques	UO1: To study about the method of separation of Biological compounds and the application of the techniques.  UO2: To learn about each of the separation technique based on the principle of chromatography.	

UO3: To learn about the	
applications of separation	
technique for a thorough	
understanding of the same	

### **USBT503 Genomics and Molecular Biology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Genetic engineering of plants	UO1: To study the methodologies of genetic engineering with Ti plasmid vectors UO2: To demonstrate the various methods of artificial gene transfer UO3: To learn the types of vectors and how is it used in the improvement of seed quality	By the end of the course the student will be able to: CO1. Use molecular biology tools and techniques in the field of biotechnology. CO2. Gain knowledge regarding recent developments in genome sequencing and editing. CO3. Understand the basis of gene cloning and development of transgenic animals and plants. CO4. Understand more about the science that underlies the methods of gene transfer and development of genetically modified organisms.
2. Transgenic Animals	UO1: To understand the development of transgenic mice with the aid of various techniques such as the retroviral method, DNA microinjection, ES, cre-loxp etc.  UO2: To gain insights about the various vectors used for animal  UO3: To briefly discuss the method of cloning livestock and the concept of green fluorescent fish as well as transgenic fish	

3. Tools in Molecular biology	UO1: To study in-depth the various cloning vectors, its origin and the applications UO2: To discuss and develop an understanding on the various isolation methods, restriction digestion, blotting techniques etc. UO3: To gain knowledge about the various recombinant selection methods and hybridization techniques UO4: To understand the cloning strategies and the construction of DNA libraries along with the concepts of chromosome walking and jumping UO5: To combine the overall learnings and develop an aptitude for its application in various fields	
4. Gene sequencing and editing	UO1: To study the various sequencing techniques UO2: To focus on the human genome mapping in-depth UO3: To understand the various gene editing tools such ZNF, TALENS, CRISPER/cas	

#### **USBT 504 Marine Biotechnology**

UNIT NO. AND	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME	
NAME			

				1
1.	Marine	U01: To develop	By the end of the	
	Biotechnolo	aptitude in learning	course the student	
	gy-Introduct	the functioning of	will be able to:	
	ion &	marine ecosystems,	1. Gain insight in the	
	Bioprospecti	highlighting	field of marine	
	-	• • •		
	ng	significance of marine	biotechnology.	
		microbial habitats.	2. Describe different	
		UO2: To elaborate on	marine products	
		the principles of	which can be used as	
		bioprospecting and	pharmaceuticals.	
		highlight the role of	3. Discuss marine	
		microbes involved in	functional foods and	
		the same.	nutraceuticals and	
		UO3: To study	its applications.	
		diversity of	4. Elaborate on	
		compounds obtained	marine bioresources	
		from other marine	and cosmetics and	
		organisms which are	their applications.	
		of commercial and	. ,	
		ecological value.		
2.	Marine	UO1: To describe		
۷.				
	Drugs and	different natural		
	Enzymes	products from marine		
		resources and their		
		challenges		
		UO2: To elaborate on		
		marine microbial		
		enzymes.		
		UO3: To describe		
		different		
		pharmaceutical		
		compounds obtained		
		from marine		
		organisms.		
3.	Marine	UO1: To discuss		
	Functional	marine functional		
	foods and	foods		
	Nutraceutic	UO2: To study marine		
	als	derived ingredients		
		with biological		
		properties		
		UO3: To acquaint the		
		students with marine		
		nutraceuticals		
4.	Marine			
4.		UO1: To gain insight		
	Bioresource	into marine		
		bioresources, marine		

s and	secondary	
cosmetics	metabolites, marine	
	proteins, marine lipids	
	UO2: To discuss	
	cosmetics from	
	marine sources	
	UO3: To acquaint the	
	students with	
	products and	
	treatments based on	
	marine resources	

## **Applied Component: Biosafety**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Introduction to	UO1: To study the biological	CO1: To introduce students
biosafety	risk assessment and	to the concepts of biosafety.
	hazardous characteristics of	CO2: To discuss the
	an agent	significance of good lab
	UO2: To acquaint the	practices used in the
	students with genetically	biotechnology industry and
	modified agent hazards	research.
	UO3: To discuss the	CO3: To state the possible
	potential hazards associated	contaminants in different
	with work practices	samples.
	UO4: To gain insight into	CO4: To study the
	safety equipment and	applications of rDNA
	facility safeguards	technology and importance
		of bioethics.
2. GLP	UO1: To discuss the concept	
	of GLP	
	UO2: To acquaint the	
	students with the guidelines	
	of GLP	
	UO3: To gain insight into	
	documentation of	
	laboratory work	
	UO4: To gain knowledge	
	about the calibration and	
	validation methods	
	UO5: To acquaint the students with audits and	
3. Detection and	audit reports UO1: To describe microbial	
	contamination in food	
testing of contaminants	products	
Contaminants	products	

	UO2: To study microbial contamination in pharma products UO3: To acquaint the students with microbial assays	
4. Biosafety in Biotechnology	UO1: To study the concepts on biosafety in Biotechnology UO2: To discuss rDNA technology UO3: To acquaint the students with regulation of food and food ingredients UO4: To learn about genetically engineered crops UO5: To study about the contemporary issues in Bioethics	

## **USBT601 Biochemistry**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Protein Biochemistry	UO1: To study protein's structure highlighting the principles of denaturation and folding. UO2: To Study the protein's function with suitable examples along with protein purification methods. UO3: To learn the complementary interactions between proteins and ligands with suitable examples. UO4: To briefly understand the mechanism of how the protein's interaction is affected by energy with suitable examples.	co1. To explain in detail various metabolic pathways, fate and energy production efficiency of carbohydrate and lipid metabolism. co2. To understand the mechanism of action of various hormones, their synthesis, storage, release and associated disorders. co3. To study the importance of vitamins, their sources, functions, bioactivity and associated disorders.
2. Metabolism	UO1: To illustrate pathway of bacterial cell wall synthesis. UO2: To learn the metabolic pathways of starch and	

	sucrose and glycogen	
	synthesis and its regulation	
	by various factors.	
	UO3: To demonstrate the	
	reactions of Cholesterol	
	synthesis pathway, its	
	regulation and highlight the	
	pathology of cardiovascular	
	diseases.	
3. Endocrinology	UO1: To understand the	
	classification of hormones	
	into group i and ii and study	
	characteristics of hormones	
	released by anterior and	
	posterior pituitary glands.	
	UO2: To learn the mode of	
	action, storage, release,	
	transport of hormones	
	secreted by thyroid gland,	
	parathyroid gland, adrenal	
	medulla and adrenal cortex.	
	UO3: To study the	
	functioning, storage,	
	transport of hormones of	
	pancreas, placenta, male	
	and female gonads.	
4. Nutrition	UO1: To gain key insights	
	about sources, bioactive	
	form, mode of action and	
	disorders associated with	
	vitamins.	
	UO2: To explain functions	
	and mode of action of	
	minerals in metabolism.	
	UO3: To highlight the clinical	
	significance of Malnutrition	
	and overnutrition with	
	suitable examples.	
	Juitable Champles.	

## **USBT602 Industrial Microbiology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
<ol> <li>Dairy technology</li> </ol>	UO1: To study milk - normal	CO1: To introduce to various
	flora, changes in raw milk	downstream processing
	and enumeration	technologies for
		extraction and purification
		of biological products

	UO2: To discuss dairy technology preservation methods UO3: To gain insight into starter cultures UO4: To gain knowledge about the different fermented products	produced using Bioprocess technology. CO2: To elaborate on the concept of GMP, implementation, Regulatory certification and SOPs used during QC and QA implementation. CO3: To gain insight in the various processes involved in production of commercially available dairy products. CO4: To have an in-depth understanding of downstream processes.
2. Down-stream Processing (DSP)	UO1: To study DSP UO2: To discuss foam separation and types of precipitation UO3: To gain insight about filtration, centrifugation and chromatography UO4: To describe the cell disruption methods UO5: To acquaint the students about crystallization and whole broth processing	
3. Fermentation process	UO1: To study inoculation development in bacteria and fungi UO2: To discuss scale up and scale down UO3: To learn fermentation processes of different fermentation products UO4: To discuss biotransformation	
4. QA-QC	UO1: To study the concept of GMP and requirements for GMP implementation UO2: To gain insight into the documentation of GMP practices	

UO3: To learn the concept	
of QC and requirements for	
implementing QC	
UO4: To acquire knowledge	
of QA concepts and	
requirements for	
implementing the same	

## **USBT603** Basic Pharmacology and Neurochemistry

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UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. General principles of Pharmacology	UO1: To introduce and develop and in-depth understanding about the basics of pharmacology and the mechanism of drug action UO2: To aid in the understanding of drug receptors and its respective responses UO3: To learn the chemistry of drug-receptor binding, the relationship between dose and response UO4: To study the concept of effective dose and lethal dose UO5: To gain insights about the potency, intrinsic activity and the phenomenon of drug antagonism	co1. To understand principles of pharmacology and its role related to biological activity of drugs in the system.  co2. To study the significance of drug absorption and distribution in the system, mode of administration of drugs and factors influencing drug absorptivity.  co3. To understand the effect of allergen, pesticide on systemic physiological functions. Also to discuss steps to be taken in case of nonmedical misuses of chemicals and bioterrorism.  co4. To study in details the structure and functions of neurons and glial cells, mechanism of action potential, role of various channels , and effects of neurotransmitters and neurotoxins
2. Drug Absorption and Distribution	UO1:To learn how the drugs is absorbed from the alimentary tract and the factors affecting it UO2: To study the absorption of through from lungs and skin	

	UO3: To understand the various routes of parenteral administration and the factors that influence the distribution of drug UO4: To demonstrate the binding of drugs and also the various physiological barriers.	
3. Basic Toxicology and Regulatory Toxicology	UO1:To understand all the background definitions in-depth UO2: To understand and distinguish between the allergic responses, side effects and adverse effects UO3: To gain knowledge about poisonings and its types UO4: To demonstrate about specific poisons UO5: To discuss about the non-medical use of drugs and incapacitating agents	
4. Neurochemistry	UO1: To understand the anatomy and functioning of the human brain UO2: To demonstrate about the neuronal pathways and the working of nerve impulses UO3: To understand the mechanism of neuronal excitation and inhibitions UO4: To learn about the gap junctions, synapses and the action of various neuro toxics along with neurotransmitters.	

## **USBT604 Environmental Biotechnology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME UNIT OUTCOME COURSE OUTCOME
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1. Renewable sources of energy	UO1: To get an overview of different renewable sources of energy and its applications. UO2: To understand the principles of biogas technology, factors influencing biogas production and its applications. UO3: To study mode of action, advantages and significance of biofuels with suitable examples.	co1. To impart knowledge regarding management of industrial, storm and hazardous waste. co2. To study biological processes used to treat effluent from industries. co3. To study different methodologies to treat solid and liquid waste from different industries. co4. To understand the importance of biofertilizers, its types, usage and applications in sustainable agriculture.
2. Industrial effluent treatment	UO1: To study various biological processes involved in treatment of industrial effluents with suitable examples.  UO2: To learn processes involved in treatment of solid waste and state the applications of biosensors.  UO3: To understand principles of biodegradation with suitable examples.  UO4: To analyse the applications of enzymes and microbes used for biodegradation.	
3. Wastewater treatment	UO1: To identify the pollutants causing water pollution and to study about the microorganisms used in its treatment.  UO2: To learn about the importance and advantage of packaged micro-organisms and their utilities in the treatment of waste.	

	UO3: To learn about the	
	heavy metals that cause	
	pollution in water bodies	
	and study about the	
	micro-organisms used for	
	the treatment along with	
	their mechanism	
4. Hazardous waste	UO1: To learn about water	
management	pollution wrt hazardous	
	waste produced by	
	petrochemicals, and	
	manufacturing Industries,	
	UO2: To study about the	
	methodology of treatment	
	of wastes generated due to	
	dairy, antibiotic and	
	distillery industries.	
	UO3: To highlight the	
	importance of water	
	treatment due to oil	
	spillage, other green	
	desposits	

## **Applied Component: AgriBiotechnology**

UNIT NO. AND NAME	UNIT OUTCOME	COURSE OUTCOME
1. Precision Agriculture	UO1: To introduce students	CO1: To get an overview
and Agriculture	to different mechanisms of	about precision agriculture
systems	agriculture systems and	and management of
	greenhouse technology.	agriculture systems.
	UO2: To elaborate the	CO2: To discuss significance
	design, media and	of abiotic stress, biotic
	applications of greenhouse	stress, photooxidative
	irrigation systems.	stress.
	UO3: To discuss the	CO3: To highlight the
	significance of phytotrons	applications of molecular
	and precision cultivation	markers used in plant
	systems.	breeding.
		CO4: To state the
		eco-friendly use of
		biofertilizers and
		biopesticides.
<ol><li>Plant stress biology</li></ol>	UO1:To study the concept of	
	abiotic stress, its causes,	
	sources and consequences	
	with suitable examples.	

	UO2: To learn the concept	
	of photooxidative stress, its	
	causes, sources and	
	consequences with suitable	
	examples.	
	UO3: To understand the	
	principles of biotic stress,	
	its causes, sources and	
	consequences with suitable	
	examples.	
3. Molecular Markers	UO1: To study the various	
in Plant Breeding	genetic markers used in	
	plant breeding technology	
	UO2: To learn the	
	application of molecular	
	markers	
	UO3: To discuss the	
	techniques used in plant	
	DNA barcoding	
4. Biofertilizers and	UO1: To study biofertilizer	
Biopesticides	UO2: To discuss plant	
·	growth promotion by fungi	
	UO3: To gain insight about	
	microbial inoculants	
	UO4: To study biopesticides	

### COURSE OUTCOME F.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 1 2019-2020 Syllabus

Course: Computer Organization and Design

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Computer Abstractions and Technology: Basic structure and operation of a computer, functional units and their interaction. Representation of numbers and characters. Logic circuits and functions: Combinational circuits and functions: Basic logic gates and functions, truth tables; logic circuits and functions. Minimization with Karnaugh maps. Synthesis of logic functions with and-or-not gates, nand gates, nor gates. Fan-in and fan-out requirements; tristate buffers. Half adder, full adder, ripple carry adder. (Flip flops) Gated S-R and D latches, edge-triggered D latch. Shift registers and registers. Decoders, multiplexers. Sequential circuits and functions: State diagram and state table; finite state machines and their synthesis.	1) Students are able to understand basic functions of computer.  2) To learn about how computer systems work and underlying principles  3) To understand the basics of digital electronics needed for computers	1) To learn about how computer systems work and underlying principles 2) To understand the basics of digital electronics needed for computers 3) To understand the basics of instruction set architecture for reduced and complex instruction sets 4) To understand the basics of processor structure and operation 5) To understand how data is transferred between the processor and I/O devices
UNIT 2: Instruction set architectures:  Memory organization, addressing and operations; word size, big-endian and little- endian arrangements. Instructions, sequencing. Instruction sets for RISC and CISC  (examples Altera NIOS II and Freescale ColdFire). Operand addressing modes; pointers; indexing for arrays. Machine language, assembly	<ol> <li>To understand the basics of instruction set architecture for reduced and complex instruction sets</li> <li>Understand types of machine instructions</li> <li>Understand difference between RISC and CISC</li> </ol>	

language, assembler directives. Function calls, processor runtime stack, stack frame. Types of machine instructions: arithmetic, logic, shift, etc. Instruction sets, RISC and CISC examples.	
UNIT 3: Basic Processor Unit: Main components of a processor: registers and register files, ALU, control unit, instruction fetch unit, interfaces to instruction and data memories. Datapath. Instruction fetch and execute; executing arithmetic/logic, memory access and branch instructions; hardwired and microprogrammed control for RISC and CISC. Basic I/O: Accessing I/O devices, data transfers between processor and I/O devices. Interrupts and exceptions: interrupt requests and processing.	1) To understand the basics of processor structure and operation 2) To understand how data is transferred between the processor and I/O devices

## Course: Programming with Python-I

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Reasons for Python as the learner's first programming language. Introduction to the IDLE interpreter (shell) and its documentation. Expression evaluation: similarities and differences compared to a calculator; expressions and operators of types int, float, boolean. Built-in function type. Operator precedence. Enumeration of simple and compound statements. The expression statement. The assert statement, whose operand is a boolean expression (values true or false). The assignment statement, dynamic binding of names to values, (type is associated with data and not with names); automatic and implicit declaration of variable names with the assignment statement; assigning the	<ol> <li>To understand why Python is a useful scripting language for developers</li> <li>Understand the process of designing programs.</li> <li>Acquire knowledge about programming</li> <li>To implement inbuilt functions of Python</li> </ol>	1) Students should be able to understand the concepts of programming before actually starting to write programs. 2) Students should be able to develop logic for Problem Solving. 3) Students should be made familiar about the basic constructs of programming such as data, operations, conditions, loops, functions etc. 4) Students should be able to apply the problem solving skills using syntactically simple language i.e.

valueNone to a name. The del (delete) statement. Input/output with print and input functions. A statement list (semicolonseparated list of simple statements on a single line) as a single interpreter command. The import statement for already-defined functions and constants. The augmented assignment statement. The built-inhelp() function. Interactive and script modes of IDLE, running a script, restarting the shell. The compound statement def to define functions; the role of indentation for delimiting the body of a compound statement; calling a previously defined function. Compound data types str, tuple and list (enclosed in quotes, parentheses and brackets, respectively). Indexing individual elements within these types. Strings and tuples are immutable, lists are mutable. Built-in functions min, max, sum. Interactive solution of model problems, (e.g., finding the square root of a number or zero of a function), repeatedly executing the body of a loop (where the body is a statement list).

#### UNIT 2:

Advantages of functions, function parameters, formal parameters, actual parameters,

global and local variables.

The range function, the iterative for statement. The conditional statements if, if-else,

if-elif-else. The iterative statements while, while-else, for-else. The continue statement to skip over one iteration of a loop, the break statement to exit the loop

Nested compound statements. Dictionaries: concept of key-value pairs, techniques to create, update and delete dictionary items. Problem-solving using compound types and statements.

- 1. Describe functions in Python
- 2. Demonstrate conditional statements
- 3. Discuss the compound statements
- Construct programs to solve problems using functions, dictionary

#### UNIT 3:

Anonymous functions. List comprehensions. Gentle introduction to object-oriented programming; using the built-in dir()

- 1. Understand the working of anonymous functions
- 2. Cursory explanation of OOPS concepts
- 3. Illustrate Tuples and List

function, enumerate the methods of strings, tuples, lists, dictionaries. Using these methods for problem-solving with compound types	Programming using Tuples and List.	

### Course: Free and Open Source Software

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction Introduction: Open Source, Free Software, Free Software vs. Open Source software, Public Domain Software, FOSS does not mean no cost. History: BSD, The Free Software Foundation and the GNU Project. Methodologies Open Source History, Initiatives, Principle and methodologies. Philosophy: Software Freedom, Open Source Development Model Licenses and Patents: What Is A License, Important FOSS Licenses (Apache, BSD, GPL, LGPL), copyrights and copy lefts, Patents Economics of FOSS: Zero Marginal Cost, Income-generation opportunities, Problems with traditional commercial software, Internationalization Social Impact Open source vs. closed source, Open source government, Open source ethics. Social and Financial impacts of open source technology, Shared software, Shared source, Open Source in Government.	<ol> <li>To understand the meaning of the open source.</li> <li>To learn about various terms in open source software like FOSS, GNU, license, patents, copyrights, etc.</li> <li>To learn and understand about various open source software.</li> </ol>	1) Upon completion of this course, students should have a good working knowledge of Open Source ecosystem, its use, impact and importance.  2) This course shall help student to learn Open Source methodologies, case studies with real life examples.
UNIT 2: Case Studies	Discuss various examples of open	

Example Projects: Apache web server, GNU/Linux, Android, Mozilla (Firefox), Wikipedia, Drupal, wordpress, GCC, GDB, github, Open Office. Study: Understanding the developmental models, licensings, mode of funding, commercial/non-commercial use. Open Source Hardware, Open Source Design, Open source Teaching. Open source media. Collaboration, Community and Communication Contributing to Open Source Projects Introduction to github, interacting with the community on github, Communication and etiquette, testing open source code, reporting issues, contributing code. Introduction to wikipedia, contributing to Wikipedia Or contributing to any prominent open source project of student's choice. Starting and Maintaining own Open Source Project.	source software like Android, Linux, etc. 2) To illustrate how to use various open source software.	
UNIT 3: Understanding Open Source Ecosystem Open Source Operating Systems: GNU/Linux, Android, Free BSD, Open Solaris. Open Source Hardware, Virtualization Technologies, Containerization Technologies: Docker, Development tools, IDEs, debuggers, Programming languages, LAMP, Open Source database technologies	<ol> <li>To learn various technologies like docker, programming languages, etc.</li> <li>To understand Linux and other FOSS technologies like hardware, virtualization, etc.</li> </ol>	

Course: Database Systems

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction to DBMS – Database, DBMS – Definition, Overview of DBMS, Advantages of DBMS, Levels of abstraction, Data independence, DBMS Architecture Data models - Client/Server Architecture, Object Based Logical Model, Record Based Logical Model ( relational, hierarchical, network) Entity Relationship Model - Entities, attributes, entity sets, relations, relationship sets, Additional constraints ( key constraints, participation constraints, weak entities, aggregation / generalization, Conceptual Design using ER ( entities VS attributes, Entity Vs relationship, binary Vs ternary, constraints beyond ER) Relational data model— Domains, attributes, Tuples and Relations, Relational Model Notation, Characteristics of Relations, Relational Constraints - primary key, referential integrity, unique constraint, Null constraint, Check constraint ER to Table- Entity to Table, Relationship to tables with and without key constraints.	<ol> <li>To understand the basic use of database.</li> <li>Various models like RDBMS, Network model, etc.</li> <li>To understand the terms of the database for example, tuples, relations, relationship, attributes, entity etc.</li> <li>Constraints used in database management system.</li> <li>To understand how to convert ER to table so that we can implement these tables in database application.</li> <li>Describe fundamental elements of RDBMS.</li> <li>Design E-R diagram to represent simple database applications scenarios.</li> </ol>	1) Students should be able to evaluate business information problem and find the requirements of a problem in terms of data. 2) Students should be able to design the database schema with the use of appropriate data types for storage of data in database. 3) Students should be able to create, manipulate, query and back up the databases.
UNIT 2: Schema refinement and Normal forms: Functional dependencies, first, second, third, and BCNF normal forms based on primary keys, lossless join decomposition. Relational Algebra operations (selection, projection, set operations union,	1) To understand Functional dependencies, schema so that the table relationship is can be understood which will further help to create tables in database.  2) To illustrate DDL statements, DML	

intersection, difference, cross product, Joins -conditional, equi join and natural joins. division) **DDL Statements - Creating** Databases, Using Databases, datatypes, Creating Tables (with integrity constraints primary key, default, check, not null), Altering Tables, Renaming Tables, Dropping Tables, Truncating Tables, Backing Up and Restoring databases DML Statements - Viewing the structure of a table insert, update, delete, Select all columns, specific columns, unique records, conditional select, in clause, between clause, limit, aggregate functions (count, min, max, avg, sum), group by clause, having clause

- statements, Joins to update, alter or delete any record from the database without changing other records of tables.
- 3) Explain the basic concepts of relational data model, relational database design, relational algebra and database language SQL.
- 4) Criticize a database and improve the design by normalization.

UNIT 3: Functions – String Functions (concat, instr. left, right, mid, length, lcase/lower, ucase/upper, replace, strcmp, trim, Itrim, rtrim), Math Functions (abs, ceil, floor, mod. pow, sqrt, round, truncate) Date Functions (adddate, datediff, day, month, year, hour. min, sec, now, reverse) Joining Tables – inner join, outer join (left outer, right outer, full outer) Subqueries – subqueries with IN, EXISTS, subqueries restrictions, Nested subqueries, ANY/ALL clause, correlated subqueries **Database Protection: Security** Issues, Threats to Databases, Security Mechanisms, Role of DBA, Discretionary Access Control Views (creating, altering dropping, renaming and manipulating views)

**DCL Statements** 

(creating/dropping users,

- 1) To understand types of in built functions so that they can manipulate database records easily.
- 2) String functions, math functions, date function,
- 3) To understand about the DBA, permissions and security
- 4) Basic of Database protection & Distributed databases

privileges introduction, granting/revoking privileges, viewing privileges)

### **Course: Discrete Mathematics**

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UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Recurrence Relations (a) Functions: Definition of function. Domain, co domain and the range of a function. Direct and inverse images. Injective, surjective and bijective functions. Composite and inverse functions. (b) Relations: Definition and examples. Properties of relations, Partial Ordering sets, Linear Ordering Hasse Diagrams, Maximum and Minimum elements, Lattices (c) Recurrence Relations: Definition of recurrence relations, Formulating recurrence relations, solving recurrence relations- Backtracking method, Linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients. Solving linear homogeneous recurrence relations with constant coefficients of degree two when characteristic equation has distinct roots and only one root, Particular solutions of non linear homogeneous recurrence relation by the method of generation functions, Applications- Formulate and solve recurrence relation for Fibonacci numbers, Tower of Hanoi, Intersection of lines in a plane, Sorting Algorithms.	<ol> <li>Students are able to understand the concept of functions.</li> <li>Understand types of relation</li> <li>Acquire concept of partially ordered set</li> <li>Implement recurrence relation concepts</li> </ol>	1) To provide an overview of the theory of discrete objects, starting with relations and partially ordered sets. 2) Study about recurrence relations, generating functions and operations on them. 3) Give an understanding of graphs and trees, which are widely used in software. 4) Provide basic knowledge about models of automata theory and the corresponding formal languages.
UNIT 2: Counting Principles ,	Problem solving     based on Permutation	

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Languages and Finite State Machine (a) Permutations and Combinations: Partition and Distribution of objects, Permutation with distinct and indistinct objects, Binomial numbers, Combination with identities: Pascal Identity, Vandermonde's Identity, Pascal triangle, Binomial theorem, Combination with indistinct objects. (b) Counting Principles: Sum and Product Rules, Two-way counting, Tree diagram for solving counting problems, Pigeonhole Principle (without proof); Simple examples, Inclusion Exclusion Principle (Sieve formula) (Without proof). (c) Languages, Grammars and Machines: Languages, regular Expression and Regular languages, Finite state Automata, grammars, Finite state machines, Gödel numbers, Turing machines.	and combination  2) Understand concept of counting principle  3) Acquire basic knowledge about models of automata theory and the corresponding formal languages.	
UNIT 3: Graphs and Trees (a) Graphs: Definition and elementary results, Adjacency matrix, path matrix, Representing relations using diagraphs, Warshall's algorithm- shortest path, Linked representation of a graph, Operations on graph with algorithms - searching in a graph; Insertion in a graph, Deleting from a graph, Traversing a graph-Breadth-First search and Depth-First search.  (b) Trees: Definition and elementary results. Ordered rooted tree, Binary trees, Complete and extended binary trees, representing	<ol> <li>Understand the concept of graphs and trees, which are widely used in software.</li> <li>Explain algorithms of operation on Graph</li> <li>Implement Graph traversal techniques</li> <li>Implement tree traversal techniques</li> </ol>	

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
binary trees in memory, traversing binary trees, binary search tree, Algorithms for searching and inserting in binary search trees, Algorithms for deleting in a binary search tree		

# Course: Descriptive Statistics and Introduction to Probability

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1:  Different types of Data	Provide basic learning about different types of data and presenting tools.	To provide complete learning about statistical data and its representation methods.
required for analysis.  Presentation of Data using different tools  Calculating the centered value on the basis of	To understand different centered values like mean, median and mode.	TO make students familiar with Central tendency and dispersion methods.
observation. To Learn about Variance in the given data.	Learn about different Methods to calculate variation in the data	To learn scatteredness of data using methods of skewness, Kurtosis, Quartile, Coefficient of Variance.
UNIT 2:	Provide learning of Raw and Central Moments.	
To Understand Spreadness of data in the given set of observations.  To check the symmetricity of data using skewness and kurtosis.  To analyze the regression analysis using Karl Pearson's methods.  Learn the scatterness of data using slope of line and least square method.	Students should understand the symmetry in data using skewness value and kurtosis graph.  Learn about scatter plot and Karl pearson's coefficient  Provide learning about least square method and regression coefficient.	To provide detailed learning about Probability and related examples and ensure students learn about Bayes theorem and conditional probabilities.
UNIT 3:  To Learn the different terms used in probability like random sample, event, experiment, types of events.  Definition of Probability and examples based on probability.  Addition and Multiplication	Provide information about Probability ensure basic learning of terminology and definition of probability.  Students should be able to solve the example based on probability.  Learning about Statements and Conditional probability	

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
statements, Bayes theorem and conditional probability		

### Course: Soft Skills Development

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction to Softskill and Hard Skill. Personality Development, Emotional Intelligence, Etiquette and Mannerism, Communication Today.	Student should understand about knowing self and Johari's Window.  Difference between Emotional and Intelligence Quotient.  To provide learning about Professional and Personal etiquette.  Learn about 3M Model of communication, Verbal and Non Verbal Communication.	1) To know about various aspects of soft skills and learn ways to develop personality 2) Understand the importance and type of communication in personal and professional environment. 3) To provide insight into much needed technical and non-technical qualities in career planning. 4) Learn about Leadership, team building, decision making and stress
UNIT 2: Employment Communication: Like Introduction to Organization process Professional Presentation: Presenting self for different prospects of presentation Job Interviews: TO appear for Interview Group Discussion: Importance and requirement	Introduction to JOb Interview, Resume and CV.  To make the cover letter and Job Application.  Learn to Present in professional life.  Understand the steps of Interview and FAQ. Group discussion process and arrangement, topics involved in group discussions	management
UNIT 3: Creativity at Workplace: Create the Work enviornment Ethical Values: Values and SOciety Ethics Capacity Building: Learn, Unlearn and Relearn: To build the capacity of learning Leadership and Team Building: Qualities required to be leader. Decision Making and	To understand the workplace creativity and get the work completed in innovative ways.  Develop ethical values.  Build the capacity of learning right point and unlearn not required or wrong points.  Increase the decision making	

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Negotiation: Quick and right decision makings Stress and Time Management:To learn time and stress management	capabilities.  Learn to understand stress and method to overcome by proper time management.	

### F.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 2

Course: Programming with C

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Structure of C program: Header and body, Use of comments. Interpreters vs compilers, Python vs C. Compilation of a program. Formatted I/O: printf(), scanf(). Data: Variables, Constants, data types like: int, float char, double and void, short and long size qualifiers, signed and unsigned qualifiers. Compare with datatypes in Python. Compare static typing in C vs dynamic typing in Python Variables: Declaring variables, scope of the variables according to block, hierarchy of data types. Compare explicit declarations in C with implicit declarations in Python. Types of operators: Arithmetic, relational, logical, compound assignment, increment and decrement, conditional or ternary, bitwise and comma operators. Precedence and order of evaluation, statements and Expressions. Automatic and explicit type conversion. Iterations: Control statements for decision making: (i) Branching: if statement, else	1) Students understand the difference between Python and C. 2) Students should be able to use different data types in a computer program. 3) Students should be able to design programs involving decision structures, loops and functions.	1) Students should be able to write, compile and debug programs in C language. 2) Students should be able to use different data types in a computer program. 3) Students should be able to design programs involving decision structures, loops and functions. 4) Students should be able to explain the difference between call by value and call by reference 5) Students should be able to understand the dynamics of memory by the use of pointers. 6) Students should be able to use different data structures and create/update basic data files.

if statement, (does the writer mean if-else or nested ifs)switch statement. (ii) Looping: while loop, do while, for loop. (iii) Jump statements: break, continue and goto.	
UNIT 2: Arrays: (One and two dimensional), declaring array variables, initialization of arrays, accessing array elements. Compare array types of C with list and tuple types of Python. Data Input and Output functions: Character I/O format: getch(), getche(), getchar(), getc(), putchar(), putc(), puts(). Manipulating Strings: Declaring and initializing String variables, Character and string handling functions. Compare with Python strings. Functions: Function declaration, function definition, Global and local variables, return statement, Calling a function by passing values. Recursion: Definition, Recursive functions.	1) Understand concept and use of array 2) Able to understand data input and output functions 3) Students should be able to explain the difference between call by value and call by reference
UNIT 3: Pointer: Fundamentals, Pointer variables, Referencing and de-referencing, Pointer Arithmetic, Using Pointers with Arrays, Using Pointers with Strings, Array of Pointers, Pointers as function arguments, Functions returning pointers. Dynamic Memory Allocation: malloc(), calloc(), realloc(), free() and sizeof operator. Compare with automatic garbage collection in Python. Structure: Declaration of structure, reading and	<ol> <li>Understand concept of pointers</li> <li>Students should be able to understand the dynamics of memory by the use of pointers</li> <li>Students should be able to use different data structures and create/update basic data files.</li> </ol>

putw(), fread(),
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### $Course: \ \, \textbf{Programming with Python-II}$

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Python File Input-Output: Opening and closing files, various types of file modes, reading and writing to files, manipulating directories. Iterables, iterators and their problemsolving applications. Exception handling: What is an exception, various keywords to handle exceptions such try, catch, except, else, finally, raise. Regular Expressions: Concept of regular expression, various types of regular expressions, using match function.	<ol> <li>To understand concept of File I/O, Exception Handling and Regullar expression.</li> <li>To implement programs based on File I/O, Exception Handling and Regullar expression.</li> <li>Evaluate pupils by designing regular expressions.</li> </ol>	1) Students should be able to understand how to read/write to files using python. 2) Students should be able to catch their own errors that happen during execution of programs. 3) Students should get an introduction to the concept of pattern matching. 4) Students should be made familiar with the concepts of GUI controls and designing GUI applications. 5) Students should be able to connect to the database to move the data to/from the application. 6) 6)Students should know how to connect to computers, read from URL and send email.
UNIT 2: What is GUI, Advantages of GUI, Introduction to GUI library. Layout management, events and bindings, fonts, colours, drawing on canvas (line, oval, rectangle, etc.) Widgets such as: frame, label, button, checkbutton, entry, listbox, message, radiobutton, text, spinbox etc	1) To Analyse the use of GUI in real world application. 2) To implement tkinter widgets	
UNIT 3:  Database connectivity in Python: Installing mysql connector, accessing connector	To differentiate     between the front end     and back-end     To implement	

module module, using connect, cursor, execute & close functions, reading single & and connectivity

multiple results of query execution, executing different types of statements, executing transactions, understanding exceptions in database connectivity. Network connectivity: Socket module, creating server-client programs, sending email, reading from URL

database commands and connectivity

3) To create simple database application.

4) Applying networking concepts using python

### Course: Linux

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction History of Linux, Philosophy, Community, Terminology, Distributions, Linux kernel vs distribution. Why learn Linux? Importance of Linux in software ecosystem: web servers, supercomputers, mobile, servers. Installation Installation methods, Hands on Installation using CD/DVD or USB drive. Linux Structure Linux Architecture, Filesystem basics, The boot process, init scripts, runlevels, shutdown process, Very basic introductions to Linux processes, Packaging methods: rpm/deb, Graphical Vs Command line.	<ol> <li>Gives a basic introduction to Linux.</li> <li>To understand importance of Linux in the real world.</li> <li>Demonstrated various methods to install Linux.</li> <li>Difference between CLI vs GUI.</li> </ol>	1) Upon completion of this course, students should have a good working knowledge of Linux, from both a graphical and command line perspective, allowing them to easily use any Linux distribution.  2) This course shall help students to learn advanced subjects in computer science practically.  3) Student shall be able to progress as a Developer or Linux System Administrator using the acquired skill set.
UNIT 2: Graphical Desktop Session Management, Basic Desktop Operations, Network Management, Installing and Updating Software, Text editors: gedit, vi, vim, emacs, Graphics editors, Multimedia applications. Command Line Command line mode options,	<ol> <li>Discussed various text editors in Linux.</li> <li>To learn general purpose commands to start with Linux.</li> <li>File system used in Linux.</li> </ol>	

Shells, Basic Commands, General Purpose Utilities, Installing Software, User management, Environment variables, Command aliases. Linux Documentation man pages, GNU info, help command, More documentation sources File Operations Filesystem, Filesystem architecture, File types, File attributes, Working with files, Backup, compression	
UNIT 3: Security Understanding Linux Security, Uses of root, sudo command, working with passwords, Bypassing user authentication, Understanding ssh Networking Basic introduction to Networking, Network protocols: http, ftp etc., IP address, DNS, Browsers, Transferring files. ssh, telnet, ping, traceroute, route, hostname, networking GUI. Basic Shell Scripting Features and capabilities, Syntax, Constructs, Modifying files, Sed, awk command, File manipulation utilities, Dealing with large files and Text, String manipulation, Boolean expressions, File tests, Case, Debugging, Regular expressions	1. Students have been explained about security in Linux. 2. Discussed networking commands to check network-related tasks in Linux. 3. Basic commands to work with file manipulation.

### **Course: Data Structures**

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Abstract Data Types: Introduction, The Date Abstract Data Type, Bags, Iterators. Application Arrays: Array Structure, Python List, Two Dimensional Arrays, Matrix Abstract Data	To understand data types, arrays, ADT, searching, and sorting concepts	1) Learn about Data structures, its types and significance in computing 2) Explore about Abstract Data types and its implementation

Type, Application Sets and Maps: Sets-Set ADT, Selecting Data Structure, List based Implementation, Maps-Map ADT, List Based Implementation, Multi-Dimensional Arrays-Multi-Array ADT, Implementing Multiarrays, Application Algorithm Analysis: Complexity Analysis-Big-O Notation, Evaluating Python Evaluating Python List. Amortized Cost, Evaluating Set ADT, Application Searching and Sorting: Searching-Linear Search, Binary Search, Sorting-Bubble, Selection and Insertion Sort, Working with Sorted Lists-Maintaining Sorted List, Maintaining sorted Lists.

3) Ability to program various applications using different data structure in Python

#### UNIT 2:

Linked Structures: Introduction, Singly Linked List-Traversing, Searching, Prepending and Removing Nodes, Bag ADT-Linked List Implementation. Comparing Implementations, Linked List Iterators, More Ways to Build Kinked Lists.

Applications-Polynomials Stacks: Stack ADT, Implementing Stacks-Using

Python List, Using Linked List, Stack

Applications-Balanced

Delimiters, Evaluating Postfix

**Expressions** 

Queues: Queue ADT, Implementing Queue-Using Python List, Circular Array, Using

List, Priority Queues- Priority Queue ADT, Bounded and unbounded Priority Queues Advanced Linked List: Doubly Linked Lists-Organization and Operation, Circular

Linked List-Organization and Operation, Multi Lists

- 1. To learn various types of data structures like linked list, stack, queue, list, etc.
- 2. Also make student understand where these data structures can be implemented.

- To discuss various technique to index data in data structure.
   Illustrate tree data
- 2. Illustrate tree data structure, hash function, searching trees, heap sort, traversal and recursive function.

### Course: Calculus

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: DERIVATIVES AND ITS APPLICATIONS: Review of Functions, limit of a function, continuity of a function, derivative function. Derivative In Graphing And Applications: Analysis of Functions: Increase, Decrease, Concavity, Relative Extrema; Graphing Polynomials, Rational Functions, Cusps and Vertical Tangents. Absolute Maxima and Minima, Applied Maximum and Minimum Problems, Newton's Method.	1) Understand the concept of limit, continuity, derivatives. 2) Problem solving on derivative in graphing and applications	1) Understanding of Mathematical concepts like limit, continuity, derivative, integration of functions. 2) Ability to appreciate real world applications which use these concepts. 3) Skill to formulate a problem through Mathematical modeling and simulation.
UNIT 2: An Overview of the Area Problem, Indefinite Integral, Definition of Area as a Limit; Sigma Notation, Definite Integral, Evaluating Definite Integrals by Substitution, Area Between Two Curves, Length of a Plane Curve. Numerical	Understand the concept of integration     Problem solving with different types of integration methods.     Problem solving on modeling with differential equation	

Integration: Simpson's Rule. Modeling with Differential Equations, Separation of Variables, Slope Fields, Euler's Method, First- Order Differential Equations and Applications.	
UNIT 3: PARTIAL DERIVATIVES AND ITS APPLICATIONS: Functions of Two or More Variables Limits and Continuity Partial Derivatives, Differentiability, Differentials, and Local Linearity, Chain Rule, Directional Derivatives and Gradients, Tangent Planes and Normal, Vectors, Maxima and Minima of Functions of Two Variables.	1) Understand the concept partial derivatives 2) Implement partial derivatives on different applications

# Course: Statistical Methods and Testing of Hypothesis

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Learn about Random Variable, it's type discrete and continuous.	To learn about discrete and Continuous data with its related functions like pdf and pmf.	Students should be able to learn about distribution and its application on the basis of example.
Different functions like pdf,pmf,cdf and reliability.  Introduction to basic distribution like Binomial, Normal, F, t and Chi-square with examples	To understand and use the distribution like Blnomial for discrete data, Normal for continuous, F for comparison of variance.	To Analyze and proof the hypothetical statements using test statistics.  Learn to read tabulated value of different functions.
UNIT 2: Learn about Hypothesis and steps to proof the Hypothesis.	Definition of Hypothesis and steps to conclude the hypothesis	Analysis or compare 2 and more samples together and conclude the outcome.  Learn to calculate and
Learn about Analysis of variance : one-way, two-way analysis of variance and Parametric tests.	Learn Methods of ANOVA and analyze more than 2 data simultaneously.	analyze the Non parametric distribution and CHi square association.
UNIT 3: Learn about Non Parametric test and different methods to analyze the qualitative data.	Learn method of Non parametric tests like sign test, wilcoxon test, kruskal wallis test and Post hoc analysis	
Chi Square test of association for 2 samples		

# Course: Green Technologies

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Green IT Overview: Introduction , Environmental Concerns and Sustainable Development, Environmental Impacts of IT, Green I , Holistic Approach to Greening IT, Greening IT, Applying IT for Enhancing Environmental Sustainability, Green IT Standards and Eco-Labelling of IT , Enterprise Green IT Strategy, Green Washing, Green IT: Burden or Opportunity? Green Devices and Hardware: Introduction , Life Cycle of a Device or Hardware, Reuse, Recycle and Dispose Green Software: Introduction , Processor Power States , Energy-Saving Software Techniques, Evaluating and Measuring Software Impact to Platform Power Sustainable Software Development: Introduction, Current Practices, Sustainable Software, Software Sustainability Attributes, Software Sustainability Metrics, Sustainable Software Methodology, Defining Actions	1) To explain Green Computing and Green IT infrastructure for making computing and information system environment sustainable 2) To explain the principles of Energy efficient technologies	1) Learn about green IT can be achieved in and by hardware, software, network communication and data center operations. 2) Understand the strategies, frameworks, processes and management of green IT
UNIT 2: Green Data Centres: Data Centres and Associated Energy Challenges, Data Centre IT Infrastructure, Data Centre Facility Infrastructure:	To encouraging optimized software and hardware designs for development of Green IT Storage, Communication and Services	

Implications for Energy Efficiency, IT
Infrastructure Management, Green Data Centre Metrics
Green Data Storage:
Introduction , Storage Media Power Characteristics,
Energy
Management Techniques for
Hard Disks, System-Level
Energy Management
Green Networks and
Communications:
Introduction, Objectives of
Green Network
Protocols, Green Network
Protocols and Standards
Enterprise Green IT Strategy:
Introduction, Approaching
Green IT Strategies,
Business
Drivers of Green IT Strategy,
Business Dimensions for
Green IT Transformation,
Organizational
Considerations in a Green IT
Strategy, Steps in Developing a Green IT
Strategy, Metrics and Measurements in Green
Strategies.

2) To impart knowledge on the methods of reducing CO2 levels in atmosphere

#### UNIT 3:

Sustainable Information Systems and Green Metrics: Introduction, Multilevel Sustainable Information, Sustainability Hierarchy Models, Product Level Information, Individual Level Information, Functional Level Information, Organizational Level Information, Measuring the Maturity of Sustainable ICT Enterprise Green IT Readiness: Introduction, Readiness and Capability, Development of the G-Readiness Framework, Measuring an Organization's G-Readiness Sustainable IT Services: Creating a Framework for Service Innovation: Introduction, Factors Driving the Development of Sustainable

- 1) To explores the use of approaches to embrace green IT initiatives
- 2) To gain knowledge of the importance of life cycle assessment

IT, Sustainable IT Services (SITS), SITS Strategic Framework Green Enterprises and the Role of IT: Introduction, Organizational and Enterprise Greening, Information Systems in Greening Enterprises, Greening the Enterprise: IT Usage and Hardware, Inter-organizational Enterprise Activities and	
Enterprise Activities and Green Issues	

# S.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 3

### Course: Theory of Computation

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Automata Theory: Defining Automaton, Finite Automaton, Transitios and Its properties, Acceptability by Finite Automaton, Nondeterministic Finite State Machines, DFA and NDFA equivalence, Mealy and Moore Machines, Minimizing Automata. Formal Languges: Defining Grammar, Derivations, Languges generated by Grammar, Comsky Classification of Grammar and Languages, Recursive Enumerable Sets, Operations on Languages, Languages and Automata	1) To understand Automata Theory 2) Identifying DFA and NDFA. 3) Defining Grammer and Languages 4) Distinguish different computing languages and classify their respective types	1. Understand Grammar and Languages 2. Learn about Automata theory and its application in Language Design 3. Learn about Turing Machines and Pushdown Automata 4. Understand Linear Bound Automata and its applications
UNIT 2:  Regular Sets and Regular Grammar: Regular Grammar, Regular Expressions, Finite automata and Regular Expressions, Pumping Lemma and its Applications, Closure Properties, Regular Sets and Regular Grammar Context Free Languages: Context-free Languages, Derivation Tree, Ambiguity of Grammar, CFG simplification, Normal Forms, Pumping	<ol> <li>analyze and design finite automata, pushdown automata, Turing machines, formal languages, and grammars.</li> <li>To Apply transformation between multiple representations of finite automata.</li> <li>Problem solving based on Regular Sets and Regular Grammar</li> </ol>	

Lemma for CFG Pushdown Automata: Definitions, Acceptance by PDA, PDA and CFG		
Linear Bound Automata: The Linear Bound Automata Model, Linear Bound Automata Model, Linear Bound Automata and Languages. Turing Machines: Turing Machine Definition, Representations, Acceptability by Turing Machines, Designing and Description of Turing Machines, Turing Machine Construction, Variants of Turing Machine, Undecidability: The Church-Turing thesis, Universal Turing Machine, Halting Problem, Introduction to Unsolvable Problems	1) To state and explain the Church-Turing thesis and its significance.  2) Problem solving based on Linear Bound Automata	

# Course: Core JAVA

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: The Java Language: Features of Java, Java programming format, Java Tokens, Java Statements, Java Data Types, Typecasting, Arrays OOPS: Introduction, Class, Object, Static Keywords, Constructors, this Key Word, Inheritance, super Key Word, Polymorphism (overloading and overriding), Abstraction, Encapsulation, Abstract Classes, Interfaces String Manipulations: String, String Buffer, String Tokenizer Packages: Introduction to predefined packages (java.lang, java.util, java.io, java.sql, java.swing), User	<ol> <li>Understand the concept of OOPs as well as the purpose and usage principles of Inheritance, polymorphism, encapsulation etc.</li> <li>Understand the basic concepts of classes and objects.</li> <li>Understand JVM Concept, Data types and Operators, Strings.</li> <li>To implement String methods</li> <li>2. 3. 4. Understand Internet Programming Using Java Applets &amp; Graphic Programming &amp; Make use of array,</li> </ol>	1. Object oriented programming concepts using Java. 2. Knowledge of input, its processing and getting suitable output. 3. Understand, design, implement and evaluate classes and applets. 4. Knowledge and implementation of AWT package.

#### Defined Packages, Access constructors, specifiers Inheritance, Packages and Interfaces. 5. UNIT 2: 1) To recognise the exceptions 2) Understand the Exception Handling: Introduction, Pre-Defined concept of Exceptions, Try-Catch-Finally, Exceptional Handling Throws, throw, User Defined 3) To model Exception examples multithreading Multithreading: Thread 4) To generate Client Creations, Thread Life Cycle, server code in Java Life Cycle Methods, Synchronization, Wait() notify() notify all() methods I/O Streams: Introduction, Byte-oriented streams, Character- oriented streams. File, Random access File, Serialization Networking: Introduction, Socket, Server socket, Client -Server Communication UNIT 3: 1) To determine the Wrapper Classes: Wrapper classes Introduction, Byte, Short, 2) To use the inbuilt util Integer, Long, Float, Double, package. Character, Boolean classes 3) To implement Collection Framework: interface Introduction, util Package 4) To illustrate the use of interfaces, List, Set, Map, List AWT packages interface & its classes, Set 5) To relate event driven programming. interface & its classes. Map 6) Understand the interface & its classes concept of Inner Classes: Introduction, Exceptional Member inner class, Static Handling/Event inner class, Local inner class, Handling & Java I/O Anonymous inner class Handling. AWT: Introduction, Components, Event-Delegation-Model, Listeners, Layouts, Individual components Label, Button, CheckBox, Radio Button, Choice, List, Menu, Text Field, Text Area

**Course: Operating System** 

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
Introduction and Operating-Systems Structures: Definition of Operating system, Operating System's role, Operating-System Operations, Functions of Operating System, Computing Environments Operating-System Structures: Operating-System Services, User and Operating-System Interface, System Calls, Types of System Calls, Operating-System Structure Processes: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, Interprocess Communication Threads: Overview, Multicore Programming, Multithreading Models	<ol> <li>To understand the services provided by and the design of an operating system.</li> <li>To make aware of different types of Operating System and their services.</li> </ol>	To provide a understanding of operating system, its structures and functioning     Develop and master understanding of algorithms used by operating systems for various purposes.
UNIT 2: Process Synchronization: General structure of a typical process, race condition, The Critical-Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Synchronization Hardware, Mutex Locks, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization, Monitors CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms (FCFS, SJF, SRTF, Priority, RR, Multilevel Queue Scheduling, Multilevel Queue Scheduling, Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling), Thread Scheduling Deadlocks: System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, Recovery from Deadlock	1) Categorize the operating system's resource management techniques, dead lock management techniques, memory management techniques.  2) Analyze important algorithms eg. Process scheduling and memory management algorithms  3) Students should understand the data structures and algorithms used to implement an OS.  4) To learn different process scheduling algorithms and synchronization techniques to achieve better performance of a computer system.  5) Understanding CPU	

Scheduling, Synchronization, Deadlock Handling and Comparing CPU Scheduling Algorithms. Solve Deadlock Detection Problems.  UNIT 3:  Main Memory: Background, Logical address space, Physical address space, MMU, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table Virtual Memory: Background, Demand Paging, Copy-on-Write, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing Mass-Storage Structure: Overview, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management File-System Interface: File Concept Access Methods  In To understand the structure and organization of the file system.  2) To understand different approaches to memory management. 3) Describe the role of paging, segmentation and virtual memory in operating systems. 4) Defining I/O systems, Device Management Policies and Secondary Storage Structure and Evaluation of various Disk Scheduling			
Main Memory: Background, Logical address space, Physical address space, MMU, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table Virtual Memory: Background, Demand Paging, Copy-on-Write, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing Mass-Storage Structure: Overview, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management File-System Interface: File  1) To understand the structure and organization of the file system.  2) To understand different approaches to memory management. 3) Describe the role of paging, segmentation and virtual memory in operating systems. 4) Defining I/O systems, Device Management Policies and Secondary Storage Structure and Evaluation of various		Synchronization, Deadlock Handling and Comparing CPU Scheduling Algorithms. Solve Deadlock Detection	
Directory and Disk Structure, File-System Mounting, File Sharing File-System Implementation: File-System Structure, File-System Implementation, Directory Implementation, Allocation Methods, Free-Space Management	Main Memory: Background, Logical address space, Physical address space, MMU, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table Virtual Memory: Background, Demand Paging, Copy-on-Write, Page Replacement, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing Mass-Storage Structure: Overview, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management File-System Interface: File Concept, Access Methods, Directory and Disk Structure, File-System Mounting, File Sharing File-System Implementation: File-System Structure, File-System Implementation, Directory Implementation, Allocation Methods,	structure and organization of the file system.  2) To understand different approaches to memory management.  3) Describe the role of paging, segmentation and virtual memory in operating systems.  4) Defining I/O systems, Device Management Policies and Secondary Storage Structure and Evaluation of various Disk Scheduling	

# Course: Database Management Systems

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Stored Procedures: Types and benefits of stored procedures, creating stored procedures, executing stored procedures, altering stored procedures, viewing stored procedures. Triggers: Concept of triggers, Implementing triggers –	1) To develop understanding of concepts and techniques for data management and learn about widely used systems for implementation and usage.  2) To understand	1. Master concepts of stored procedure and triggers and its use. 2. Learn about using PL/SQL for data management 3. Understand concepts and implementations of transaction management and crash recovery

creating triggers, concept of trigger, Insert, delete, and update data integrity, triggers, nested triggers. sequence and file viewing, deleting and organization to further modifying triggers, and implement on enforcing data integrity projects. through triggers. Sequences: creating sequences, referencing, altering and dropping a sequence. File Organization and Indexing: Cluster, Primary and secondary indexing, Index data structure: hash and Tree based indexing. Comparison of file organization: cost model, Heap files, sorted files, clustered files. Creating, dropping and maintaining indexes. UNIT 2: 1) To understand basics Fundamentals of PL/SQL: of PL/SQL. 2) Different operators in Defining variables and constants, PL/SQL PL/SQL. expressions and 3) To learn different data comparisons: Logical types in PL/SQL. Operators, Boolean 4) To illustrate case Expressions, CASE statements and Expressions Handling, Null conditional Values in Comparisons and statements. Conditional Statements, PL/SQL Datatypes: Number Types, Character Types, Boolean Type, Datetime and Interval Types. Overview of PL/SQL Control Structures: Conditional Control: IF and CASE Statements, IF-THEN Statement, IF-THEN-ELSE Statement. IFTHEN-ELSIF Statement, CASE Statement, Iterative Control: LOOP and EXIT Statements, WHILE-LOOP, FOR-LOOP, Sequential Control: GOTO and NULL Statements UNIT 3:

Transaction Management: ACID Properties, Serializability, Two-phase Commit Protocol,  Understanding concept of tracsaction management and crash recovery.

system crash, Redo and
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# Course: Combinatorics and Graph Theory

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Describing Combinatorics and graph theory. Understanding Strings,	To provide knowledge about Enumeration method, sudoku puzzle.	Students should be able to develop different methods of solving the example.
Blnomial Coefficients and Multinomial Coefficients. Solving Examples based on combinatorics using Induction	TO provide learning about Strings and sets.  Solving Combinatorics using	Enhance the ability to think differently and solve the example with all possible outcomes.
method.	a recursive method.	
	Learning the method of induction to get the	Use Graph theory to identify best path from source to sink.
	combinatorial results.	Student should able to identify path and cycles using
UNIT 2: Learning about Graph theory, Basic Notations.	Understand the graph and basic notations like vertices,edges.	different combinatorial methods.
Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graph, Types of graph.	To identify all possible paths and cycles in the given graph using Eulerian and	Identify Network path in the given graph using Tree method, Ford Fulkerson method and augmenting
Understanding labeling of trees, Applying probability to	Hamiltonian methods.	methods.
combinatorics.	Applying Ramsey Number theory to Combinatorics	
Learn about Ramsey Numbers	,	

UNIT 3:	Learn about basic Notations like path and node.
Learning about NEtwork	
flows in Combinatorics.	Learn Labeling algorithm using Ford Fulkerson
Solving example based on Bipartite and Chain	method.
Partitioning.	Augmenting the given path to identify the best possible
Understand Polya's Enumeration.	route.
	Coloring of Vertices using polya's enumeration.

# Course: Physical Computing and IoT Programming

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: SoC and Raspberry Pi System on Chip: What is System on chip? Structure of System on Chip. SoC products: FPGA, GPU, APU, Compute Units. ARM 8 Architecture: SoC on ARM 8. ARM 8 Architecture Introduction Introduction to Raspberry Pi: Introduction to Raspberry Pi, Raspberry Pi Hardware, Preparing your raspberry Pi. Raspberry Pi Boot: Learn how this small SoC boots without BIOS. Configuring boot sequences and hardware.	1) To learn about SoC architectures; Learn how Raspberry Pi. 2) Learn to program Raspberry Pi. 3) Understanding basic architecture of SoC.	1. Enable learners to understand System On Chip Architectures. 2. Introduction and preparing Raspberry Pi with hardware and installation. 3. Learn physical interfaces and electronics of Raspberry Pi and program them using practical's 4. Learn how to make consumer grade IoT safe and secure with proper use of protocols.
UNIT 2: Programming Raspberry Pi Raspberry Pi and Linux: About Raspbian, Linux Commands, Configuring Raspberry Pi with Linux Commands Programing interfaces: Introduction to Node.js, Python. Raspberry Pi Interfaces:	<ol> <li>To learn linux commands which is used to operate Raspberry pi.</li> <li>Understand nodejs</li> <li>Raspberry Pi basic interfaces like UART, GPIO, I2C, SPI, etc.</li> <li>To illustrate raspberry pi with camera module.</li> </ol>	

UART, GPIO, I2C, SPI Useful Implementations: Cross Compilation, Pulse Width Modulation, SPI for Camera.	
UNIT 3: Introduction to IoT: What is IoT? IoT examples, Simple IoT LED Program. IoT and Protocols IoT Security: HTTP, UPnp, CoAP, MQTT, XMPP. IoT Service as a Platform: Clayster, Thinger.io, SenseIoT, carriots and Node RED. IoT Security and Interoperability: Risks, Modes of Attacks, Tools for Security and Interoperability.	<ol> <li>Implementation of internet of Things and Protocols.</li> <li>Understanding IoT security protocols like HTTP, UPnp, CoAP, MQTT, and XMPP.</li> <li>Students understand Node RED to implement IoT devices with an application.</li> </ol>

# Course: Skill Enhancement: Web Programming

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: HTML5: Fundamental Elements of HTML, Formatting Text in HTML, Organizing Text in HTML, Links and URLs in HTML, Tables in HTML, Images on a Web Page, Image Formats, Image Maps, Colors, FORMs in HTML, Interactive Elements, Working with Multimedia - Audio and Video File Formats, HTML elements for inserting Audio / Video on a web page CSS: Understanding the Syntax of CSS, CSS Selectors, Inserting CSS in an HTML Document, CSS properties to work with background of a Page, CSS properties to work with Fonts and Text Styles, CSS properties for positioning an element	1) Understand basic concept of HTML 2) Understand types of CSS how to apply on website  1) Website 1 CSS how to apply on the apply of the apply on the apply of the	1. To design valid, well-formed, scalable, and meaningful pages using emerging technologies. 2. Understand the various platforms, devices, display resolutions, viewports, and browsers that render websites 3. To develop and implement client-side and server-side scripting language programs. 4. To develop and implement Database Driven Websites. 5. Design and apply XML to create a markup language for data and document centric applications.
UNIT 2: JavaScript: Using JavaScript	Student learn popup     boxes used in	

in an HTML Document, Programming Fundamentals of JavaScript -Variables, Operators, Control Flow Statements, Popup Boxes, Functions – Defining and Invoking a Function, Defining Function arguments, Defining a Return Statement, Calling Functions with Timer, JavaScript Objects - String, RegExp, Math, Date, Browser Objects - Window, Navigator, History, Location, Document, Cookies, Document Object Model, Form Validation using JavaScript XML: Comparing XML with HTML, Advantages and Disadvantages of XML, Structure of an XML Document, XML Entity References, DTD, XSLT: **XSLT** Elements and Attributes xsl:template, xsl:apply-templates, xsl:import. xsl:call-template, xsl:include, xsl:element, xsl:attribute, e xsl:attribute-set. xsl:value-of

- JavaScript
- 2) Understand JavaScript objects
- 3) Learn Form validation using JavaScript
- 4) Understand comparison XML and HTML
- 5) Student learn about XSLT

#### UNIT 3:

AJAX: AJAX Web Application Model, How AJAX Works, XMLHttpRequest Object – Properties and Methods, Handling asynchronous requests using AJAX PHP: Variables and Operators, Program Flow, Arrays, Working with Files and Directories, Working with Databases, Working with Cookies, Sessions and Headers Introduction to ¡Query: Fundamentals, Selectors, methods to access HTML attributes, methods for traversing, manipulators, events, effects

- Understand concept AJAX, PHP and iQuery
- 2) Develop website using database concept with PHP

# S.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 4

Course: Fundamentals of Algorithms

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1:  Introduction to algorithm, Why to analysis algorithm, Running time analysis, How to Compare Algorithms, Rate of Growth, Commonly Used Rates of Growth, Types of Analysis, Asymptotic Notation, Big-O Notation, Omega-Ω Notation, Theta-Θ Notation, Asymptotic Analysis, Properties of Notations, Commonly used Logarithms and Summations, Performance characteristics of algorithms, Master Theorem for Divide and Conquer, Divide and Conquer Master Theorem: Problems & Solutions, Master Theorem for Subtract and Conquer Recurrences, Method of Guessing and Confirming	<ol> <li>To Define the basic concepts of algorithms and analyze the performance of algorithms.</li> <li>To Discuss various algorithm design techniques for developing algorithms.</li> </ol>	1. To understand basic principles of algorithm design and why algorithm analysis is important 2. To understand how to implement algorithms in Python 3. To understand how to transform new problems into algorithmic problems with efficient solutions 4. To understand algorithm design techniques for solving different problems 5. Understand the concepts of algorithms for designing good program 6. Implement algorithms using Python
UNIT 2:  Tree algorithms: What is a Tree? Glossary, Binary Trees, Types of Binary Trees, Properties of Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Generic Trees (N-ary Trees), Threaded Binary Tree Traversals, Expression Trees, Binary Search Trees (BSTs), Balanced Binary Search Trees, AVL (Adelson-Velskii and Landis) Trees Graph Algorithms: Introduction, Glossary, Applications of Graphs, Graph Representation, Graph Traversals, Topological Sort, Shortest Path Algorithms, Minimal Spanning Tree  Selection Algorithms: What are Selection by Sorting, Partition-based Selection	<ol> <li>To Discuss various searching, sorting and graph traversal algorithms.</li> <li>Analyze the asymptotic performance of algorithms.</li> <li>Explain the major graph algorithms and their analyses</li> <li>To implement Graph Traversal Techniques</li> </ol>	

Algorithm, Linear Selection Algorithm - Median of Medians Algorithm, Finding the K Smallest Elements in Sorted Order UNIT 3: 1) Ability to understand and design algorithms Algorithms Design using greedy strategy, Techniques: Introduction, divide and conquer Classification, Classification approach, dynamic by Implementation Method. programming, Classification by Design 2) Demonstrate a Method familiarity with major Greedy Algorithms: algorithms and data Introduction, Greedy structures. Strategy, Elements of Greedy 3) Apply dynamic Algorithms, Advantages and programming Disadvantages of Greedy approach to solve Method, Greedy Applications, suitable problems **Understanding Greedy** 4) Describe the Technique divide-and-conquer Divide and Conquer paradigm and explain Algorithms: Introduction, when an algorithmic What is Divide and Conquer design situation calls Strategy? Divide and for it. Recite Conquer Visualization, algorithms that Understanding Divide and employ this paradigm. Conquer, Advantages of Synthesize Divide and Conquer. divideand-conquer Disadvantages of Divide and algorithms. Conquer, Master Theorem, Divide and Conquer Applications Dynamic Programming: Introduction. What is Dynamic Programming Strategy? Properties of Dynamic Programming Strategy, Problems which can be solved using Dynamic Programming, Dynamic Programming Approaches, **Examples of Dynamic** Programming Algorithms, **Understanding Dynamic** Programming, Longest Common Subsequence

**Course: Advanced JAVA** 

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UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES

#### UNIT 1:

Swing: Need for swing components, Difference between AWT and swing, Components hierarchy. Panes, Swing components: Jlabel, JTextField and JPasswordField, JTextAres, JButton, JCheckBox, JRadioButton, JComboBox and JList JDBC: Introduction, JDBC Architecture, Types of Drivers, Statement, ResultSet, Read Only ResultSet, Updatable ResultSet, Forward Only ResultSet, Scrollable ResultSet. PreparedStatement, Connection Modes, SavePoint, Batch Updations, CallableStatement, BLOB & CLOB

- 1) To learn the creation of pure Dynamic Web Application using JDBC.
- 2) To implement programs using Swing objects
- 1) Understand the concepts related to Java Technology
- 2) Explore and understand use of Java Server Programming

#### UNIT 2:

Servlets: Introduction, Web application Architecture, Http Protocol & Http Methods. Web Server & Web Container, Servlet Interface, GenericServlet, HttpServlet, Servlet Life Cycle, ServletConfig, ServletContext. Servlet Communication, Session Tracking Mechanisms JSP: Introduction, JSP LifeCycle, JSP Implicit Objects & Scopes, JSP Directives, JSP Scripting Elements. JSP Actions: Standard actions and customized actions,

- 1) To learn Server-Side Programming using Servlets and Java Server Pages.
- 2) To implements Servlets

### UNIT 3:

Java Beans: Introduction, JavaBeans Properties, Examples Struts 2: Basic MVC

Architecture, Struts 2

- 1) To acquire knowledge on creation of software components using JAVA Beans.
- 2) Understand the concept of MVC
- 3) Craing applications using JSON

framework features, Struts 2 MVC pattern, Request life cycle, Examples, Configuration Files, Actions, Interceptors, Results & Result Types, Value Stack/OGNL JSON: Overview, Syntax, DataTypes, Objects, Schema, Comparison with XML, JSON with Java	fe ons, Result NL K, nema,	
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# Course: Computer Networks

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1:  Introduction Network Models: Introduction to data communication, Components, Data Representation, Data Flow, Networks, Network Criteria, Physical Structures, Network types, Local Area Network, Wide Area Network,	UNIT OUTCOMES  Understanding about Netowrk Modesl and OSI Model.  To provide knowledge about different terminology used in computer networks.  Rules in Networking and TCP/IP Protocol suite.	1. Learner will be able to understand the concepts of networking, which are important for them to be known as a 'networking professionals'.  2. Useful to proceed with industrial requirements and International vendor certifications.
Switching, The Internet, Accessing the Internet, standards and administration Internet Standards. Network Models, Protocol layering, Scenarios, Principles of Protocol Layering, Logical Connections, TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Layered Architecture, Layers in the TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Encapsulation and Decapsulation, Addressing, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing. Detailed introduction to Physical Layer, Detailed introduction to Data-Link Layer, Detailed introduction to Network Layer, Detailed introduction to Transport Layer, Detailed introduction to Application Layer. Data and Signals, Analog and	Encapsulation and Decapsulation methods.  Multiplexing and demultiplexing methods.  Learn about Computer signals.	
Digital Data, Analog and Digital Signals, Sine Wave Phase, Wavelength, Time and Frequency Domains,		

Composite Signals, Bandwidth, Digital Signal, Bit Rate, Bit Length, Transmission of Digital Signals, Transmission Impairments, Attenuation, Distortion, Noise, Data Rate Limits, Performance, Bandwidth, Throughput, Latency (Delay)

UNIT 2: Introduction to Physical Layer and Data-Link Layer: Digital Transmission digital-to-digital conversion. Line Coding, Line Coding Schemes, analog-to-digital conversion, Pulse Code Modulation (PCM), Transmission Modes, Parallel Transmission, Serial Transmission. Analog Transmission, digital-to-analog Conversion, Aspects of Digital-to-Analog Conversion, Amplitude Shift Keying, Frequency Shift Keying, Phase Shift Keying, analog-to-analog Conversion, Amplitude Modulation (AM), Frequency Modulation (FM), Phase Modulation (PM), Multiplexing, Frequency-Division Multiplexing, Wavelength-Division Multiplexing, Time-Division Multiplexing. Transmission Media, Guided Media, Twisted-Pair Cable, Coaxial Cable, Fiber-Optic Cable. Switching, Three Methods of Switching, Circuit Switched Networks, Packet Switching, Introduction to Data-Link Layer, Nodes and Links, Services, Two Sub-layers, Three Types of addresses. Address Resolution Protocol (ARP). Error Detection and Correction, introduction, Types of Errors, Redundancy, Detection versus Correction.

Learning about different Modulation techniques PCM.

Conversion of Signal as per the transmission medium.

Learn about types of cables and transmission medium.

Types of Shift key, Amplitude and Phase.

Learning about Switching methods.

UNIT 3:	Learning about Network layer working and major functions.	
Network layer, Transport	working and major functions.	
Layer	Error detection and	
Media Access Control (MAC),	Channelization.	
random access, CSMA,		
CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA,	IP addressing learning of	
controlled access,	IPV4 and IPV6.	
Reservation, Polling, Token		
Passing, channelization,	Learn about Network device	
FDMA, TDMA, CDMA.	Like Router and Switches.	
Connecting Devices and	l <u></u>	
Virtual LANs, connecting	Difference between TCP and	
devices, Hubs, Link-Layer	UDP	
Switches, Routers,		
Introduction to Network		
Layer, network layer services, Packetizing, Routing and		
Forwarding, Other Services,		
IPv4 addresses, Address		
Space, Classful Addressing.		
Unicast Routing, General		
Idea, Least-Cost Routing,		
Routing Algorithms,		
Distance-Vector Routing,		
Link-State Routing,		
Path-Vector Routing,		
Introduction to Transport		
Layer, Transport-Layer		
Services, Connectionless and		
Connection-Oriented Protocols.		
Transport-Layer Protocols,		
Service, Port Numbers, User		
Datagram Protocol, User		
Datagram, UDP Services,		
UDP Applications,		
Transmission Control		
Protocol, TCP Services, TCP		
Features, Segment.		
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### Course: Software Engineering

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction: The Nature of Software, Software Engineering, The Software Process, Generic Process Model, The Waterfall Model, Incremental Process Models, Evolutionary Process Models,	Understand the fundamental concepts of Software Engineering Lifecycle models.     Summarize the software requirement	1. Understand the process to be followed in SDLC. 2. Define formulate and analyze a problem. 3. Apply design and testing principles to software project development & Design Methodologies.

Concurrent Models, Component-Based Development, The Unified Process Phases, Agile Development- Agility, Agile Process, Extreme Programming Requirement Analysis and System Modeling: Requirements Engineering, Eliciting Requirements, SRS Validation, Components of SRS, Characteristics of SRS, Object-oriented design using the UML - Class diagram, Object diagram, Use case diagram, Sequence diagram, Collaboration diagram, State chart diagram, Activity diagram, Component diagram, Deployment

- specifications and the SRS documents.
- 3) Understanding of different software architectural styles.
- management and analysis principles to software project development.
  5. Knowledge about software development life cycle and problem articulation

4. Apply the project

UNIT 2: System Design: System/Software Design, Architectural Design, Low-Level Design Coupling and Cohesion. Functional-Oriented Versus The Object-Oriented Approach, Design Specifications, Verification for Design, Monitoring and Control for Design Software Measurement and Metrics: Product Metrics -Measures, Metrics, and Indicators, Function-Based Metrics, Metrics for Object-Oriented Design, Operation-Oriented Metrics, User Interface Design Metrics, Metrics for Source Code, Halstead Metrics Applied to Testing, Metrics for Maintenance, Cyclomatic Complexity, Software Measurement -Size-Oriented. Function-Oriented Metrics, Metrics for Software Quality Software Project Management: Estimation in Project Planning Process

-Software Scope And

- Describe software engineering layered technology and Process frame work.
- 2) Demonstrate the competence in communication, planning, analysis, design, construction, and development of software as per the Requirements.
- Perform various life cycle activities like Analysis, Design, Implementation, Testing and Maintenance

# Course: Linear Algebra using Python

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Field: Introduction to complex numbers, numbers in Python, Abstracting over fields, Playing with GF(2), Vector Space: Vectors are functions, Vector addition, Scalar-vector multiplication, Combining vector addition and scalar multiplication, Dictionary-based	1) To offer the learner the relevant linear algebra concepts through computer science applications.  2) Understanding concepts of vector, complex number, span and also how to implement them practically in python.	Appreciate the relevance of linear algebra in the field of computer science.     Understand the concepts through program implementation     Instill a computational thinking while learning linear algebra.

representations of vectors, Dot-product, Solving a triangular system of linear equations. Linear combination, Span, The geometry of sets of vectors, Vector spaces, Linear systems, homogeneous and otherwise	
UNIT 2: Matrix: Matrices as vectors, Transpose, Matrix-vector and vector-matrix multiplication in terms of linear combinations, Matrix-vector multiplication in terms of dot-products, Null space, Computing sparse matrix-vector product, Linear functions, Matrix-matrix multiplication, Inner product and outer product From function inverse to matrix inverse Basis: Coordinate systems, Two greedy algorithms for finding a set of generators, Minimum Spanning Forest and GF(2), Linear dependence, Basis, Unique representation, Change of basis, first look, Computational problems involving finding a basis Dimension: Dimension and rank, Direct sum, Dimension and linear functions, The annihilator	1) Understand concepts of matrix, basis, and dimension to implement in computer applications.
UNIT 3:  Gaussian elimination: Echelon form, Gaussian elimination over GF(2), Solving a matrix-vector equation using Gaussian elimination, Finding a basis for the null space, Factoring integers, Inner Product: The inner product for vectors over the reals, Orthogonality, Orthogonalization: Projection orthogonal to multiple	Understand concepts of Guass Elimination, orthogonalization, eigen vector.

vectors, Projecting orthogonal	
to mutually orthogonal	
vectors, Building an	
orthogonal set of generators,	
Orthogonal complement,	
Eigenvector: Modeling	
discrete dynamic processes,	
Diagonalization of the	
Fibonacci matrix,	
Eigenvalues and	
eigenvectors, Coordinate	
representation in terms of	
eigenvectors, The Internet	
worm, Existence of	
eigenvalues, Markov chains,	
Modeling a web surfer:	
PageRank.	

# Course: .NET Technologies

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: The .NET Framework:.NET Languages, Common Language Runtime, .NET Class Library C# Language Basics: Comments, Variables and Data Types, Variable Operations, Object-Based Manipulation, Conditional Logic, Loops, Methods, Classes, Value Types and Reference Types, Namespaces and Assemblies, Inheritance, Static Members, Casting Objects, Partial Classes ASP.NET: Creating Websites, Anatomy of a Web Form - Page Directive, Doctype, Writing Code - Code-Behind Class, Adding Event Handlers, Anatomy of an ASP.NET Application - ASP.NET File Types, ASP.NET Web Folders, HTML Server Controls - View State, HTML Control Classes, HTML Control Events, HtmlControl Base	<ol> <li>Understand the .NET framework</li> <li>Acquire knowledge of C# language</li> <li>Implement programs on C# programming language</li> <li>Understand concept and HTML Server Controls of ASP.NET</li> </ol>	1. Understand the .NET framework 2. Develop a proficiency in the C# programming language 3. Proficiently develop ASP.NET web applications using C# 4. Use ADO.NET for data persistence in a web application

Class, HtmlContainerControl Class, HtmlInputControl Class, Page Class, global.asax File, web.config File	
UNIT 2: 1) Understand Web Web Controls: Web Control Controls in ASP.NET	
Classes, WebControl Base Class, List Controls, Table Controls, Web Control Events and AutoPostBack, Page Life Cycle State Management: ViewState, Cross-Page Posting, Query String, Cookies, Session State, Configuring Session State, Application State Validation: Validation Controls, Server-Side Validation, Client-Side Validation, HTML5 Validation, Manual Validation, Validation with Regular Expressions Rich Controls: Calendar Control, AdRotator Control, MultiView Control Themes and Master Pages: How Themes Work, Applying a Simple Theme, Handling Theme Conflicts, Simple Master Page and Content Page, Connecting Master Pages and Content Pages, Master Page with Multiple Content Regions, Master Pages and Relative Paths Website Navigation: Site Maps, URL Mapping and Routing, SiteMapPath Control, TreeView Control, Menu Control	
UNIT 3:  1) Understand concept of ADO.NET ADO.NET: Data Provider 2) Understand working	
Model, Direct Data Access - Creating a Connection, Select Command,  With XML  3) Acquire knowledge of LINQ basics	
DataReader, Disconnected Data Access Data Binding: Introduction, Single-Value Data Binding,  4) Understand how AJAX used in ASP.NET 5) Develop web	

Repeated-Value Data Binding, Data Source Controls – SqlDataSource Data Controls: GridView, DetailsView, FormView	application in ASP.NET using C# programming language.	
Working with XML: XML Classes – XMLTextWriter, XMLTextReader Caching: When to Use Caching, Output Caching,		
Data Caching LINQ: Understanding LINQ, LINQ Basics, ASP.NET AJAX:		
ScriptManager, Partial Refreshes, Progress Notification, Timed Refreshes		

# **Course: Skill Enhancement: Android Developer Fundamentals**

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1:  What is Android? Obtaining the required tools, creating first android app, understanding the components of screen, adapting display orientation, action bar, Activities and Intents, Activity Lifecycle and Saving State, Basic Views: TextView, Button, ImageButton, EditText, CheckBox, ToggleButton, RadioButton, and RadioGroup Views, ProgressBar View, AutoCompleteTextView, TimePicker View, DatePicker View, ListView View, Spinner View	1) Demonstrate their understanding of the fundamentals of Android operating systems 2) To implement Basic Views	1) Understand the requirements of Mobile programming environment. 2) Learn about basic methods, tools and techniques for developing Apps 3) Explore and practice App development on Android Platform 4) Develop working prototypes of working systems for various uses in daily lives.
UNIT 2: User Input Controls, Menus, Screen Navigation, RecyclerView, Drawables, Themes and Styles, Material design, Providing resources for adaptive layouts, AsyncTask and AsyncTaskLoader,	To program various     Input controls     To design simple     Andriod App	

Connecting to the Internet, Broadcast receivers, Services, Notifications, Alarm managers, Transferring data efficiently		
UNIT 3: Data - saving, retrieving, and loading: Overview to storing data, Shared preferences, SQLite primer, store data using SQLite database, ContentProviders, loaders to load and display data, Permissions, performance and security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish your app	<ol> <li>To understand the daata connectivity in Andriod</li> <li>To understand the implementation of SQLite</li> </ol>	

## T.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 5

Course: Artificial Intelligence

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: What Is AI: Foundations, History and State of the Art of AI. Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Nature of Environments, Structure of Agents. Problem Solving by searching: Problem-Solving Agents, Example Problems, Searching for Solutions, Uninformed Search Strategies, Informed (Heuristic) Search Strategies, Heuristic Functions.	<ol> <li>Identify problems         where artificial         intelligence         techniques are         applicable</li> <li>compare AI with         human intelligence         and traditional         information         processing and         discuss its strengths         and limitations as well         as its application to         complex and         human-centred         problems</li> <li>Toclassify the different         types of agents</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>After completion of this course, learner should get a clear understanding of Al</li> <li>Different search algorithms used for solving problems.</li> <li>The learner should also get acquainted with different learning algorithms and models used in machine learning.</li> </ol>
UNIT 2:  Learning from Examples: Forms of Learning, Supervised Learning, Learning Decision Trees, Evaluating and Choosing the	<ol> <li>To formulate and choose best hypothesis</li> <li>To understand and the architecture of Artificial Neural Networks</li> </ol>	

Best Hypothesis, Theory of Learning, Regression and Classification with Linear Models, Artificial Neural Networks, Nonparametric Models, Support Vector Machines, Ensemble Learning, Practical Machine Learning	<ul><li>3) To understand the working of SVM</li><li>4) To Justify the use of ensemble learning</li></ul>
UNIT 3:  Learning probabilistic models: Statistical Learning, Learning with Complete Data, Learning with Hidden Variables: The EM Algorithm. Reinforcement learning: Passive Reinforcement Learning, Active Reinforcement Learning, Generalization in Reinforcement Learning, Policy Search, Applications of Reinforcement Learning.	<ol> <li>Demonstrate proficiency in applying scientific method to models of probabilistic learning</li> <li>To describe Reinforcement Learning and its type.</li> </ol>

### Course: Linux Server Administration

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction: Technical Summary of Linux Distributions, Managing Software Single-Host Administration: Managing Users and Groups, Booting and shutting down processes, File Systems, Core System Services, Process of configuring, compiling, Linux Kernel Networking and Security: TCP/IP for System Administrators, basic network Configuration, Linux Firewall (Netfilter), System and network security	1) Demonstrate proficiency with the Linux command line interface, directory & file management techniques, file system organization, and tools commonly found on most Linux distributions.	1) Learner will be able to develop Linux based systems and maintain. 2) Learner will be able to install appropriate service on Linux server as per requirement. 3) Learner will have proficiency in Linux server administration.
UNIT 2: Internet Services: Domain Name System	Effectively operate a     Linux system inside of     a network	

(DNS), File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Apache web server, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Post Office Protocol and Internet Mail Access Protocol (POP and IMAP), Secure Shell (SSH), Network Authentication, OpenLDAP Server, Samba and LDAP, Network authentication system (Kerberos), Domain Name Service (DNS), Security	environment to integrate with existing service solutions.  2) Demonstrate various internet services like DNS, SMTP, FTP, POP, IMAP, SSH, LDAP and DNS.	
UNIT 3: Intranet Services: Network File System (NFS), Samba, Distributed File Systems (DFS), Network Information Service (NIS), Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP), Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), MySQL, LAMP Applications File Servers, Email Services, Chat Applications, Virtual Private Networking.	1) Demonstrate the ability to troubleshoot challenging technical problems typically encountered when operating and administering Linux systems.  2) To illustrate various intranet services in Linux and there configuration steps.	

## Course: Architecting of IoT

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction to IOT, Design Principle and Standards.  IOT reference model and architecture, ITs deployment and operational view.  Learning about device domain	To provide the learning about IOT domain and its architectural view.  To Learn about Reference Model and Architectural view  Learning about Function of device domain and gateway domain.	Students should have a complete understanding of IOT Networks and its deployment.  Learn the different layer protocol to apply in applications for better security.  Learn the need of IPv4 and
UNIT 2: Protocols involved in Data link and Network layer  PHY/MAC - 3GPP, Wireless HART, BLE.  IPV4 and IPV6 requirements, 6LowPAN, CORPL and other protocols	Learning f Data link layer like 3GPP and Wireless HART.  Understanding the difference between protocols.  Requirement of IPv4 and IPv6 and its differences  Learn the working about network layer protocol.	IPv6 along with all layer protocols.

UNIT 3:	Learn the functions of
Transport layer Protocol TCP, MPTCP etc.	transport layer protocol like connection oriented, multipath TCP etc.
Session LAyer Protocol - HTTP, CoAP etc.	Understand the session layer protocol HTTP and CoAP to exchange the packets.
Service Layer Protocol oneM2M, ETSI, M2M etc.	Machine to Machine Services.

### Course: Web Services

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Web services basics: What Are Web Services? Types of Web Services Distributed computing infrastructure, overview of XML, SOAP, Building Web Services with JAX-WS, Registering and Discovering Web Services, Service Oriented Architecture, Web Services Development Life Cycle, Developing and consuming simple Web Services across platform		Emphasis on SOAP based web services and associated standards such as WSDL. Design SOAP based / RESTful / WCF services Deal with Security and QoS issues of Web Services
UNIT 2: The REST Architectural style : Introducing HTTP, The core architectural elements of a RESTful system, Description and discovery of RESTful web services, Java tools and frameworks for building RESTful web services, JSON message format and tools and frameworks around JSON, Build RESTful web services with JAX-RS APIs, The Description and Discovery of RESTful Web Services, Design guidelines for building		

RESTful web services, Secure RESTful web services	
UNIT 3: Developing Service-Oriented Applications with WCF: What Is Windows Communication Foundation, Fundamental Windows Communication Foundation Concepts, Windows Communication Foundation Architecture, WCF and .NET Framework Client Profile, Basic WCF Programming, WCF Feature Details. Web Service QoS	

# **Course: Game Programming**

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Mathematics for Computer Graphics, DirectX Kickstart: Cartesian Coordinate system: The Cartesian XY-plane, Function Graphs, Geometric Shapes, Polygonal Shapes, Areas of Shapes, Theorem of Pythagoras in 2D, Coordinates, Theorem of Pythagoras in 3D, 3D Polygons, Euler's Rule Vectors: Vector Manipulation, multiplying a Vector by a Scalar, Vector Addition and Subtraction, Position Vectors, Unit Vectors, Cartesian Vectors, Vector Multiplication, Scalar Product, Example of the Dot Product, The Dot Product in Lighting Calculations, The Dot Product in Back-Face Detection, The Vector Product, The Right-Hand Rule, deriving a Unit Normal Vector for a Triangle Areas, Calculating 2D Areas Transformations: 2D Transformations, Matrices, Homogeneous Coordinates,	<ol> <li>Understand basic concept of mathematics used in computer graphics</li> <li>Acquire knowledge on different types of transformations</li> <li>Understand difference of CPU and GPU</li> </ol>	Learner should study Graphics and gaming concepts with present working style of developers where everything remains on internet and they need to review it, understand it, be a part of community and learn.

3D Transformations, Change of Axes, Direction Cosines, rotating a Point about an Arbitrary Axis. Transforming Vectors, Determinants. Perspective Projection, Interpolation DirectX: Understanding GPU and GPU architectures. How they are different from CPU Architectures? Understanding how to solve by GPU?

#### UNIT 2:

DirectX Pipeline and Programming: Introduction To DirectX 11: COM, Textures and Resources Formats, The swap chain and Page flipping, Depth Buffering, Texture Resource Views, Multisampling Theory and MS in Direct3D, Feature Levels Direct3D 11 Rendering Pipeline: Overview, Input Assembler Stage (IA), Vertex Shader Stage (VS), The Tessellation Stage (TS), Geometry Shader Stage (GS), Pixel Shader Stage (PS), Output merger Stage (OM) Understanding Meshes or

Objects, Texturing, Lighting, Blendina.

Interpolation and Character Animation:

Trigonometry: The

Trigonometric Ratios, Inverse

Trigonometric Ratios,

Trigonometric Relationships,

The Sine Rule, The Cosine

Rule, Compound

Angles, Perimeter

Relationships

Interpolation: Linear

Interpolant, Non-Linear

Interpolation, Trigonometric

Interpolation, Cubic

Interpolation, Interpolating

Vectors, Interpolating

Quaternions

Curves: Circle, Bezier,

**B-Splines** 

Analytic Geometry: Review of

- 1) Understand DirectX **Pipeline**
- 2) Understand trigonometry formulas and types of curves
- 3) Acquire knowledge of types of interpolation
- 4) Understand analytical geometry concept

Geometry, 2D Analytic Geometry, Intersection Points, Point in Triangle, and Intersection of circle with straight line.	
UNIT 3: Introduction to Rendering Engines: Understanding the current market Rendering Engines. Understanding AR, VR and MR.Depth Mappers, Mobile Phones, Smart Glasses, HMD's Unity Engine: Multi-platform publishing, VR + AR: Introduction and working in Unity, 2D, Graphics, Physics, Scripting, Animation, Timeline, Multiplayer and Networking, UI, Navigation and Pathfinding, XR, Publishing. Scripting: Scripting Overview, Scripting Tools and Event Overview XR: VR, AR, MR, Conceptual Differences. SDK, Devices	1) Understand rendering engines concept 2) Understand difference between AR, VR and MR 3) Understand working in Unity 4) Develop games using Unity concepts

### T.Y.B.Sc. COMPUTER SCIENCE SEM 6

Course: Wireless Sensor Networks and Mobile Communication

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction: Introduction to Sensor Networks, unique constraints and challenges. Advantage of Sensor Networks, Applications of Sensor Networks, Mobile Adhoc NETworks (MANETs) and Wireless Sensor Networks, Enabling technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks. Sensor Node Hardware and Network Architecture: Single-node architecture, Hardware components & design constraints, Operating systems and execution environments, introduction to TinyOS and nesC. Network architecture,	Learn the Introduction to WSN and its need in todays world.  Understand Deployment architecture, Topology used in deployment.  Different components of WSN  Hardware and Software requirements of WSN.  Learn about MANETS and efficient use of battery.	<ol> <li>After completion of this course, learner should be able to list various applications of wireless sensor networks,</li> <li>Describe the concepts, protocols, design,</li> <li>implementation and use of wireless sensor networks.</li> <li>Also implement and evaluate new ideas for solving wireless sensor network design issues.</li> </ol>

Optimization goals and figures of merit, Design principles for WSNs, Service interfaces of WSNs, Gateway concepts.

#### UNIT 2:

Medium Access Control
Protocols: Fundamentals of
MAC Protocols, MAC
Protocols for WSNs,
Sensor-MAC Case Study.
Routing Protocols: Data
Dissemination and Gathering,
Routing Challenges and
Design Issues in Wireless
Sensor Networks, Routing
Strategies in Wireless Sensor
Networks.

Transport Control Protocols: Traditional Transport Control Protocols, Transport Protocol Design Issues, Examples of Existing Transport Control Protocols, Performance of Transport Control Protocols.

To PRovide knowledge of MAC Protocols used for WSN and ROuting protocols for route updates.

Protocols used for Transport layer like conversion of existing TCP to suite the environment of WSN for efficient use of power.

#### UNIT 3:

Introduction, Wireless Transmission and Medium Access Control: Applications, A short history of wireless communication. Wireless Transmission: Frequency for radio transmission, Signals, Antennas, Signal propagation, Multiplexing, Modulation, Spread spectrum, Cellular systems. Telecommunication, Satellite and Broadcast Systems: GSM: Mobile services, System architecture, Radio interface, Protocols, Localization And Calling, Handover, security, New data services; DECT: System architecture, Protocol architecture; ETRA, UMTS and IMT- 2000.

Satellite Systems: History,

To provide knowledge about history of WSN and its application,

Learn about Cellular system in telecom

How does the HAndover and Takeover of call works

Satellite functioning and different architecture.

Learn ts application in GEO,LEO and MEO.

Applications, Basics: GEO, LEO, MEO; Routing, Localization, Handover.	

## Course: Cloud Computing

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction to Cloud Computing, Characteristics and benefits of Cloud Computing, Basic concepts of Distributed Systems, Web 2.0, Service-Oriented Computing, Utility-Oriented Computing, Elements of Parallel Computing. Elements of Distributed Computing. Technologies for Distributed Computing. Cloud Computing Architecture. The cloud reference model. Infrastructure as a service. Platform as a service. Software as a service. Types of clouds.	1) Explain the core concepts of the cloud computing paradigm 2) Describe the principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing and evolution of cloud computing from existing technologies.	1) After successfully completion of this course, learner should be able to articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths, and limitations of cloud computing  2) The possible applications for state-of-the-art cloud computing using open source technology.  3) Learner should be able to identify the architecture and infrastructure of cloud computing, including SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, public cloud, private
UNIT 2:  Characteristics of Virtualized Environments. Taxonomy of Virtualization Techniques. Virtualization and Cloud Computing. Pros and Cons of Virtualization. Virtualization using KVM, Creating virtual machines, oVirt - management tool for virtualization environment. Open challenges of Cloud Computing	1) Implement different types of Virtualization technologies and Service Oriented Architecture systems	cloud, hybrid cloud, etc. 4) They should explain the core issues of cloud computing such as security, privacy, and interoperability.
UNIT 3: Introduction to OpenStack, OpenStack test-drive, Basic OpenStack operations, OpenStack CLI and APIs, Tenant model operations,	1) Elucidate the concepts of OpenStack Cloud Computing architecture and its design challenges	

Quotas, Private cloud building blocks, Controller deployment, Networking deployment, Block Storage deployment, Compute deployment, deploying and utilizing OpenStack in production environments, Building a production environment, Application orchestration using OpenStack Heat	Illustrate the fundamental concepts of cloud storage	

## Course: Information Retrieval

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1:  Introduction to Information Retrieval: Introduction, History of IR, Components of IR, and Issues related to IR, Boolean retrieval, Dictionaries and tolerant retrieval.	Describe the objectives of information retrieval Systems.      To discuss the issues related to IR	1) After completion of this course, learner should get an understanding of the field of information retrieval 2) its relationship to search engines. 3) It will give the learner an understanding to
UNIT 2: Link Analysis and Specialized Search: Link Analysis, hubs and authorities, Page Rank and HITS algorithms, Similarity, Hadoop & Map Reduce, Evaluation, Personalized search, Collaborative filtering and content-based recommendation of documents and products, handling "invisible" Web, Snippet generation, Summarization, Question Answering, Cross- Lingual Retrieval.	1) To understand the working of specialised search techniques 2) Describe Map-Reduce. 3) Analyze working of QA systems	apply information retrieval models.
UNIT 3: Web Search Engine: Web	To understand the acrchitectutre of web search engine	

search overview, web structure, the user, paid placement, search engine optimization/spam, Web size measurement, search engine optimization/spam, Web Search Architectures. XML retrieval: Basic XML concepts, Challenges in XML retrieval, A vector space model for XML retrieval, Evaluation of XML retrieval, Text-centric versus data-centric XML retrieval.	2) To demonstrate XML retrieval.	
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## Course: Digital Image Processing

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Introduction to Image-processing System: Introduction, Image Sampling, Quantization, Resolution, Human Visual Systems, Elements of an Image-processing System, Applications of Digital Image Processing 2D Signals and Systems: 2D signals, separable sequence, periodic sequence, 2D systems, classification of 2D systems, 2D Digital filter Convolution and Correlation: 2D Convolution through graphical method, Convolution through 2D Z—transform, 2D Convolution through matrix analysis, Circular Convolution, Applications of Circular Convolution, 2D Correlation Image Transforms: Need for transform, image transforms, Fourier transform, 2D Discrete Fourier Transform, Properties of 2D DFT, Importance of Phase, Walsh transform, Hadamard transform, Hadamard transform, Haar transform, Slant transform, Discrete Cosine transform, KL	1) Review the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing system. 2) Understand the Human Visual Systems 3) Explain the fundamentals of digital image and its processing 4) Descibe the 2D Signals 5) Problem solvig in Image Convolution	1) Learner should review the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing system.  2) Analyze the images in the frequency domain using various transforms.  3) Evaluate the techniques for image enhancement and image segmentation.  4) Apply various compression techniques.  5) They will be familiar with basic image processing techniques for solving real problems.

transform		
UNIT 2: Image Enhancement :Image Enhancement in spatial domain, Enhancement trough Point operations, Histogram manipulation, Linear and nonlinear Gray Level Transformation, local or neighborhood operation, Median Filter, Spatial domain High pass filtering, Bit-plane slicing, Image Enhancement in frequency domain, Homomorphic filter, Zooming operation, Image Arithmetic  Binary Image processing :Mathematical morphology, Structuring elements, Morphological image processing, Logical operations, Dilation and Erosion, Distance Transform Colour Image processing :Colour images, Colour Model, Colour image quantization, Histogram of a colour image	<ol> <li>understand the need for image transforms different types of image transforms and their properties.</li> <li>learn different techniques employed for the enhancement of images.</li> <li>To identify different colour models and color image processing</li> </ol>	
UNIT 3:Image Segmentation: Image segmentation techniques, Region approach, Clustering techniques, Thresholding, Edge-based segmentation, Edge detection, Edge Linking, Hough Transform Image Compression: Need for image compression, Redundancy in images, Image-compression scheme, Fundamentals of Information Theory, Run-length coding, Shannon-Fano coding, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Transform-based compression, Image-compression standard	<ol> <li>Understand the need for image compression</li> <li>To learn the spatial and frequency domain techniques of image compression.</li> <li>To implement image segmentation techniques</li> </ol>	

Course: Ethical Hacking

UNIT NO & NAME	UNIT OUTCOMES	COURSE OUTCOMES
UNIT 1: Information Security : Attacks and Vulnerabilities Introduction to information security : Asset, Access Control, CIA, Authentication, Authorization, Risk, Threat, Vulnerability, Attack, Attack Surface, Malware, Security-Functionality-Ease of Use Triangle Types of malware :Worms, viruses, Trojans, Spyware, Rootkits Types of vulnerabilities : OWASP Top 10 : cross-site scripting (XSS), cross site request forgery (CSRF/XSRF), SQL injection, input parameter manipulation, broken authentication, sensitive information disclosure, XML External Entities, Broken access control, Security Misconfiguration, Using components with known vulnerabilities, Insufficient Logging and monitoring, OWASP Mobile Top 10, CVE Database Types of attacks and their common prevention mechanisms : Keystroke Logging, Denial of Service (DoS /DDoS), Waterhole attack, brute force, phishing and fake WAP, Eavesdropping, Man-in-the-middle, Session Hijacking, Cookie Theft, URL Obfuscation, buffer overflow, DNS poisoning, ARP poisoning, Identity Theft, IoT Attacks, BOTs and BOTNETs Case-studies : Recent	<ol> <li>Understand concept of information security</li> <li>Understand types of malware and vulnerabilities</li> <li>Acquire knowledge on types of attacks and their prevention mechanisms</li> <li>Discuss recent attacks</li> </ol>	Learner will know to identify security vulnerabilities and weaknesses in the target applications. They will also know to test and exploit systems using various tools and understand the impact of hacking in real time machines.

Finder, eBay, Equifax, WannaCry, Target Stores, Uber, JP Morgan Chase, Bad Rabbit  UNIT 2: Ethical Hacking – I (Introduction and pre-attack) Introduction: Black Hat vs. Gray Hat vs. White Hat (Ethical) hacking, Why is Ethical hacking needed?, How is Ethical hacking different from security auditing and digital forensics?, Signing NDA, Compliance and Regulatory concerns, Black box vs. White box vs. Black box, Vulnerability assessment and Penetration Testing. Approach: Planning - Threat Modeling, set up security verification standards, Set up security testing plan – When, which systems/apps, understanding functionality, black/gray/white, authenticated vs. unauthenticated, internal vs. external PT, Information	1) Discuss types of ethical hacking 2) Understand how penetration testing is important 3) Acquire knowledge of different phases of ethical hacking	
gathering, Perform Manual and automated (Tools: WebInspect/Qualys, Nessus, Proxies, Metasploit) VA and PT, How WebInspect/Qualys tools work: Crawling/Spidering, requests forging, pattern matching to known vulnerability database and Analyzing results, Preparing report, Fixing security gaps following the report Enterprise strategy: Repeated PT, approval by security testing team, Continuous Application Security Testing, Phases: Reconnaissance/foot-printing/Enumeration, Phases: Scanning, Sniffing		
UNIT 3: Ethical Hacking :Enterprise Security	Acquire knowledge to test and exploit systems using various tools and understand	

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	Phases: Gaining and Maintaining Access: Systems hacking – Windows and Linux – Metasploit and Kali Linux, Keylogging, Buffer Overflows, Privilege Escalation, Network hacking - ARP Poisoning, Password Cracking, WEP Vulnerabilities, MAC Spoofing, MAC Flooding, IPSpoofing, SYN Flooding, Smurf attack, Applications hacking: SMTP/Email-based attacks, VOIP vulnerabilities, Directory traversal, Input Manipulation, Brute force attack, Unsecured login mechanisms, SQL injection, XSS, Mobile apps security, Malware analysis: Netcat Trojan, wrapping definition, reverse engineering Phases: Covering your tracks: Steganography, Event Logs alteration Additional Security Mechanisms: IDS/IPS, Honeypots and evasion techniques, Secure Code Reviews (Fortify tool, OWASP Secure Coding Guidelines)	the impact of hacking in real time machines.	